# THE PENNY POETS.—XXIV.

# POEMS GRAVE AND GAY.

TOM HOOD.



The Masterpiece Library,

"REVIEW OF REVIEWS" OFFICE, LONDON.

30-40, WHITEFRIARS STREET, E.C.

# poems for the Schoolroom and the Scholar.

FOR READING AND RECITATION, AND AS FIRST STUDIES IN LITERATURE FOR THE YOUNG.

# Edited by ROBERT S. WOOD.

A New Edition, on better paper and bound in art cloth, 244 pp.

# COMPLETE IN FOUR PARTS:

L-Simple Poems for Reading and Recitation in Junior Classes.

II.-For Recitation and as First Studies in Literature for the Young

III .- Scenes from Shakespeare and Milton.

IV .- The Teaching of Literature in Schools, with more Scenes from Shakespeare.

# PRICE ONE SHILLING.

STEAD'S PUBLISHING HOUSE, 39 40. WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON, E.C.

# THE MASTERPIECE LIBRARY.

# XXIV.-POEMS GRAVE AND GAY.

BY

# TOM HOOD.

# CONTENTS.

Introduction, with Poems by	L	well	and		Miss Kilmansegg and Her Precious Leg		IQ
Eliza Cook				2	Domestic Asides		50
The Song of the Shirt .				4			51
The Bridge of Sighs .				5			51
The Dream of Eugene Aram				6	Faithless Nelly Gray		52
The Last Man			1	8			53
I Remember, I Remember		1		11	John Trot		54
A Retrospective Review .	-			II			55
The Iri-h Schoolmaster .		9.		12	Moral Reflections on the Cross of St. Paul'	S	56
A Parental Ode to my Son				17			57
Qde to Peace			13	18	A Lament for the Decline of Chivalry		57

LONDON:

"REVIEW OF REVIEWS" OFFICE.

PRICE ONE PENNY.

VOL. VI.

# XXIV.—TOM HOOD'S POEMS.

# INTRODUCTORY.

Tom Hood is the first comic poet included in this series. And because of this fact, I have given the preference to "Miss Kilmansegg and Her Precious Leg" over the fanciful poetical "Plea for the Midsummer Fairies." I sacrificed the latter with a qualm of conscience, for it is not only beautiful and imaginative, but it represents a side of Hood's genius which none of his other poems fully express. However, I had only room for one, and the "Midsummer Fairies" were metaphorically kicked out by "Miss Kilmansegg and Her Precious Leg."

The selections in this number include specimens of most of the varied styles of this versatile writer. It is by the first three poems in this collection that Hood is best known and most affectionately remembered. Much of his work was as ephemeral as the scribbling of a daily journalist. But the "Song of the Shirt" and "The Bridge of Sighs" have sunk deep into the memory of the

nation.

Mr. W. M. Rossetti ventures to pronounce Hood the finest English poet between the generation of Shelley and the generation of Tennyson. But it is doubtful whether the "humorous fancies grafted on melancholy impressions," which form the staple of his verse, have in them the stuff of immortality. Still it is well to remember, when his perpetual punning palls on the palate, that other poets have paid noble tribute to his genius. Eliza Cook, in her poem on his then unmarked tomb in Kensal Green Cemetery, draws a vigorous contrast between the poet's humble grave and the gorgeous mausoleums of horse-tamers and quack doctors that surrounded it. The following stanzas were instrumental in securing the crection, in 1852, of the monument which now marks his last resting-place:—

And see that tomb beneath you tree! But, sexton, tell us where to find The grave of him we came to see— Is it not here, or are we blind?

We mean poor Hood's—the man who made

That song about the "Bridge of Sighs."

You know the song; well, leave your spade,

And please to show us where he lies.

What! — there! without a single mark—

Without a stone—without a line!

Does watchfire Genius leave no spark

To note its ashes as divine?

Must strangers come to woo his shade, Scanning rare beauties as they pass; And when they pause where he is laid, Stop at a trodden mound of grass?

And is it thus?—Well, we suppose England is far too poor to spare A slab of white, where truth might write

The title of her Poet Heir.

Let us adorn our city walls

With senate form and sold or chief—
Carve toga folds and laurel stalks,—
Let marble shine in robe and leaf.

But Hood; "poor Hood!"—the Poet fool

Who sung of Women's woes and wrongs,

Who taught his Master's Golden Rule—Give him no statue for his songs!

Give him the dust beneath his head,

Give him a grave—a grave alone— In Life he dearly won his bread:— In Death he was not worth a stone.

Perhaps we rightly think that he Who flung God's light round lowly things.

Can soar above in Memory's love, Supported by his own strong wings.

Our Shakespeare can be only met Within a narrow Playhouse Porch: So, Hood, thy spirit need not fret: But hold its own immortal torch.

"Poor Hood!" for whom a people wreathes

The heart-born flowers that never die.

"Poor Hood!" for whom a requiem breathes

In every human Toil-wrung sigh.

Let the Horse-tamer's bed be known By the rich mausoleum-shrine; Give the bold Quack his charnel

Their works were worthier far than

And let thy Soul serenely sleep While pilgrims stand as I have stood;

To worship at a nameless heap, And fondly, sadly say, "Poor Hood!"

Lowell's tribute, "To the Memory of Hood," is the last of the noble series of memorial poems which immediately preceded "The Vision of Sir Launfal." The American's verse is the best possible introduction to the poems, grave and gay, of Thomas Hood.

Another star 'neath Time's horizon | Yet thou hast called him, nor art thou

To gleam o'er unknown lands and seas; Another heart that beat for freedom

What mournful words are these!

O Love Divine, that claspest our tired

And lullest it upon thy heart, Thou knowest how much a gentle soul is worth

To teach men what thou art!

His was a spirit that to all thy poor Was kind as slumber after pain: Why ope so soon thy heaven-deep Quiet's door And call him home again?

Freedom needs all her poets: it is they Who give her aspirations wings, And to the wiser law of music sway Her wild imaginings.

O Love Divine, for 'tis thy will That gracious natures leave their love

To work for Mercy still.

Let laurelled marbles weigh on other

Let anthems peal for other dead, Rustling the bannered depth of minsterglooms

With their exulting spread.

His epitaph shall mock the short-lived

No lichen shall its lines efface, He needs these few and simple lines

To mark his resting-place:-

"Here lies a Poet, Stranger, if to

His claim to memory be obscure, If thou wouldst learn how truly great was he.

Go, ask it of the poor."

# POEMS GRAVE AND GAY.

THE SONG OF THE SHIRT.

With fingers weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A woman sat, in unwomanly rags,
Plying her needle and thread—
Stitch—stitch—stitch!

In poverty, hunger, and dirt,
And still with a voice of dolorous
pitch,

She sang the "Song of the Shirt!"

"Work—work—work!
While the cock is crowing aloof;
And work—work—work
Till the stars shine through the roof!
It's oh! to be a slave

Along with the barbarous Turk, Where woman has never a soul to save, If this is Christian work!

"Work—work—work
Till the brain begins to swim;
Work—work—work
Till the eyes are heavy and dim!
Seam, and gusset, and band,—
Band, and gusset, and seam,
Till over the buttons I fall asleep,
And sew them on in a dream!

"Oh! men with sisters dear!
Oh! men with mothers and wives!
It is not linen you're wearing out,
But human creatures' lives!
Stitch—stitch—stitch,
In poverty, hunger, and dirt,
Sewing at once with a double thread
A shroud as well as a shirt.

"But why do I talk of death!
That phantom of grisly bone,
I hardly fear his terrible shape,
It seems so like my own—
It seems so like my own,
Because of the fasts I keep;
O God! that bread should be so dear,
And flesh and blood so cheap!

"Work—work work!
My labour never flags;
And what are its wages? A bed of straw,
A crust of bread—and rags.

That shattered roof,—and this naked floor,—
A table,—a broken chair,—

A table,—a broken chair,—
And a wall so blank, my shadow I thank
For sometimes falling there.

"Work—work—work!
From weary chime to chime,
Work—work—work
As prisoners work for crime!
Band, and gusset, and seam,

Seam, and gusset, and band,
Till the heart is sick, and the brain
benumbed.

As well as the weary hand.

"Work—work,
In the dull December light,
And work—work—work,
When the weather is warm and

When the weather is warm ar bright;— While underneath the eaves

The brooding swallows cling, As if to show me their sunny backs And twit me with the spring.

"Oh! but to breathe the breath
Of the cowslip and primrose sweet—
With the sky above my head,
And the grass beneath my feet!

For only one short hour
To feel as I used to feel,
Before I knew the woes of want

Before I knew the woes of want And the walk that costs a meal! "Oh! but for one short hour!

A respite however brief!

No blessed leisure for love or hope,
But only time for grief!

A little weeping would ease my heart,

But in their briny bed My tears must stop, for every drop

Hinders needle and thread!"
With fingers weary and worn,
With cyclids heavy and red,

A woman sat, in unwomanly rags, Plying her needle and thread— Stitch—stitch—stitch!

In poverty, hunger, and dirt,
And still with a voice of dolorous
pitch,—

Would that its tone could reach the rich!—

She sang this "Song of the Shirt!"

# THE BRIDGE OF SIGHS.

One more unfortunate, Weary of breath, Rashly importunate, Gone to her death!

Take her up tenderly, Lift her with care; Fashioned so slenderly, Young, and so fair!

Look at her garments Clinging like cerements Whilst the wave constantly Drips from her clothing; Take her up instantly, Loving, not loathing.

Touch her not scornfully; Think of her mournfully, Gently and humanly; Not of the stains of her; All that remains of her Now is pure womanly.

Make no deep scrutiny Into her mutiny Rash and undutiful; Past all dishonour, Death has left on her Only the beautiful.

Still, for all slips of hers, One of Eye's family— Wipe those poor lips of hers, Oozing so clammily.

Loop up her tresses, Escaped from the comb, Her fair auburn tresses; Whilst wonderment guesses Where was her home?

Who was her father?
Who was her mother?
Had she a sister?
Had she a brother?
Or was there a dearer one
Still, and a nearer one
Yet, than all other?

Alas! for the racity Of Christian charity Under the sun! Oh! it was pitiful! Near a whole city full, Home she had none!

Sisterly, brotherly,
Fatherly, motherly,
Feelings had changed;
Love, by harsh evidence,
Thrown from its eminence;
Even God's providence
Seeming estranged.

Where the lamps quiver So far in the river, With many a light From window and casement, From garret to basement, She stood, with amazement, Houseless by night.

The bleak wind of March Made her tremble and shiver; But not the dark arch, Or the black flowing river. Mad from life's history, Glad to death's mystery, Swift to be hurled—Anywhere, anywhere, Out of the world!

In she plunged boldly, No matter how coldly The rough river ran,— Over the brink of it, Picture it—think of it, Dissolute man! Lave in it, drink of it, Then, if you can!

Take her up tenderly, Lift her with care; Fashioned so slenderly, Young, and so fair!

Ere her limbs frigidly Stiffen too rigidly, Decently, kindly, Smooth and compose them. And her eyes, close them, Staring so blindly!

Dreadfully staring Through muddy impurity, As when with the daring Last look of despairing, Fixed on futurity. Perishing gloomily, Spurred by contumely, Cold inhumanity, Burning insanity, Into her rest. Cross her hands humbly, As if praying dumbly, Over her breast!

Owning her weakness, Her evil behaviour, And leaving, with meekness, Her sins to her Saviour!

# THE DREAM OF EUGENE ARAM.

"Twas in the prime of summer time,
An evening calm and cool,
And four-and-twenty happy boys
Came bounding out of school:
There were some that ran and some
that leapt,
Like troutlets in a pool.

Away they sped with gamesome minds, And souls untouched by sin; To a level mead they came, and there They drave the wickets in: Pleasantly shone the setting sun Over the town of Lynn.

Like sportive deer they coursed about, And shouted as they ran,— Turning to mirth all things of earth, As only boyhood can;

But the Usher sat remote from all, A melancholy man!

His hat was off, his vest apart,
To catch heaven's blessed breeze;
For a burning thought was in his brow,
And his bosom ill at ease;

So he leaned his head on his hands and read The book upon his knees!

Leaf after leaf he turned it o'er, Nor ever glanced aside,

For the peace of his soul he read that book

In the golden eventide:
Much study had made him very lean,
And pale, and leaden-eyed.
182

At last he shut the pend'rous tome,
With a fast and fervent grasp
He strained the dusky covers close,
And fixed the brazen hasp:
"Oh, God! could I so close my mind,
And clasp it with a clasp!"

Then leaping on his feet upright,
Some moody turns he took,—
Now up the mead, then down the mead,
And past a shady nook,—
And lo! he saw a little boy

And lo! he saw a little boy
That pored upon a book.

"My gentle lad, what is't you read— Romance or fairy fable? Or is it some historic page, Of kings and crowns unstable?"

The young boy gave an upward glance,—
"It is 'The death of Abel.'"

The Usher took six hasty strides,
As smit with sudden pain,—
Six hasty strides beyond the place,
Then slowly back again;
And down he sat beside the lad,
And talked with him of Cain;

And, long since then, of bloody men,
Whose deeds tradition saves;
Of lonely folk cut off unseen,
And hid in sudden graves;

And hid in sudden graves; Of horrid stabs in groves forlorn, And murders done in caves.

And how the sprites of injured men Shriek upward from the sod,— Ay, how the ghostly hand will point To show the burial clod;

And unknown facts of guilty acts
Are seen in dreams from God!

He told how murderers walk the earth Beneath the curse of Cain,— With crimson clouds before their eyes, And flames about their brain:

For blood has left upon their souls Its everlasting stain!

"And well," quoth he, "I know for truth,

Their pangs must be extreme,— Woe, woe, unutterable woe,—

Who spill life's sacred stream!
For why? Methought, last night, I
wrought

A murder, in a dream!

"One that had never done me wrong-A feeble man and old;

I led him to a lonely field,

The moon shone clear and cold:

Now, here said I, this man shall die, And I will have his gold!

"Two sudden blows with a ragged

And one with a heavy stone, One hurried gash with a hasty knife,-

And then the deed was done: There was nothing lying at my foot But lifeless flesh and bone!

"Nothing but lifeless flesh and bone, That could not do me ill; And yet I feared him all the more, For lying there so still:

There was a manhood in his look, That murder could not kill!

"And lo! the universal air Seemed lit with ghastly flame; Ten thousand thousand dreadful eyes Were looking down in blame: I took the dead man by his hand, And called upon his name!

"Oh God! it made me quake to see Such sense within the slain! But when I touched the lifetess clay, The blood gushed out amain! For every clot, a burning spot Was scorching in my brain!

"My head was like an ardent coal, My heart as solid ice;

My wretched, wretched soul, I knew, Was at the Devil's price:
A dozen times I groaned; the dead

Had never groaned but twice! "And now, from forth the frowning sky, From the Heaven's topmost height,

I heard a voice—the awful voice Of the blood-avenging sprite-'Thou guilty man! take up thy dead And hide it from my sight!'

"I took the dreary body up, And cast it in a stream,-A sluggish water, black as ink,

The depth was so extreme: My gentle Boy, remember this Is nothing but a dream!

"Down went the corse with a hollow

And vanished in the pool; Anon I cleansed my bloody hands, And washed my forehead cool, And sat among the urchins young, That evening in the school.

"Oh, Heaven! to think of their white souls.

And mine so black and grim! I could not share in childish prayer, Nor join in Evening Hymn: Like a Devil of the Pit I seemed,

'Mid holy Cherubim!

"And peace went with them, one and

And each calm pillow spread; But Guilt was my grim Chamberlain That lighted me to bed:

And drew my midnight curtains round, With fingers bloody red!

"All night I lay in agony, In anguish dark and deep, My fevered eyes I dared not close, But stared aghast at Sleep: For sin had rendered unto her The keys of Hell to keep!

"All night I lay in agony, From weary chime to chime, With one besetting horrid hint, That racked me all the time; A mighty vearning like the first Fierce impulse unto crime!

"One stern tyrannic thought, that made All other thoughts its slave; Stronger and stronger every pulse Did that temptation craye,—

Still urging me to go and see The Dead Man in his grave!

"Heavily I rose up, as soon As light was in the sky, And sought the black accursed pool

With a wild misgiving eye; And I saw the Dead in the river bed, For the faithless stream was dry.

"Merrily rose the lark, and shook The dewdrop from its wing; But I never marked its morning flight,

I never heard it sing:

For I was stooping once again Under the horrid thing.

"With breathless speed, like a soul in chase,

I took him up and ran;

There was no time to dig a grave Before the day began:

In a lonesome wood, with heaps of leaves,

I hid the murdered man!

"And all that day I read in school,
But my thought was otherwhere;

As soon as the midday task was done, In secret I was there;

And a mighty wind had swept the leaves,

And still the corse was bare!

"Then down I cast me on my face, And first began to weep,

For I knew my secret then was one That earth refused to keep:

Or land or sea, though he should be Ten thousand fathoms deep.

"So wills the fierce avenging Sprite, Till blood for blood atones!

Ay, though he's buried in a cave, And trodden down with stones,

And years have rotted off his flesh,—
The world shall see his bones!

"Oh God! that horrid, horrid dream Besets me now awake!

Again—again, with dizzy brain, The human life I take:

And my red right hand grows raging hot, Like Cranmer's at the stake.

"And still no peace for the restless clay, Will wave or mould allow; The horrid thing pursues my soul,—

The horrid thing pursues my soul,—
It stands before me now!"

The fearful Boy looked up, and saw Huge drops upon his brow.

That very night, while gentle sleep The urchin eyelids kissed,

Two stern-faced men set out from Lynn,
Through the cold and heavy mist;
And Eugene Aram walked between,
With gyves upon his wrist.1

# THE LAST MAN.

'Twas in the year two thousand and one,

A pleasant morning of May, I sat on the gallows-tree all alone,

A chaunting a merry lay,—
To think how the pest had spared my
life,

To sing with the larks that day!

When up the heath came a jolly knave, Like a scarecrow, all in rags:
It made me crow to see his old duds All abroad in the wind, like flags:—So up he came to the timber's foot And pitched down his greasy bags.

Good Lord! how blithe the old beggar was!

At pulling out his scraps,—
The very sight of his broken orts
Made a work in his wrinkled chaps:
"Come down," says he, "you Newgate

And have a taste of my snaps!"---

Then down the rope, like a tar from the mast,

I slided, and by him stood;

But I wished myself on the gallows

When I smelt that beggar's food, A foul beef-bone and a mouldy crust; "Oh!" quoth he, "the heavens are

Then after this grace he cast him down:

Says I, "You'll get sweeter air A pace or two off, on the windward

For the felons' bones lay there.

But he only laugh'd at the empty skulls,

And offer'd them part of his fare.

"I never harm'd them, and they wont harm me:

Let the proud and the rich be cravens!"
I did not like that strange beggar man,
He looked so up at the heavens.

Anon he shook out his empty old

"There's the crumbs," saith he, "for the ravens!"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Admiral Burney (brother of Madame d'Arblay) went to school at an establishment where the unhappy Eugene Aram was usher subsequent to his crime. The admiral stated that Eugene was generally liked by the boys, and that he used to discourse to them about murder, in somewhat the spirit which is attributed to him in this poem.—Gem, 1829.

It made me angry to see his face, It had such a jesting look;

But while I made up my mind to

A small case-bottle he took:

Quoth he, "Though I gather the green

My drink is not of the brook!"

Full manners-like he tendered the

Oh, it came of a dainty cask!

But whenever it came to his turn to

"Your leave, good sir, I must ask; But I always wipe the brim with my

When a hangman sups at my flask!" And then he laughed so loudly and

The churl was quite out of breath; I thought the very Old One was come To mock me before my death,

And wished I had buried the dead men's bones

That were lying about the heath!

But the beggar gave me a jolly clap-"Come, let us pledge each other, For all the wide world is dead beside, And we are brother and brother-I've a vearning for thee in my heart, As if we had come of one mother.

"I've a yearning for thee in my heart That almost makes we weep, For as I passed from town to town The folks were all stone asleep,-But when I saw thee sitting aloft, It made me both laugh and leap!"

Now a curse (I thought) be on his love, And a curse upon his mirth,-An' if it were not for that beggar man I'd be the King of the earth,-But I promised myself an hour should

To make him rue his birth-

So down we sat and boused again Till the sun was in mid-sky, When, just when the gentle westwind came,

We hearkened a dismal cry; "Up, up, on the tree," quoth the

"Till these horrible dogs go by!"

And lo! from the forest's far-off skirts, They came all velling for gore, A hundred hounds pursuing at once,

And a panting hart before, Till he sunk down at the gallows' foot, And there his haunches they tore!

His haunches they tore, without a horn To tell when the chase was done; And there was not a single scarlet

To flaunt it in the sun !-

I turned, and looked at the beggar

And his tears dropt one by one!

And with curses sore he chid at the

Till the last dropt out of sight; Anon, saith he, "Let's down again, And ramble for our delight,

For the world's all free, and we may

A right cozy barn for to-night!"

With that, he set up his staff on end, And it fell with the point due West; So we fared that way to a city great, Where the folks had died of the pest: It was fine to enter in house and hall, Wherever it liked me best ;-

For the porters all were stiff and cold, And could not lift their heads; And when we came where

The rats leapt out of the beds: The grandest palaces in the land Were as free as workhouse sheds.

But the beggar man made a mumping

And knocked at every gate: It made me curse to hear how he whined,

So our fellowship turned to hate, And I bade him walk the world by

For I scorned so humble a mate!

So he turned right, and I turned left, As if we had never met;

And I chose a fair stone house for myself,

For the city was all to let; And for three brave holidays drank my fill

Of the choicest that I could get.

And because my jerkin was coarse and | And never was one of the sloths;

I got me a proper vest;

It was purple velvet, stitched o'er with

And a shining star at the breast!-'Twas enough to fetch old Joan from her grave

To see me so purely drest!

But Joan was dead and under the mould,

And every buxom lass;

In vain I watched, at the window

For a Christian soul to pass!

But sheep and kine wandered up the

And browsed on the new-come grass.

When lo! I spied the old beggar man, And lustily he did sing !-His rags were lapped in a scarlet cloak, And a crown he had like a King; So he stepped right up before my gate And danced me a saucy fling!

Heaven mend us all !- but, within my

I had killed him then and there; To see him lording so braggart-like That was born to his beggar's fare, And how he had stolen the royal

His betters were meant to wear.

But God forbid that a thief should die Without his share of the laws! So I nimbly whipt my tackle out, And soon tied up his claws,-I was judge, myself, and jury, and all, And solemnly tried the cause.

But the beggar man would not plead,

Like a babe without its corals, For he knew how hard it is apt to go When the law and a thief have quarrels,-

There was not a Christian soul alive To speak a word for his morals.

Oh, how gaily I doffed my costly gear, And put on my work-day clothes: I was tired of such a long Sunday

But the beggar man grumbled a weary deal,

And made many crooked mouths.

So I hauled him off to the gallows'

And blinded him in his bags: Twas a weary job to heave him up, For a doomed man always lags; But by ten of the clock he was off his

In the wind, and airing his rags!

So there he hung, and there I stood, The LAST MAN left alive, To have my own will of all the earth: Quoth I, now I shall thrive! But when was ever honey made With one bee in a hive?

My conscience began to gnaw my heart,

Before the day was done, For other men's lives had all gone out, Like candles in the sun!-But it seemed as if I had broke, at last, A thousand necks in one!

So I went and cut his body down To bury it decentlie :-God send there were any good soul alive To do the like by me!

But the wild dogs came with terrible

And bayed me up the tree!

My sight was like a drunkard's sight, And my head began to swim, To see their jaws all white with foam, Like the ravenous ocean brim:-But when the wild dogs trotted away Their jaws were bloody and grim!

Their jaws were bloody and grim, good Lord! But the beggar man, where was he!-There was naught of him but some ribbons of rags

Below the gallows' tree. I know the Devil, when I am dead, Will send his hounds for me!-

I've buried my babies one by one, And dug the deep hole for Joan, And covered the faces of kith and kin. And felt the old churchyard stone Go cold to my heart, full many a time, But I never felt so lone!

For the lion and Adam were company, And the tiger him beguiled: But this simple kine are foes to my

And the household brutes are wild.

If the veriest cur would lick my hand,
I could love it like a child!

And the beggar man's ghost besets my dream

At night, to make me madder,—
And my wretched conscience within
my breast

Is like a stinging adder;
I sigh when I pass the gallows' foot,
And look at the rope and ladder!—

For hanging looks sweet,—but, alas! in vain
My desperate fancy begs,—
I must turn my cup of sorrows quite up,
And drink it to the dregs,—
For there is not another man alive,
In the world, to pull my legs!

# I REMEMBER, I REMEMBER.

Ι.

I REMEMBER, I remember,
The house where I was born,
The little window where the sun
Came peeping in at morn;
He never came a wink too soon,
Nor brought too long a day,
But now I often wish the night
Had borne my breath away!

II.

I remember, I remember,
The roses, red and white,
The vilets and the lily-cups,
Those flowers made of light!
The lilacs where the robin built,
And where my brother set
The laburnum on his birthday,—
The tree is living yet!

III

I remember, I remember,
Where I was used to swing,
And thought the air must rush as
fresh

To swallows on the wing; My spirit flew in feathers then, That is so heavy now, And summer poels could hardly cool The fever on my brow!

IV.

I remember, I remember,
The fir trees dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky;
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm farther off from heav'n
Than when I was a boy.

# A RETROSPECTIVE REVIEW.

OH, when I was a tiny boy
My days and nights were full of joy,
My mates were blithe and kind!
No wonder that I sometimes sigh,
And dash the teardrop from my eye,
To cast a look behind!

A hoop was an eternal round
Of pleasure. In those days I found
A top a joyous thing;
But now those past delights I drop,
My head, alas! is all my top,
And careful thoughts the string!

My marbles—once my bag was stored,— Now I must play with Elgin's lord, With Theseus for a taw! My playful horse has slipt his string, Forgotten all his capering, And harnessed to the law!

My kite—how fast and far it flew!
Whilst I, a sort of Franklin, drew
My pleasure from the sky!
'Twas papered o'er with studious themes,
The tasks I wrote—my present dreams
Will never soar so high!

My joys are wingless all and dead;
My dumps are made of more than lead;
My flights soon find a fall;
My fears prevail, my fancies droop,
Joy never cometh with a hoop,
And seldom with a call!

My football's laid upon the shelf; I am a shuttleeock myself The world knocks to and fro: 187 My archery is all unlearned, And grief against myself has turned My arrows and my bow!

No more in noontide sun I bask; My authorship's an endless task, My head's ne'er out of school; My heart is pained with scorn and slight, I have too many foes to fight,

And friends grown strangely cool! The very chum that shared my cake Holds out so cold a hand to shake, It makes me shrink and sigh;

On this I will not dwell and hang, The changeling would not feel a pang Though these should meet his eye!

No skies so blue or so serene As then; -no leaves look half so green As clothed the playground tree! All things I loved are altered so, Nor does it ease my heart to know That change resides in me!

Oh, for the garb that marked the boy, The trousers made of corduroy, Well inked with black and red: The crownless hat, ne'er deemed an ill-It only let the sunshine still Repose upon my head!

Oh, for the riband round the neck! The careless dog's-ears apt to deck My book and collar both !

How can this formal man be styled Merely an Alexandrine child, A boy of larger growth?

Oh, for that small, small beer anew! And (heaven's own type) that mild

That washed my sweet meals down; The master even!-and that small Turk That fagged me !- worse is now my

A fag for all the town!

Oh, for the lessons learned by heart! Ay, though the very birch's smart Should mark those hours again; I'd "kiss the rod," and be resigned Beneath the stroke, and even find Some sugar in the cane!

The Arabian Nights rehearsed in bed, The Fairy Tales in school-time read, By stealth, 'twixt verb and noun!

The angel form that always walked In all my dreams, and looked and

Exactly like Miss Brown!

The omne bene-Christmas come! The prize of merit, won for home— Merit had prizes then!

But now I write for days and days. For fame—a deal of empty praise, Without the silver pen!

Then home, sweet home! the crowded

The joyous shout—the loud approach— The winding horns like rams'! The meeting sweet that made me thrill. The sweetmeats almost sweeter still,

No "satis" to the "jams!" When that I was a tiny boy

My days and nights were full of joy, My mates were blithe and kind,-No wonder that I sometimes sigh, And dash the teardrop from my eye, To cast a look behind!

# THE IRISH SCHOOLMASTER.

ALACK! 'tis melancholy theme to

How Learning doth in rugged states

And, like her bashful owl, obscurely

In pensive glooms and corners, scarcely spied; Not, as in Founders' Halls and

domes of pride, Served with grave homage, like a

tragic queen, But with one lonely priest compelled

In midst of foggy moors and mosses

In that clay cabin hight the College of

This College looketh South and West alsoe,

Because it hath a cast in windows

Crazy and cracked they be, and wind doth blow

Thorough transparent holes in every

Which Dan, with many paines, makes

With nether garments, which his To stand for glass, like pronouns,

and when rain

Stormeth, he puts, "once more unto the breach,"

Outside and in, the' broke, yet so he mendeth each.

And in the midst a little door there

Whereon a board that doth con-

With painted letters, red as blood I wis.

Thus written,

# "CHILDREN TAKEN IN TO BATE:"

And oft, indeed, the inward of that

Most ventriloque, doth utter tender

And moans of infants that bemoan

In midst of sounds of Latin, French, and Greek, Which, all i' the Irish tongue, he

teacheth them to speak.

# IV.

For some are meant to right illegal

And some for Doctors of Divinitie, Whom he doth teach to murder the dead tongues,

And so win academical degree; But some are bred for service of the

Howbeit, their store of learning is

For mickle waste he counteth it

would be

To stock a head with bookish wares

Only to be knocked off by ruthless cannon ball.

Six babes he sways, -some little and Divided into classes six; -alsoe,

He keeps a parlour boarder of a pig. That in the College fareth to and

And picketh up the urchins' crumbs

And eke the learned rudiments they

And thus his A, B, C, doth wisely know,-

Hereatter to be shown in caravan, And raise the wonderment of many a

Alsoe, he schools some tame familiar

Whereof, above his head, some two or three

Sit darkly squatting, like Minerva's

But on the branches of no living

And overlook the learned family: While, sometimes, Partlet, from her

gloomy perch, feather on the nose Drops

Meanwhile, with serious eye, he makes research

In leaves of that sour tree of knowledge-now a birch.

No chair he hach, the awful Peda-

Such as would magisterial hams

But sitteth lowly on a beechen log, Secure in high authority and dread: Large, as a dome for learning, seemed

And like Apollo's, all beset with

Because his locks are so unkempt

And stand abroad in many several wavs :--

No laurel crown he wears, howbeit his cap is baize,

And, underneath, a pair of shaggy O'erhang as many eyes of gizzard

That inward giblet of a fowl, which shows

A mongrel tint, that is ne brown ne blue;

His nose,—it is a coral to the view; Well nourished with Pierian Potheen,—

For much he loves his native mountain dew:

But to depict the dye would lack, I ween,

A bottle-red, in terms, as well as bottle-green.

## IX.

As for his coat, 'tis such a jerkin short

As Spenser had, ere he composed his Tales:

But underneath he has no vest, nor aught,

So that the wind his airy breast assails;

Below, he wears the nether garb of males,

Of crimson plush, but non-plushed at the knee;—

Thence further down the native red prevails,

Of his own naked fleecy hosiery:— Two sandals, without soles, complete his cap-a-poe.

## X.

Nathless, for dignity, he now deth lap His function in a magisterial gown, That shows more countries in it than a map,—

Blue tinet, and red, and green, and russet brown,

Besides some blots, standing for country town;

And eke some rents, for streams and rivers wide;

But, sometimes, bashful when he looks adown,

He turns the garment of the other side,

Hopeful that so the holes may never be espied!

## XI.

And soe he sits, amidst the little pack, That look for shady or for sunny noon,

Wiffin his visage, like an almanack,—

His quiet smile foretelling gracious boon;

But when his mouth droops down, like rainy moon,

With horrid chill each little heart unwarms,

Knowing that infant show'rs will follow soon,

And with forebodings of near wrath and storms

They sit, like timid hares, all trembling on their forms.

# XII.

Ah! luckless wight, who cannot then repeat

"Corduroy Colloquy,"—or "Ki, Kæ, Kod,"—

Full soon his tears shall make his turfy seat

More sodden, though already made of sod,

For Dan shall whip him with the word of God,—

Severe by rule, and not by nature mild,

He never spoils the child and spares the rod,

But spoils the rod and never spares the child,

And soe with holy rule deems he is reconciled.

## XIII.

But, surely, the just sky will never wink

At men who take delight in childish throe,

And stripe the nether-urchin like a pink

Or tender hyncinth, inscribed with woe;

Such bloody Pedagogues, when they shall know,

By useless birches, that forlorn recess, Which is no holiday, in Pit below, Will hell not seem designed for their

distress,—

A melanchaly rlarge that is all

A melancholy place, that is all bottomlesse?

## XIV.

Yet would the Muse not chide the wholesome use

Of needful discipline, in due degree.

Devoid of sway, what wrongs will |

When'er the twig untrained grows up a tree. This shall a Carder, that a White-

boy be,

Ferecious leaders of atrocious bands, And Learning's help be used for

By lawless clerks, that, with their

In murdered English write Rock's murderous commands.

But ah! what shrilly cry doth now

The sooty fowls that dozed upon the

All sudden fluttering from the brandished arm,

And cackling chorus with the human

Meanwhile, the scourge plies that unkindly seam,

In Phelim's brogues, which bares his naked skin,

Like traitor cap in warlike fort, I deem.

That falsely lets the fierce besieger in, Nor seeks the Pedagogue by other course to win.

No parent dear he hath to heed his cries ;-

Alas! his parent dear is far aloof, And deep his Seven-Dial cellar lies, Killed by kind oudgel-play, or gin

Or climbeth, catwise, on some London

Singing, perchance, a lay of Erin's

Or, whilst he labours, weaves a fancy-woof,

Dreaming he sees his home,-his Phelim smile;

Ah me! that luckless imp, who weepeth all the while!

Ah! who can paint that hard and

When first the scholar lists in learning's train,

And mounts her rugged steep, enforced

Like sooty imp, by sharp posterior pain, From bloody twig, and eke that

Wherein, alas! no sugared juices dwell.

For this, the while one stripling's sluices drain

Another weepeth over chilblains fell, Always upon the heel, yet never to be well!

Anon a third, for his delicious root, Late ravished from his tooth by elder chit,

So soon is human violence afoot, So hardly is the harmless biter bit!

Meanwhile, the tyrant with untimely

And monthing face, derides the small one's moan,

Who, all lamenting for his loss, doth

Alack,-mischance comes seldomtimes alone,

But aye the worried dog must rue more curs than one.

# XIX.

For lo! the Pedagogue, with sudden

Smites his scald head, that is already

Superfluous wound, - such is misfortune's rub!

Who straight makes answer with

And sheds salt tears twice faster than

That still with backward fist he strives to dry;

Washing, with brackish moisture, o'er

His muddy cheek, that grows more foul thereby,

Till all his rainy face looks grim as rainy sky.

So Dan, by dint of noise, obtains a

And with his natural untender knack, By new distress, bids former grievance Like tears dried up with rugged

That sets the mournful visage all awrack:

Yet soon the childish countenance will shine

Even as thorough storms the soonest

For grief and beef in adverse ways

This keeps, and that decays, when duly soaked in brine.

Now all is hushed, and with a look

The Dominie lays ope the learned page; (So be it called) although he doth

Without a book both Greek and Latin sage;

Now telleth he of Rome's rude infant

How Romulus was bred in savage wood By wet-nurse wolf, devoid of wolfish

And laid foundation-stone of walls of

But watered it, alas! with warm fra-

# XXII.

Anon, he turns to that Homeric war, How Troy was sieged like London-derry town;

And stout Achilles at his jaunting-car Dragged mighty Hector with a bloody crown:

And eke the bard, that sung of their renown,

In garb of Greece most beggar-like

He paints, with colly, wand'ring up and down.

Because, at once, in seven cities born : And so, of parish rights, was all his

Anon, through old Mythology he goes, Of gods defunct, and all their pedigrees,

But shuns their scandalous amours, and shows

How Plato wise, and clear-eyed Socrates,

Confessed not to those heathen hes and shes;

But through the clouds of the Olympic cope

Beheld St. Peter, with his holy keys, And owned their love was naught, and bowed to Pope,

Whilst all their purblind race in Pagan mist did grope.

From such quaint themes he turns at last aside.

To new philosophies, that still are green.

And shows what railroads have been

The wheels of great political machine: If English corn should go abroad, I

And gold be made of gold, or paper

How many pigs be born to each spalpeen:

And, ah! how man shall thrive beyond his meat,-

With twenty souls alive, to one square sod of peat!

Here, he makes end; and all the fry

of youth, That stood around with serious look

Close up again their gaping eyes and

Which they had opened to his eloquence,

As if their hearing were a threefold sense;

But now the current of his words is

And whether any fruits shall spring from thence,

In future time, with any mother's

It is a thing, God wot! that can be told by none.

Now by the creeping shadows of the

The hour is come to lay aside their

The cheerful Pedagogue perceives it SOON.

And cries, "Begone!" unto the imps. -and four

Snatch their two hats, and struggle

for the door,

Like ardent spirits vented from a cask, All blithe and boisterous,-but leave two more.

With Reading made Uneasy for a task, To weep, whilst all their mates in merry sunshine bask,

Like sportive Elfins, on the verdant sod, With tender moss so sleekly over-

That doth not hurt, but kiss, the

sole unshod.

So soothly kind is Erin to her own! And one, at Hare and Hound, plays all alone,-

For Phelim's gone to tend his step-

dame's cow;

Ah! Phelim's step-dame is a cankered

Whilst other twain play at an Irish row, And, with shillelah small, break one another's brow!

But careful Dominie, with ceaseless

Now changeth ferula for rural hoe: But, first of all, with tender hand

His college gown, because of solar glow. And hangs it on a bush, to scare

the crow: Meanwhile he plants in earth the

Or trains the young potatoes all a-row, Or plucks the fragrant leek for

With that crisp curly herb called Kale

And so he wisely spends the fruitful

Linked each to each by labour, like

Or rules in Learning's hall, or trims her bow'rs :

Would there were many more such wights as he,

To sway each capital academie

Of Cam and Isis, for, alack ! at each

There dwells, I wot, some dronish

That does no garden work, nor yet doth teach.

But wears a floury head, and talks in flow'ry speech.

A PARENTAL ODE TO MY SON, AGED THREE YEARS AND FOUR MONTHS.

Thou happy, happy elf!

(But stop-first let me kiss away that

Thou tiny image of myself!

(My love, he's poking peas into his ear) Thou merry laughing sprite! With spirits feather-light,

Untouched by sorrow and unsoiled by

(Good heavens! the child is swallowing a pin!)

Thou tricksy Puck!

With antic toys so funnily bestuck, Light as the singing-bird that wings the air

(The door! the door! he'll tumble down the stair!)

Thou darling of thy sire!

(Why, Jane, he'll set his pinafore on fire) Thou imp of mirth and joy,

In Love's dear chain so strong and bright a link,

Thou idol of thy parents-(drat the boy! There goes my ink!)

Thou cherub !- but of earth, Fit playfellow for Fays by moonlight

In harmless sport and mirth, (That dog will bite him if he pulls its

Thou human honey-bee, extracting honey

From every blossom in the world that blows,

Singing in youth's Elysium ever

(Another tumble!—that's his precious

Thy father's pride and hope (He'll break the mirror with skipping-rope!)

With pure heart newly stamped from Nature's mint

(Where did he learn that squint?) Thou young domestic dove!

(He'll have that jug off with another

Dear nursling of the hymeneal nest! (Are those torn clothes his best?)

Little epitome of man! (He'll climb upon the table, that's his

Touched with the beauteous trials of dawning life-

(He's got a knife!)

Thou enviable being!

No storms, no clouds, in thy blue sky foreseeing,

Play on, play on, My elfin John!

Toss the light ball-bestride the stick, (I knew so many cakes would make

With fancies buoyant as the thistle-down, Prompting the face grotesque, and antic brisk.

With many a lamblike frisk-(He's got the seissors, snipping at your gown!)

Thou pretty opening rose!

(Go to your mother, child, and wipe your nose!)

Balmy and breathing music like the south,

(He really brings my heart into my

Fresh as the morn, and brilliant as its

(I wish that window had an iron bar!) Bold as the hawk, yet gentle as the

(I'll tell you what, my love, I cannot write unless he's sent above.)

# ODE TO PEACE.

WRITTEN ON THE NIGHT OF MY MIS-TRESS'S GRAND ROUT.

O PEACE! oh come with me and dwell-

O Peace! for thee I go and sit in churches,

On Wednesday, when there's very few In loft or pew-

Another ring, the tarts are come from Birch's.

O Peace! for thee I have avoided

Hush! there's a carriage.

O Peace! thou art the best of earthly

The five Miss Woods.

O Peace! thou art the goddess I adore-There come some more. O Peace! thou child of solitude and

quiet-

That's Lord Drum's footman, for he loves a riot.

O Peace!-

Knocks will not cease.

O Peace! thou wert for human comfort planned—

That's Weippert's band.

O Peace! how glad I welcome thy I hear the sound of coaches.

O Peace! O Peace!-another carriage

It's early for the Blenkinsops.

O Peace! with thee I love to wander, But wait till I have showed up Lady

And now I've seen her up the stair, O Peace !- but here comes Captain Hare.

O Peace! thou art the slumber of te

Untroubled, calm and quiet, and unbroken-

that is Alderman Guzzle from Porsoken.

Alderman Gobble won't be far behind. O Peace! serene in worldly shyness— Make way there for his Serene Highness!

O Peace! if you do not disdain To dwell amongst the menial train, I have a silent place, and lone, That you and I may call our own, Where tumult never makes an entry-Susan, what business have you in my

O Peace!-but there is Major Monk, At variance with his wife. "O Peace!that great German, Vander

And that great talker, Miss Apreece. O Peace! so dear to poets' quills-

They're just beginning their quad-

O Peace! our greatest renovator-I wonder where I put my waiter. O Peace!-but here my ode I'll cease!

I have no peace to write of Peace.

# MISS KILMANSEGG AND HER PRECIOUS LEG.

A GOLDEN LEGEND.

"What is here?
Gold? yellow, glittering, precious gold?"
Timon of Athens.

# HER PEDIGREE.

To trace the Kilmansegg pedigree, To the very roots of the family tree,

Were a task as rash as ridiculous:
Through antediluvian mists as tack
As London fog such a line to pick
Were enough, in truth, to puzzle Old
Nick.

Not to name Sir Harris Nicholas.

It wouldn't require much verbal strain To trace the Kill-man, perchance, to Cain;

But waving all such digressions, Suffice it, according to family lore,

A Patriarch Kilmansegg lived of yore, Who was famed for his great possessions.

Tradition said he feathered his nest Through an Agricultural Interest In the Golden Age of Farming; When golden eggs were laid by the

geese, And Colchian sheep wore a golden

fleece,

And golden pippins—the sterling kind Of Hesperus—now so hard to find— Made Horticulture quite charming!

A Lord of Land, on his own estate, He lived at a very lively rate,

But his income would bear carousing; Such acres he had of pasture and heath, With herbage so rich from the ore beneath

The very ewes' and lambkins' teeth Were turned into gold by browsing.

He gave, without any extra thrift,
A flock of sheep for a birthday gift
To each son of his loins, or daughter;
And his debts—if debts he had—at will
He liquidated by giving each bill
A dip in Pactolian water.

Twas said that even his pigs of lead, By crossing with some by Midas bred, Made a perfect mine of his piggery. And as for cattle, one yearling bull Was worth all Smithfield-market full Of the Golden Bulls of Pope Gregory.

The high-bred horses within his stud, Like human creatures of birth and blood,

Had their golden cups and flagons: And as for the common husbandry nags, Their noses were tied in money bags,

When they stopped with the carts and waggons.

Moreover, he had a Golden Ass, Sometimes at stall, and sometimes at grass,

That was worth his own weight in money;

And a golden hive on a golden Bank, Where golden bees by alchemical prank Gathered gold instead of honey.

Gold! and gold! and gold without end! He had gold to lay by, and gold to spend,

Gold to give, and gold to lend, And reversions of gold in futuro. In wealth the family revelled and rolled; Himself and wife and sons so bold; And his daughters sang to their harps

"O bella età del' oro!"

Such was the tale of the Kilmansegg Kin,

In golden text on a vellum skin, Though certain people would wink and

And declare the whole story a parable— That the Ancestor rich was one Jacob Ghrimes.

Who held a long lease, in prosperous times,

Of acres, pasture and arable.

That as money makes money, his golden bees

Were the five per cents, or what you please,

When his cash was more than plenty—

That the golden cups were racing affairs;

And his daughters, who sang Italian airs,

Had their golden harps of Clementi.

195

That the Golden Ass. or Golden Bull, And Was English John with his pockets full,

Then at war by land and water;
While beef and mutton, and other meat,
Were almost as dear as money to eat,
And Farmers reaped Golden Harvests
of wheat.

At the Lord knows what per quarter !

# HER BIRTH.

What different dooms our birthdays bring!

For instance, one little manikin thing Survives to wear many a wrinkle; While Death forbids another to wake, And a son that it took nine moons to

Expires without even a twinkle!

Into this world we come like ships, Launched from the docks, and stocks, and slips,

For fortune fair or fatal;
And one little craft is cast away,
In its very first trip in Babbicome Bay,
While another rides safe at Port
Natal.

What different lots our stars accord!

This babe to be hailed and wooed as a Lord,

And that to be shunned like a leper!

One, to the world's wine, honey, and

corn;

Another, like Colchester native, born To its vinegar, only, and pepper.

One is littered under a roof
Neither wind nor water proof,—
That's the prose of Love in a

A puny, naked, shivering wretch, The whole of whose birthright would

not fetch,
Though Robins himself drew up the shetch,

The bid of "a mess of pottage."

Born of Fortunatus's kin,

Another comes tenderly ushered in

To a prospect all bright and burnished:

No tenant he, for life's back slums— He comes to the world as a gentleman comes

To a lodging ready furnished.

And the other sex—the tender—the fair—

What wide reverses of fate are there!
While Margaret, charmed by the Bulbul
rare.

In a garden of Gul reposes—
Poor Peggie hawks nosegays from
street to street,

Till—think of that, who find life so sweet!—

She hates the smell of roses!

Not so with the infant Kilmansegg! She was not born to steal or beg,

Or gather cresses in ditches;
To plait the straw or bind the shoe,
Or sit all day to hem and sew,
As females must, and not a few—
To fill their insides with stitches!

She was not doomed for bread to eat To be put to her hands as well as her feet—

To carry home linen from mangles— Or heavy-hearted, and weary-limbed, To dance on a rope in a jacket trimmed With as many blows as spangles.

She was one of those who by Fortune's boon

Are born, as they say, with a silver spoon

In her mouth, not a wooden ladle:
To speak according to poet's wont,
Plutus as Sponsor stood at her font,
And Midas rocked the cradie.

At her first debut she found her head On a pillow of down, in a downy bed, With a damask canopy over;

For although by the vulgar popular saw,

All mothers are said to be "in the straw,"

Some children are born in clover.

Her very first draught of vital air,

It was not the common chameleon fare Of plebeian lungs and noses,— No—her earliest sniff

No—her earliest sniff Of this world was a whiff Of the genuine Otto of Roses!

When she saw the light—it was no mere ray

Of that light so common—so every day—

That the sun each morning launches- | And even some old ones appeared to But six wax tapers dazzled her eyes, From a thing a gooseberry bush for

With a golden stem and branches.

She was born exactly at half-past two, As witnessed a timepiece in or-molu

That stood on a marble table-Showing at once the time of day, And a team of Gildings running away

As fast as they were able,

With a golden God with a golden Star, And a golden spear in a golden Car According to Grecian fable.

Like other babes, at her birth she cried, Which make a sensation far and wide, Av, for twenty miles around her:

For though to the ear 'twas nothing

Than an infant's squall, it was really the roar

Of a Fifty-thousand Pounder! It shook the next heir

In his library chair,

And made him cry, "Confound her!"

Of signs and omens there was no dearth, Any more than at Owen Glendower's

Or the advent of other great people : Two bullocks dropped dead,

As if knocked on the head, And barrels of stout

And ale ran about,

And the village-bells such a peal

That they cracked the village steeple.

In no time at all, like mushroom spawn, Tables sprang up all over the lawn; Not furnished scantily or shabbily,

But on scale as vast As that huge repast,

With its loads and cargoes Of drink and botargoes,

At the birth of the Babe in Rabelais.

Hundreds of men were turned into

Like the guests at Circe's horrible

By the magic of ale and eider; And each country lass, and each coun-

Began to caper and dance like mad,

A bite from the Naples Spider.

Then as night came on, It had scared King John,

Who considered such signs not risible,

To have seen the maroons, And the whirling moons, And the serpents of flame,

And wheels of the same, That according to some were "whizzable."

Oh, happy Hope of the Kilmanseggs! Thrice happy in head, and body, and legs,

That her parents had such full pockets!

For had she been born of Want and

For care and nursing all adrift,

It's ten to one she had had to make

With rickets instead of rockets!

And how was the precious Baby drest? In a robe of the East, with lace of the West.

Like one of Crossus's issue-Her best bibs were made Of rich gold brocade. And the others of silver tissue.

And when the Baby inclined to nap, She was lulled on a Gros de Naples

By a nurse, in a modish Paris cap, Of notions so exalted,

She drank nothing lower than Curagoa, Maraschino, or pink Noyau,

And on principle never malted. From a golden boat, with a golden

spoon, The Babe was fed night, morning, and

And although the tale seems fabulous, 'Tis said her tops and bottoms were

the oats in that Stable-yard

For the Horse of Heliogabalus.

And when she took to squall and

For pain will wring, and pins will prick, wealthiest nabob's

They gave her no vulgar Dalby or gin, But a liquor with leaf of gold therein, Videlicit—Dantzie Water.

In short, she was born, and bred, and nurst,

And drest in the best from the very first,

To please the genteelest censor,— And then, as soon as strength would allow,

Was vaccinated, as babes are now, With virus ta'en from the best-bred cow Of Lord Althrop's—now Earl Spencer.

# HER CHRISTENING.

Though Shakespeare asks us, "What's in a name?"

(As if cognomens were much the same),
There's really a very great scope in it.
A name? why, wasn't there Doctor Dodd,
That servant at once of Mammon and

Who found four thousand pounds and odd.

A prison—a cart—and a rope in it.

A name?—if the party had a voice, What mortal would be a Bugg by choice,

As a Hogg, a Grubb, or a Chubb rejoice,

Or any such nauseous blazon,

Not to mention many a vulgar name, That would make a doorplate blush for

If doorplates were not so brazen!

A name?—it has more than nominal worth,

And belongs to good or bad luck at birth—

As dames of a certain degree know. In spite of his Page's hat and hose, His Page's jacket, and buttons in rows, Bob only sounds like a page of prose Till turned into Rupertino.

Now to christen the infant Kilmansegg For days and days it was quite a plague, To hunt the list in the Lexicon:

And scores were tried like coin by the ring.

Ere names were found just the proper thing

For a minor rich as a Mexican.

Then cards were sent, their presence to beg

Of all the kin of Kilmansegg,

White, yellow, and brown relations; Brothers, Wardens of City Halls, And Uncles—rich as three Golden

From taking pledges of nations.

Nephews, whom Fortune seemed to bewitch,

Rising in life like rockets— Nieces whose dowries knew no hitch— Aunts as certain of dying rich

As candles in golden sockets— Cousins German and cousins' sons, All thriving and opulent—some had

Of Kentish hops in their pockets! For money had stuck to the race thro'

(As it did to the bushel when eash so rife

Posed Ali Baba's brother's wife)—
And down to the Cousins and
Cos-lings,

The fortunate brood of the Kilmanseggs,

As if they had come out of golden eggs,

Were all as wealthy as "Goslings."

It would fill a Court Gazette to name What East and West End people came
To the rite of Christianity:

The lofty Lord and the titled Dame,
All di'mond, plumes, and urbanity:
His Lordship the May'r with his

golden chain, And two Gold Sticks, and the Sheriffs

twain,

Nine foreign Counts, and other great men With their orders and stars, to help

M or N
To renounce all pomp and vanity.

To paint the maternal Kilmansegg, The pen of an Eastern Poet would beg,

And need an elaborate sonnet; How she sparkled with gems whenever

And her head niddle noddled at every word.

And seemed so happy, a Paradise Bird Had nidificated upon it. And Sir Jacob the Father strutted and bowed,

And smiled to himself, and laughed aloud,

To think of his heiress and daughter—And then in his pockets he made a

And then, in the fulness of joy and

Seemed washing his hands with invisible soap,

In imperceptible water.

He had rolled in money like pigs in mud,

Till it seemed to have entered into his blood

By some occult projection:

And his cheeks, instead of a healthy hue,

As vellow as any guinea grew,

Making the common phrase seem true, About a rich complexion.

And now came the Nurse, and during a pause, Her dead-leaf satin would fitly cause

A very autumnal rustle

So full of figure, so full of fuss,
As she carried about the babe to buss,
She seemed to be nothing but bustle.

A wealthy Nabob was Godpapa, And an Indian Begum was Godmamma,

Whose jewels a Queen might covet— And the Priest was a Vicar, and Dean withal

Of that temple we see with a Golden Ball,

And a Golden Cross above it.

The Font was a bowl of American gold, Won by Raleigh in days of old, In spite of Spanish bravado;

And the Book of Pray'r was so overrun With gilt devices, it shone in the sun, Like a copy—a presentation one—

Of Humboldt's "El Dorado."

Gold! and gold! and nothing but gold! The same auriferous shine behold Wherever the eye could settle!

On the walls—the sideboard—the ceil-

On the gorgeous footmen standing by, In coats to delight a miner's eye, With seams of the precious metal. Gold! and gold! and besides the gold, The very robe of the infant told A tale of wealth in every fold;

It lapped her like a vapour! So fine! so thin! the mind at a loss Could compare it to nothing, except a

Of cobwebs with banknote paper.

Then her pearls—'twas a perfect sight, forsooth,

To see them, like "the dew of her youth,"

In such a plentiful sprinkle.

Meanwhile, the Vicar read through the form,

And gave her another, not overwarm, That made her little eyes twinkle.

Then the babe was crossed, and blessed amain,

But instead of the Kate, or Ann, or Jane,

Which the humbler female endorses— Instead of one name, as some people

Kilmansegg went at the tail of six, Like a carriage of state with its horses.

Oh, then the kisses she got and hugs! The golden mugs and the golden jugs. That lent fresh rays to the midges! The golden knives and the golden

spoons,
The gems that sparkled like fairy boons,
It was one of the Kilmanseggs' own

saloons,
But looked like Rundell and Bridge's!

Gold! and gold! the new and the old!
The company ate and drank from gold,
They revalled they sang and reare

They revelled, they sang, and were merry;

And one of the Gold Sticks rose from his chair,

And toasted "the Lass with the golden hair"

In a bumper of golden Sherry.

Gold! still gold! it rained on the Nurse, Who, unlike Danäe, was none the worse; There was nothing but guineas glistening!

Fifty were given to Doctor James For calling the little Baby names, And for saying, Amen!

The Clerk had ten,

And that was the end of the Christening.

199

# HER CHILDHOOD.

Our youth! our childhood! that spring of springs!

'Tis surely one of the blessedest things That nature ever invented!

When the rich are wealthy beyond their wealth,

And the poor are rich in spirits and health,

And all with their lots contented!

There's little Phelim, he sings like a thrush,

In the selfsame pair of patchwork plush, With the selfsame empty pockets,

That tempted his daddy so often to cut His throat, or jump in the water-butt.— But what cares Phelim? an empty nut

Would sooner bring tears to their sockets.

SUCINCUS.

Give him a collar without a skirt (That's the Irish linen for shirt), And a slice of bread, with a taste of dirt

(That's Poverty's Irish butter), And what does he lack to make him

Some oyster-shells, or a sparrow's nest, A candle-end, and a gutter.

But to leave the happy Phelim alone, Gnawing, perchance, a marrowless bone,

For which no dog would quarrel— Turn we to little Miss Kilmansegg, Cutting her first little toothy-peg

With a fifty-guinea coral—
A peg upon which
About poor and rich
Reflection might hang a moral.

Born in wealth, and wealthily nursed, Capped, papped, napped, and lapped from the first

On the knees of Prodigality,
Her childhood was one eternal round
Of the game of going on Tickler's
ground,

Picking up gold-in reality.

With extempore carts she never played, Or the odds and ends of a Tinker's trade,

Or little dirt pies and puddings made, Like children happy and squalid; The very puppet she had to pet, Like a bait for the "Nix my Dolly" set,

Was a Dolly of gold-and solid!

Gold! and gold! 'twas the burden still!

To gain the Heiress's early goodwill

There was much corruption and
bribery—

The yearly cost of her golden toys Would have given half London's Charity Boys

And Charity Girls the annual joys Of a holiday dinner at Highbury.

Bon-bons she ate from the gilt cornet; And gilded queens on St. Bartlemy's day;

Till her fancy was tinged by her presents—

And first a Goldfinch excited her wish, Then a spherical bowl with its Golden fish,

And then two Golden Pheasants.

Nay, once she squalled and screamed like wild—

And it shows how the bias we give to a child

Is a thing most weighty and solemn;— But whence was wonder or blame to spring,

If little Miss K.—after such a swing— Made a dust for the flaming gilded thing

On the top of the Fish-street column?

# HER EDUCATION.

According to metaphysical creed, To the earliest books that children

For much good or much bad they are debtors:

But before with their A B C they start, There are things in morals, as well as

That play a very important part—
"Impressions before the letters."

Dame Education begins the pile, Mayhap in the graceful Corinthian style,

But alas for the elevation!

If the Lady's maid or Gossip the Nurse | What sad little bad little figures you With a load of rubbish, or something worse.

Have made a rotten foundation.

Even thus with little Miss Kilmansegg, Before she learnt her E for egg,

Ere her Governess came, or Masters-

Teachers of quite a different kind Had "crammed" her beforehand, and put her mind

In a go-cart on golden castors.

Long before her A B and C, They had taught her by heart her

L. S. D., And as how she was born a great

Heiress: And as sure as London is built of

My Lord would ask her the day to fix, To ride in a fine gilt coach and six, Like her Worship the Lady May'ress.

Instead of stories from Edgeworth's

The true golden lore for our golden

Or lessons from Barbauld and

Teaching the worth of Virtue and Health, All that she knew was the Virtue of

Provided by vulgar nursery stealth With a Book of Gold Leaf for a

The very metal of merit they told, And praised her for being as "good as

Till she grew as a peacock haughty: Of money they talked the whole day

And weighed desert, like grapes, by the

Till she had an idea from the very

people with naught were

They praised-poor children with nothing at all!

Lord! how you twaddle and waddle and squall,

Like common-bred geese and ganders!

To the rich Miss K., whose plainest seed-cake

Was stuffed with corianders!

They praised her falls, as well as her walk.

Flatterers make cream cheese of chalk, They praised-how they praised-her very small talk,

As if it fell from a Solon:

Or the girl who at each pretty phrase

A ruby comma, a pearl full-stop, And an emerald semi-colon.

They praised her spirit, and now and then,

The Nurse brought her own little "nevy" Ben,

To play with the future May'ress; And when he got raps, and taps, and

Scratches, and pinches, snips, and snaps, As if from a Tigress or Bearess.

They told him how lords would court

that hand, And always gave him to understand, While he rubbed, poor soul!

His carroty poll,

That his hair had been pulled by "a

Hairess."

Such were the lessons from Maid and Nurse.

A Governess helped to make still worse, Giving an appetite so perverse Fresh diet whereon to batten-

Beginning with A B C to hold Like a royal play-bill printed in gold On a square of pearl-white satin.

The books to teach the verbs and nouns, And those about countries, cities, and towns,

Instead of their sober drabs and browns, Were in crimson silk, with gilt edges;-

Her Butler and Enfield and Entickin short

Her "Early Lessons" of every sort, Looked like Souvenirs, Keepsakes, and Pledges.

Old Johnson shone out in as fine array As he did one night when he went to the play;

Lindley Murray in like conditions. Each weary, unwelcome, irksome task, Appeared in a fancy dress and a mask-If you wish for similar copies ask

For Howell and James's Editions.

Novels she read to amuse her mind, But always the affluent match-making

That ends with Promessi Sposi, And a father-in-law so wealthy and grand,

He could give cheque-mate to Coutts

in the Strand;

So along with a ring and posy, He endows the Bride with Golconda

And gives the Groom Potosi.

Plays she perused—but she liked the

Those comedy gentlefolks always pos-

Of fortunes so truly romantic-Of money so ready that right or wrong It always is ready to go for a song, Throwing it, going it, pitching

They ought to have purses as green

As the cucumber called the Gigantic.

Then Eastern Tales she loved for the

Of the Purse of Oriental make,

And the thousand pieces they put

But Pastoral scenes on her heart fell

For Nature with her had lost its hold, No field but the Field of the Cloth of

Would ever have caught her foot in it.

What more? She learned to sing, and

To sit on a horse, although he should

And to speak a French not spoken in

Any more than at Babel's building-

Chambaud like a beau of King Charles's | And she painted shells, and flowers and Turks,

> But her great delight was in Fancy Works

That are done with gold or gilding.

Gold! still gold!-the bright and the dead.

With golden beads, and gold lace, and gold thread,

She worked in gold as if for her bread. The metal had so undermined her-Gold ran in her thoughts and filled her brain,

She was golden-headed as Peter's cane With which he walked behind her.

# HER ACCIDENT.

The horse that carried Miss Kilmansegg, And a better never lifted leg.

Was a very rich bay, called Banker; A horse of a breed and a mettle se

By Bullion out of an Ingot mare,-That for action, the best of figures, and air.

It made many good judges hanker.

And when she took a ride in the Park, Equestrian Lord, or pedestrian Clerk, Was thrown in an amorous fever,

To see the Heiress how well she sat, With her groom behind her, Bob or Nat,

In green, half smothered with gold, and a hat With more gold lace than beaver.

And then when Banker obtained a pat, To see how he arched his neck at that! He snorted with pride and pleasure! Like the Steed in the fable so lofty

and grand, Who gave the poor Ass to understand, That he didn't carry a bag of sand, But a burden of golden treasure.

A load of treasure?—alas! alas! Had her horse but been fed upon English grass

And sheltered in Yorkshire spinneys, Had he scoured the sand with the Desert Ass,

Or where the American whinnies,-

But a hunter from Erin's turf and gorse,

A regular thoroughbred Irish horse, Why, he ran away, as a matter of course.

With a girl worth her weight in guineas!

Mayhap 'tis the trick of such pampered nags

To shy at the sight of a beggar in rags; But away, like the bolt of a rabbit, Away went the horse in the madness

of fright,
And away went the horsewoman mocking the sight—

Was yonder blue flash a flash of blue

Or only the skirt of her habit?

Away she flies, with her groom behind,— It looks like a race of the Calmuck kind,

When Hymen himself is the starter: And the Maid rides first in the fourfooted strife,

Riding, striding, as if for her life, While the Lover rides after to catch

him a wife,

/ Although it's catching a Tartar.

But the Groom has lost his glittering hat!

Though he does not sigh and pull up for that—

Alas! his horse is a tit for Tat, To sell to a very low bidder— His wind is ruined, his shoulder is

Things, though a horse be well-bred and young.

A purchaser will consider.

But still flies the Heiress through stones and dust.

Oh, for a fall, if fall she must, On the gentle lap of Flora!

But st ll, thank Heaven! she clings to her seat—

Away! away! she could ride a dead heat

With the Dead who ride so fast and fleet.

In the Ballad of Leonora!

Away she gallops!—it's awful work! It's faster than Turpin's ride to York,

On Bess that notable clipper!
She has circled the Ring! she crosses
the Park!

Mazeppa, although he was stripped so stark,

Mazeppa couldn't outstrip her!

The fields seem running away with the folks!

The Elms are having a race for the Oaks!

At a pace that all Jockeys disparages! All, all is racing! the Serpentine

Seems rushing past like the "arrowy Rhine,"

The houses have got on a railway line, And are off like the first-class carriages!

She'll lose her life! she is losing her breath! A cruel chase, she is chasing Death,

As female shrickings forewarn her: And now—as fearless as blood of

She clears that gate, which has cleared

Since then, at Hyde Park Corner!

Alas! for the hope of the Kilmanseggs! For her head, her brains, her body, and legs,

Her life's not worth a copper! Willy-nilly,

In Piccadilly,
A hundred hearts turn sick and chilly,
A hundred voices cry, "Stop her!"
And one old gentleman stares and

Shakes his head and lifts his hands, And says, "How very improper!"

On and on!—what a perilous run!
The iron rails seem all mingling in

To shut out the Green Park scenery!
And now the Cellar its dangers reveals,
She shudders — she shricks — she's
doomed, she feels,

To be torn by powers of horses and wheels,

Like a spinner by steam machinery!

Sick with horror she shuts her eyes, But the very stones seem uttering cries.

As they did to that Persian daughter, When she climbed up the steep vociferous hill,

Her little silver flagon to fill With the magical Golden Water!

"Batter her! shatter her!
Throw and scatter her!"
Shouts each stony-hearted chatterer!
"Dash at the heavy Dover!
Spill her! kill her! tear and tatter her!

Smash her! crash her!" (the stones didn't flatter her!)

"Kick her brains out! let her blood spatter her!

Roll on her over and over!"

For so she gathered the awful sense Of the street in its past unmacadamized tense,

As the wild horse overran it,— His four heels making the clatter of six,

Like Devil's tattoo, played with iron sticks

On a kettle-drum of granite!

On! still on! she's dazzled with hints Of oranges, ribbons, and coloured prints,

A Kaleidoscope jumble of shapes and tints,

And human faces all flashing, Bright and brief as the sparks from the flints,

That the desperate hoof keeps dashing!

On and on! still frightfully fast!
Dover-street, Bond-street, all are past!
But—yes—no—yes!—they're down at
last!

The Furies and Fates have found them!

Down they go with a sparkle and crash, Like a Bark that's struck by the

lightning fiash—

There's a shriek—and a sob—

And the dense dark mob

Like a billow closes around them!

"She breathes!"

"She don't!"
"She'll recover!"
"She won't!"

"She's stirring! she's living, by Nemesis!"

Gold, still gold! on counter and shelf! Golden dishes as plenty as delf! Miss Kilmansegg's coming again to

herself

On an opulent Goldsmith's premises!

Gold! fine gold!—both yellow and red, Beaten, and molten—polished, and dead—

To see the gold with profusion spread
In all ferms of its manufacture!

But what avails gold to Miss Kilmansegg, When the femoral bone of her dexter

leg
Has met with a compound fracture?

Gold may sooth Adversity's smart, Nay, help to bind up a broken heart; But to try it on any other part

But to try it on any other part
Were as certain a disappointment,
As if one should rub the dish and plate,
Taken out of a Staffordshire crate—
In the hope of a Golden Service of
State—

With Singleton's "Golden Ointment."

# HER PRECIOUS LEG.

"As the twig is bent, the tree's inclined,"

Is an adage often recalled to mind, Referring to juvenile bias:

And never so well is the verity seen, As when to the weak, warped side we lean,

While life's tempests and hurricanes try us.

Even thus with Miss K. and her broken limb,

By a very, very remarkable whim, She showed her early tuition:

While the buds of character came into blow With a certain tinge that served to And Cork !- when the noble Cork Tree

The nursery culture long ago,

As the graft is known by fruition!

For the King's Physician, who nursed

His verdict gave with an awful face. And three others concurred to egg it: That the Patient to give old Death

the slip, Like the Pope, instead of a personal trip, Must send her Leg as a Legate.

The limb was doomed-it couldn't be

And like other people the patient

Nay, bravely that cruel parting braved, Which makes some persons so falter; They rather would part, without a groan, With the flesh of their flesh, and bone of their bone,

They obtained at St. George's altar.

But when it came to fitting the stump With a proxy limb-then flatly and

She spoke in the spirit olden;

couldn't - she shouldn't - she wouldn't have wood!

Nor a leg of cork, if she never stood, And she swore an oath, or something as good,

The proxy limb should be golden!

A wooden leg! what, a sort of peg, For your common Jockeys Jennies!

No, no, her mother might worry and

Weep, go down on her knees, and beg, But nothing would move Miss Kil-

She could-she would have a Golden

If it cost ten thousand guineas!

Wood indeed, in Forest or Park, With its sylvan honours and feudal

Is an aristocratic article;

But sp'it and sawn, and hacked about

Serving all needs of pauper or clown, Trod on! staggered on! Wood cut

shades

A lovely group of Castilian maids,

'Tis a thing for a song or sonnet!-But cork, as it stops the bottle of gin, Or bungs the beer-the small beer !-

It pierced her heart like a corking-pin, To think of standing upon it!

A Leg of Gold-solid gold throughout, Nothing else, whether slim or stout,

Should ever support her, God willing! She must-she could-she would have

her whim, Her father, she turned a deaf ear to

He might kill her-she didn't mind killing!

He was welcome to cut off her other

He might cut her all off with a shilling!

All other promised gifts were in vain, Golden Girdle, or Golden Chain. She writhed with impatience more than

uttered "pishes!" And " pshaws!"

But a Leg of Gold! as she lay in bed, It danced before her—it ran in her

It jumped with her dearest wishes! "Gold-gold ! Oh, let it be gold!"

Asleep or awake that tale she told, And when she grew delirious:

Till her parents resolved to grant her wish,

If they melted down plate, and goblet,

The case was getting so serious.

So a Leg was made in a comely mould, Of Gold, fine virgin glittering gold, As solid as man could make it—

Solid in foot, and calf, and shank, A predigious sum of money it sank; In fact 'twas a Branch of the family

And no easy matter to break it.

All sterling metal-not half-and-half, The Goldsmith's mark was stamped on

'Twas pure as from Mexican barter!

And to make it more costly, just over the knee-

Where another ligature used to be, Was a circle of jewels, worth shillings to see,

A new-fangled Badge of the Garter!

'Twas a splendid, brilliant, beautiful

Leg,
Fit for the Court of Scander-Beg,
That Precious Leg of Miss Kilmansegg!
For, thanks to parental bounty,

Secure from Mortification's touch, She stood on a Member that cost as much

As a Member for all the County!

# HER FAME.

To gratify stern ambition's whims, What hundreds and thousands precious limbs

On a field of battle we scatter!
Severed by sword, or bullet, or saw,
Off they go, all bleeding and raw,—
But the public seems to get the lockiaw,

So little is said on the matter!

Legs, the tightest that ever were seen, The tightest, the lightest that danced on the green,

Cutting capers to sweet Kitty Clover; Shattered, scattered, cut, bowled down, Off they go, worse off for renown,

A line in the Times, or a talk about town,

Than the leg that a fly runs over! But the Precious Leg of Miss Kilmansegg,

That gowden, goolden, golden leg,
Was the theme of all conversation!
Had it been a Pillar of Church and

Or a prop to support the whole Dead Weight,

It could not have furnished more debate To the heads and tails of the nation!

East, and west, and north, and south, Though useless for either hunger or drouth—

The Leg was in everybody's mouth,

To use a poetical figure;

Rumour, in taking her ravenous swim, Saw, and seized on the tempting limb, Like a shark on the leg of a nigger.

Wilful murder fell very dead; Debates in the House were hardly read!

In vain the Police Reports were fed With Irish riots and rumpuses—

The Leg! the Leg, was the great

Through every circle in life it went, Like the leg of a pair of compasses.

The last new Novel seemed tame and

The Leg, a novelty newer than that, Had tripped up the heels of Fiction! It Burked the very essays of Burke, And alas! how Wealth over Wit plays the Turk!

As a regular piece of goldsmith's work, Got the better of Goldsmith's diction.

"A leg of gold! what, of solid gold?"
Cried rich and poor, and young and
old,

And Master and Miss and Madam—
'Twas the talk of 'Change—the Alley
—the Bank—

And with men of scientific rank, It made as much stir as the fossil shank

Of a Lizard coeval with Adam! -

Of course with Greenwich and Chelses elves,

Men who had lost a limb themselves, Its interest did not dwindle—

But Bill, and Ben, and Jack, and Tom Could hardly have spun more yarns therefrom,

If the leg had been a spindle.

Meanwhile the story went to and fro, Till, gathering like the ball of snow, By the time it got to Stratford-le-Bow,

Through Exaggeration's touches.

The Heiress and Hope of the Kilmanseggs

Was propped on two fine Golden Legs, And a pair of Golden Crutches!

Never had Leg so great a run!
"Twas the "go" and the "Kick"
thrown into one!

The mode—the new thing under the sun.

The rage—the fancy—the passion!
Bonnets were named, and hats were
worn,

A la Golden Leg instead of Leghorn, So cards were sent for that sort of mob And stockings and shoes, Of golden hues,

Took the lead in the walks of

The Golden Leg had a vast career, It was sung and danced-and to show how near

Low Folly to lofty approaches,

Down to society's very dregs,

The Belles of Wapping wore "Kilmanseggs,"

And St. Giles's Beaux sported Golden

In their pinchbeck pins and brooches!

# HER FIRST STEP.

Supposing the Trunk and Limbs of Man

Shared, on the allegorical plan,

Whichever might claim the head, or

The stomach, or any other part, The Legs would be seized by Vanity.

There's Bardus, a six-foot column of

A lighthouse without any light atop, Whose height would attract beholders,

If he had not lost some inches clear By looking down at his kersevmere, Ogling the limbs he holds so dear,

Till he got a stoop in his shoulders.

Talk of Art, of Science, or Books, And down go the everlasting looks, To his crural beauties so wedded! Try him, wherever you will, you find His mind in his legs, and his legs in his mind,

All prongs and folly-in short, a kind Of Fork-that is Fiddle-headed.

What wonder, then, if Miss Kilmansegg, With a splendid, brilliant, beautiful leg, Fit for the Court of Scander-Beg. Disdained to hide it, like Joan or Meg. In petticoats stuffed or quilted?

Not she! 'twas her convalescent whim To dazzle the world with the precious

Nay, to go a little high-kilted.

Where Tartars and Africans hob-and-

And the Cherokee talks of his cab and

To Polish or Lapland lovers-Cards, like that hieroglyphical call To a geographical Fancy Ball

On the present Post-Office covers.

For if Lion-hunters-and great ones

Would mob a savage from Latakoo, Or squeeze for a glimpse of Prince Le

That unfortunate Sandwich scion-Hundreds of first-rate people, no doubt, Would gladly, madly, rush to a rout, That promised a Golden Lion!

# HER FANCY BALL.

Of all the spirits of evil fame That hurt the soul or injure the frame, And poison what's honest and hearty, There's none more needs a Matthew to

A cooling, antiphlogistic speech, To praise and enforce A temperate course,

Than the Evil Spirit of Party.

Go to the House of Commons or Lords, And they seem to be busy with simple

In their popular sense or pedantic— But alas! with their cheers, and sneers, and jeers,

They're really busy, whatever appears, Putting peas in each other's ears, To drive their enemies frantic!

Thus Tories love to worry the Whigs, Who treat them in turn like Schwal-

Giving them lashes, thrashes, and digs, With their writhing and pain de-

But after all that's said, and more, The malice and spite of Party are poor To the malice and spite of a party next door,

To a party not invited.

On with the cap and out with the

Weariness bids the world good-night, At least for the usual season;

But hark! a clatter of horses' heels; And Sleep and Silence are broken on wheels.

Like Wilful Murder and Treason!

Another crash—and the carriage goes— Again poor Weariness seeks the repose That Nature demands imperious;

But Echo takes up the burden now, With a rattling chorus of row-de-dowdow,

Till Silence herself seems making a row, Like a Quaker gone delirious!

'Tis night—a winter night—and the stars

Are shining like winkin'—Venus and
Mars

Are rolling along in their golden cars
Through the sky's serene expansion—
But vainly the stars dispense their
rays

Venus and Mars are lost in the blaze Of the Kilmanseggs' luminous mansion!

Up jumps Fear in a terrible fright! His bedchamber windows look so bright,

With light all the square is glutfed!
Up he jumps, like a sole from the pan,
And a tremor sickens his inward man,
For he feels as only a gentleman can,
Who thinks he's being "gutted."

Again Fear settles, all snug and warm'; But only to dream of a dreadful storm From Autumn's sulphurous locker;

But the only electric body that falls, Wears a negative coat, and positive smalls,

And draws the peal that so appals

From the Kilmanseggs' brazen
knocker!

'Tis Curiosity's Benefit Night— And perchance 'tis the English Second-Sight;

But whatever it be, so be it— As the friends and guests of Miss Kilmansegg

Crowd in to look at her Golden Leg, As many more

Mob round the door, To see them going to see it! In they go—in jackets and cloaks, Plumes and bonnets, turbans and toques,

As if to a Congress of Nations: Greeks and Malays, with daggers and dirks

Spaniards, Jews, Chinese, and Turks, Some like original foreign works, But mostly like bad translations.

In they go, and to work like a pack, Juan, Moses, and Shacabac,

Tom, and Jerry, and Springheeled Jack For some of low Fancy are lovers— Skirting, zigzagging, casting about, Here and there, and in and out, With a crush, and a rush, for a full.

bodied rout

Is one of the stiffest of covers.

In they went, and hunted about, Open-mouthed like chub and trout, And some with the upper lip thrust out,

Like that fish for routing, a barbel—
While Sir Jacob stood to welcome the
crowd.

And rubbed his hands, and smiled aloud And bowed, and bowed, and bowed, and bowed.

Like a man who is sawing marble.

For Princes were there, and noble Petrs Dukes descended from Norman spears Earls that dated from early years;

And Lords in vast variety—
Besides the Gentry, both new and old—
For people who stand on legs of gold
Are sure to stand well with society.

"But where—where-where?" with one

Cried Moses and Mufti, Jack and my Lord,

Wang-fong and II Bondicani— When slow, and heavy, and dead as dump.

dump,
They heard a foot begin to stump,
Thump! lump!

Lump! thump!

Like the Spectre in "Don Giovanni!"

And lo! the Heiress, Miss Kilmansegg With her splendid, brilliant, beautifu leg,

In the garb of a Goddess olden-

Like chaste Diana going to hunt, With a golden spear—which of course was blunt,

And a tunic looped up to a gem in front,

To show the Leg that was Gelden!

Gold! still gold! her Crescent behold, That should be silver, but would be gold;

And her robe's auriferous spangles! Her golden stomacher—how she would

melt!

Her golden quiver, and golden belt, Where a golden bugle dangles!

And her jewelled Garter! Oh, sin! Oh, shame!

Let Pride and Vanity bear the blame, That bring such blots on female fame! But to be a true recorder,

Besides its thin transparent stuff,

The tunic was looped quite high enough To give a glimpse of the Order!

But what have sin or shame to do With a Golden Leg—and a stout one too?

Away with all Prudery's panics! That the precious metal, by thick and

Will cover square acres of land or sin,
Is a fact made plain

Again and again,

In Morals as well as Mechanics.

A few, indeed, of her proper sex, Who seemed to feel her foot on their necks.

And feared their charms would meet with checks

From so rare and splendid a blazon— A few cried "fie!"—and "forward" and "bold!"

And said of the Leg, it might be gold, But to them it looked like brazen!

'Twas hard, they hinted, for flesh and blood.

Virtue, and Beauty, and all that's good, To strike to mere dross their topgallants—

But what were Beauty, or Virtue, or

Gentle manners, or gentle birth, Nay, what the most talented head on earth

To a Leg worth fifty Talents?

But the men sang quite another hymn Of glory and praise to the precious Limb—

Age, sordid Age, admired the whim, And its indecorum pardoned—

While half of the young-ay, more than half -

Bowed down and worshipped the Golden Calf.

Like the Jews when their hearts were hardened.

A Golden Leg! what fancies it fired: What golden wishes and hopes in-pired! To give but a mere abridgment—

What a leg to leg-bail Embarrassment's serf!

What a leg for a Leg to take on the turf!

What a leg for a marching regiment!

A Golden Leg!—whatever Love sings, "Twas worth a bushel of "Plain Gold Rings,"

With which the Romantic wheedles. 'Twas worth all the legs in stockings and socks—

'Twas a leg that might be put in the Stocks.

N.B.—Not the parish beadle's!

And Lady K. nid-nodded her head, Lapped in a turban fancy-bred,

Just like a love-apple, huge and red, Some Mussul-womanish mystery;

But whatever she meant To represent,

She talked like the Muse of History.

She told how the filial leg was lost; And then how much the gold one cost, With its weight to a Trojan fraction; And how it took off, and how it put on; And called on Devil, Duke, and Don, Mahomet, Moses, and Prester John,

To notice its beautiful action.

And then of the Leg she went in quest; And led it where the light was best; And made it lay itself up to rest

In postures for painters' studies: It cost more tricks and trouble by half. Than it takes to exhibit a six-legged

To a boothful of country Cuddies.

209

Nor yet did the Heiress herself omit The arts that help to make a hit,

And preserve a prominent station. She talked and laughed far more than her share;

And took a part in "Rich and Rare Were the gems she wore "-and the gems were there,

Like a Song with an Illustration.

She even stood up with a Count of

To dance-alas!-the measures we dance When Vanity plays the Piper:

Vanity, Vanity, apt to betray, And lead all sorts of legs astray,-

Wood, or metal, or human clay, Since Satan first played the Viper!

But first she doffed her hunting gear, And favoured Tom Tug with her golden spear

To row with down the river-

A Bonze had her golden bow to hold; A Hermit her belt and bugle of gold; And an Abbot her golden quiver.

And then a space was cleared on the

And she walked the Minuet de la

With all the pomp of a Pompadour; But although she began andante, Conceive the faces of all the Rout, When she finished off with a whirligig

And the Precious Leg stuck stiffly out Like the leg of a Figuranté!

So the courtly dance was goldenly done, And golden opinions, of course, it won From all different sorts of people-

Chiming, ding-dong, with flattering phrase

In one vociferous peal of praise, Like the peal that rings on Reval days

And yet, had the leg been one of those That dance for bread in flesh-coloured

With Rosina's pastoral bevy,

The jeers it had met,-the shouts! the scoff!

The cutting advice to "take itself off," For sounding but half so heavy.

Had it been a leg like those, perchance. That teach little girls and boys to

To set, poussette, recede, and advance With the steps and figures most proper.

Had it hopped for a weekly or quarterly

How little of praise or grist would have

To a mill with such a hopper!

But the Leg was none of those limbs forlorn-

Bartering capers and hops for corn-That meet with public hisses and scorn. Or the morning journal denounces-

Had it pleased to caper from morn till dusk,

There was all the music of "Money Musk,"

In its ponderous bangs and bounces.

But, hark; as slow as the strokes of a

Thump, lump!

As the Giant of Castle Otranto might

To a lower room from an upper-Down she goes with a noisy dint, For taking the crimson turban's hint, A noble Lord at the Head of the Mint Is leading the Leg to supper!

But the supper, alas! must rest untold, With its blaze of light, and its glitter of gold,

For to paint that scene of glamour, It would need the Great Enchanter's

Who waves over palace, and cot, and

An arm like the Goldbeater's Golden

That wields a Golden Hammer.

He-only he could fitly state The Massive Service of Golden Plate, proper phrase

expansion-The rare selection of Foreign Wines-The Alps of Ice and Mountains of Pines,

The punch in Oceans and sugary shrines, The Temple of Taste from Gunter's

In short, all that Wealth with a Feast | From the piece of work just ravelled

In a Splendid Family Mansion.

Suffice it each masked outlandish

Ate and drank of the very best, According to critical conners-

And then they pledged the Hostess

But the Golden Leg was the standing

And as somebody swore, Walked off with more

Than its share of the "Hips!" and

"Miss Kilmansegg!-Full glasses I beg !-

Miss Kilmansegg and her Precious

And away went the bottle careering! Wine in bumpers! and shouts in peals! Till the Clown didn't know his head

The Mussulman's eyes danced twosome reels.

And the Quaker was hourse with

#### HER DREAM.

Miss Kilmansegg took off her leg, And laid it down like a cribbage peg, For the Rout was done and the riot;

The Square was hushed; not a sound was heard;

The sky was grey, and no creature

stirred, Except one little precocious bird, That chirped-and then was quiet.

So still without, -so still within ;-It had been a sin

To drop a pin— So intense is silence after a din.

It seemed like Death's rehearsal! To stir the air no eddy came; And the taper burnt with as still a

flame, As to flicker had been a burning shame,

In a calm so universal. The time for sleep had come at last;

And there was the bed, so soft, so vast, Quite a field of Bedfordshire clover; Softer, cooler, and calmer, no doubt,

For one of the pleasures of having a

Is the pleasure of having it over.

No sordid pallet, or truckle mean, Of straw, and rug, and tatters unclean; But a splendid, gilded, carved machine, That was fit for a Royal Chamber.

On the top was a gorgeous golden wreath:

And the damask curtains hung beneath, Like clouds of crimson and amber.

Curtains, held up by two little plump things,

With golden bodies and golden wings,-Mere fins for such solidities-

Two Cupids, in short, Of the regular sort,

But the housemaid called them " Cupidities."

No patchwork quilt, all seams and

But velvet, powdered with golden stars, A fit mantle for Night-Commanders! And the pillow, as white as snow un-

And as cool as the pool that the breeze has skimmed,

Was cased in the finest cambric, and

With the costliest lace of Flanders.

And the bed-of the Eider's softest down,

"Twas a place to revel, to smother, to drown

In a bliss inferred by the Poet: For if Ignorance be indeed a bliss, What blessed ignorance equals this, To sleep-and not to know it?

Oh, bed! oh, bed! delicious bed! That heaven upon earth to the weary

But a place that to name would be

To the head with a wakeful trouble-'Tis held by such a different lease! To one, a place of comfort and peace, All stuffed with the down of stubble

To another, with only the stubble.

To one, a perfect Haleyon nest,

All calm, and balm, and quiet, and rest, And soft as the fur of the cony;

To another, so restless for body and

the bed seems borrowed from

And the pillow from Stratford the

To the happy, a first-class carriage of ease.

To the land of Nod, or where you please:

alas! for the watchers and

weepers.

Who turn, and turn, and turn again, But turn, and turn, and turn in vain, With an anxious brain,

And thoughts in a train That does not run upon sleepers!

Wide awake as the mousing owl, Night-hawk, or other nocturnal fowl,-But more profitless vigils keeping,-Wide awake in the dark they stare, Filling with phantoms the vacant air, Had plotted to kill them sleeping.

And oh! when the blessed diurnal

To render our slumber more certain, Pity, pity the wretches that weep, For they must be wretched who cannot

Nature herself draws When

The careful Betty the pillow beats, And airs the blankets, and smooths the

And gives the mattress a shaking-But vainly Betty performs her part, If a ruffled head and a rumpled heart, As well as the couch want making.

There's Morbid, all bile, and verjuice, and nerves,

Where other people would make preserves,

He turns his fruits into pickles: Jealous, envious, and fretful by day, At night, to his own sharp fancies a

He lies like a hedgehog rolled up the wrong way. Tormenting himself with his prickles.

But a child—that bids the world good-

In downright earnest and cuts it

A Cherub no Art can copy,-'Tis a perfect picture to see him lie As if he had supped on dormouse pie (An ancient classical dish, by the bye), With a sauce of syrup of poppy.

Oh, bed! bed! bed! delicious bed! That heaven upon earth to the weary

Whether lofty or low its condition! But instead of putting our plagues on shelves,

In our blankets how often we toss our-

Or are tossed by such allegorical elves As Pride, Hate, Greed, and Am-

The independent Miss Kilmansegg Took off her independent Leg And laid it beneath her pillow,

And then on the bed her frame she

The time for repose had come at last, But long, long after the storm is past Rolls the turbid, turbulent billow.

No part she had in vulgar cares That belong to common household affairs -

Nocturnal annoyances such as theirs Who lie with a shrewd surmising That while they are couchant (a bitter

Their bread and butter are getting up, And the coals-confound them |-are

No fear she had her sleep to postpone, Like the crippled Widow who weeps alone,

And cannot make a doze her own, For the dread that mayhap on the morrow,

The true and Christian reading

A broker will take up her bed and

By way of curing her sorrow.

No cause like these she had to bewail: | For Fancy in dreams is as uncontrolled. But the breath of applause had blown a gale.

And winds from that quarter seldom

To cause some human commotion; But whenever such breezes coincide With the very spring-tide

Of human pride,

There's no such swell on the ocean!

Peace, and ease, and slumber lost, She turned, and rolled, and tumbled. and tossed.

With a tumult that would not settle: A common case, indeed, with such

As have too little, or think too much, Of the precious and glittering metal.

Gold !- she saw at her golden foot The Peer whose tree had an olden

The Proud, the Great, the Learned to

The handsome, the gay, and the witty-

The man of Science-of Arms-of Art, The man who deals but at Pleasure's

And the man who deals in the City. Gold, still gold-and true to the mould! In the very scheme of her dream it

For, by magical transmutation, From her Leg through her body it

seemed to go,

Till, gold above, and gold below, She was gold, all gold, from her little gold toe

To her organ of Veneration!

And still she retained, through Fancy's art,

The Golden Bow, and the Golden Dart, With which she had played a Goddess's

In her recent glorification.

And still, like one of the selfsame

On a Plinth of the selfsame metal

For the whole world's adoration.

And hymns and incense around her

From golden Harps and Censers of

As a horse without a bridle:

What wonder, then, from all checks

If, inspired by the Golden Leg, sh dreamt

She was turned to a Golden Idol?

#### HER COURTSHIP

When leaving Eden's happy land The grieving Angel led by the hand Our banished Father and Mother, Forgotten amid their awful doom,

The tears, the fears, and the future's On each brow was a wreath of Paradise

bloom,

That our Parents had twined for each

It was only while sitting like figures of stone.

For the grieving Angel had skyward

As they sat, those Two, in the world

With disconsolate hearts nigh cloven, That, scenting the gust of happier

They looked around for the precious flowers.

And lo!—a last relic of Eden's dear

The chaplet that Love had woven!

And still, when a pair of Lovers meet, There's a sweetness in air, unearthly sweet,

That savours still of that happy retreat Where Eve by Adam was courted:

Whilst the joyous Thrush, and the gentle Dove,

Wooed their mates in the boughs above. And the Serpent, as yet, only sported.

Who hath not felt that breath in the air, A perfume and freshness strange and

A warmth in the light, and a bliss everywhere,

When young hearts yearn together? All sweets below, and all sunny above, Oh! there's nothing in life like making

Save making hay in fine weather!

flowers.

A blossom too bright for this world of

Like a rose among snows of Sweden? But to turn again to Miss Kilmansegg, Where must Love have gone to beg, If such a thing as a Golden Leg Had put its foot in Eden?

And yet-to tell the rigid truth-Her favour was sought by Age and

For the prey will find a prowler: She was followed, flattered, courted, addressed,

Wooed, and cooed, and wheedled, and pressed,

By suitors from North, South, East, and West,

Like that Heiress, in song, Tibbie Fowler!

Bnt, alas! alas! for the Woman's fate. Who has from a mob to choose a mate! 'Tis a strange and painful mystery! But the more the eggs, the worse the

The more the fish, the worse the catch; The more the sparks, the worse the match:

Is a fact in Woman's history.

Give her between a brace to pick, And, mayhap, with luck to help the

She will take the Faustus, and leave the Old Nick-

But her future bliss to baffle, Amongst a score let her have a voice, And she'll have as little cause to rejoice,

As if she had won the "Man of her choice"

In a matrimonial raffle!

Thus, even thus, with the Heiress and

Fulfilling the adage of too much rope, With so ample a competition, She chose the least worthy of all the

Just as the vulture makes a stoop,

And singles out from the herd or

The beast of the worst condition.

Who hath not found amongst his A Foreign Count,-who came incog., Not under a cloud, but under a fog. In a Calais packet's fore-cabin,

To charm some lady, British-born, With his eyes as black as the fruit of the thorn,

And his hooky nose, and his beard half-shorn,

Like a half-converted Rabbin.

And because the Sex confess a charm, In the man who has slashed a head or arm.

Or has been a throat's undoing, He was dressed like one of the glorious

At least when Glory is off parade, With a stock, and a frock, well trimmed with braid,

And frogs-that went a-wooing.

Moreover, as Counts are apt to do, On the left-hand side of his dark surtout,

At one of those holes that buttons go

(To be a precise recorder), A ribbon he wore, or rather a scrap, About an inch of ribbon mayhap,

That one of his rivals, a whimsical Described as his "Retail Order."

And then-and much it helped his chance-

He could sing, and play first fiddle, and dance,

Perform charades, and Proverbs of

Act the tender, and do the cruel; For amongst his other killing parts, He had broken a brace of female

And murdered three men in duel!

Savage at heart, and false of tongue, Subtle with age, and smooth to the young

Like a snake in his coiling and curling-

Such was the Count-to give him a

Who came to court that Heiress rich, And knelt at her foot-one needn't say which-

Besieging her Castle of Sterling.

With prayers and vows he opened his trench,

And plied her with English, Spanish, and French,

In phrases the most sentimental.

And quoted poems in High and Low

Dutch,
With now and then an Italian touch

With now and then an Italian touch, Till she yielded, without resisting much,

To homage so continental.

And then the sordid bargain to close, With a miniature sketch of his hooky nose,

And his dear dark eyes, as black as sloes,

And his beard and whiskers as black as those,

The lady's consent he required—

The lady's consent he requited—
And instead of the lock that lovers beg,
The Count received from Miss Kilmansegg

A model, in small, of her Precious Leg— And so the couple were plighted!

But, oh! the love that gold must crown!

Better—better, the love of the clown, Who admires his lass in her Sunday

As if all the fairies had dressed her!
Whose brain to no crooked thought
gives birth,

Except that he never will part on earth,

With his true love's crooked tester!

Alas, for the love that's linked with gold!

Better—better a thousand times told— Most honest, happy, and laudible, The downright loving of pretty Cis, Who wipes her lips, though there's

And takes a kiss, and gives a kiss, In which her heart is audible!

Pretty Cis, so smiling and bright, Who loves as she labours, with all her

And without any sordid leaven!
Who blushes as red as haws and hips,
Down to her very finger-tips,

For Roger's blue ribbons—to her, like strips

Cut out of the azure of Heaven!

HER MARRIAGE.

'Twas morn—a most auspicious one! From the Golden East, the Golden Sun

Came forth his glorious race to run,
Through clouds of most splendid
tinges:

Clouds that lately slept in shade,
But now seemed made
Of gold brocade,

With magnificent golden fringes.

Gold above, and gold below.

The earth reflected the golden glow,
From river, and hill, and valley;

Gilt by the golden light of morn, The Thames—it looked like the Golden Horn,

And the Barge, that carried coal or corn,

Like Cleopatra's Gallery!

Bright as clusters of Golden-rod.

Suburban poplars began to nod,
With extempore splendour furnished;

While London was bright with glittering clocks, Golden dragons, and Golden cocks,

And above them all, The dome of St. Paul, With its Golden Cross and its Golden Ball,

Shone out as if newly burnished!

And lo! for Golden Hours and Joys, Troops of glittering Golden Boys Danced along with a jocumen noise,

And their gilded emblems carried! In short, 'twas the year's most Golden Day,

By mortals called the First of May, When Miss Kilmansegg Of the Golden Leg With a Golden Ring was married!

And thousands of children, women, and men,

Counted the clock from eight till ten, From St. James's sonorous steeple; For next to that interesting job, The hanging of Jack. or Bill, or Bot, There's nothing so draws a London

mob
As the noosing of very rich people.

And a treat it was for a mob to behold The bridal carriage that blazed with

And the footman tall, and the coachman bold,

In liveries so resplendent—

Coats you wondered to see in place,
They seemed so rich with golden lace,
That they might have been independent.

Coats that made these menials proud, Gaze with scorn on the dingy crowd, From their gilded elevations;

Not to forget that saucy lad (Ostentation's favourite cad),

The page, who looked so splendidly clad,

Like a page of the "Wealth of Nations."

But the coachman carried off the state, With what was a Lancashire body of late,

Turned into a Dresden Figure;
With a bridal nosegay of early bloom,
About the size of a birchen broom,
And so huge a white favour, had Gog
been groom,

He need not have worn a bigger.

And then to see the Groom! the Count!
With foreign orders to such an amount,
And whiskers so wild—nay, bestial;
He seemed to have borrowed the

shaggy hair,
As well as the stars of the Polar Bear,
To make him look celestial!

And then—Great Jove! the struggle, the crush,

The screams, the heaving, the awful rush,

The swearing, the tearing, and fighting,
The hats and bonnets smashed like an

The hats and bonnets smashed like an egg-

To catch a glimpse of the Golden Leg, Which, between the steps and Miss Kilmansegg,

Was fully displayed in alighting!

From the Golden Ankle up to the Knee,
There it was for the mob to see!
A shocking act had it chanced to be
A crooked leg or a skinny:

But although a magnificent veil she wore,

Such as never was seen before,

In case of blushes, she blushed no more Than George the First on a guinea!

Another step, and lo! she was launched! All in white, as brides are blanched,

With a wreath of most wonderful splendour—

Diamonds, and pearls, so rich in device, That, according to calculation nice, Her head was worth as royal a price

As the head of the Young Pretender.

Bravely she shone—and shone the more, As she sailed through the crowd of squalid and poor,

Thief, beggar, and tatterdemalion— Led by the Count, with his sloe-black

Bright with triumph, and some sur-

prise,
Like Anson, on making sure of his
Prize.

The famous Mexican Galleon!

Anon, came Lady K, with her face Quite made up to act with grace,

But she cut the performance shorter; For instead of pacing stately and stiff, At the stare of the vulgar she took a miff

And rau, full speed, into Church, as if To get married before her daughter.

But Sir Jacob walked more slowly, and bowed

Right and left to the gaping crowd,
Wherever a clance was seizable:

Wherever a glance was seizable: For Sir Jacob thought he bowed like a Guelph,

And therefore bowed to imp and elf, And would gladly have made a bow to himself

Had such a bow been feasible.

And last—and not the least of the sight.

sight, Six "Handsome Fortunes," all in white,

Came to help in the marriage rite,—
And rehearse their own hymeneals—
And then the bright procession to close,
They were followed by just as many

Quite fine enough for Ideals.

Glittering men and splendid dames, Thus they entered the porch of St. James,

Pursued by a thunder of laughter; For the Beadle was forced to intervene, For Jim the Crow, and his Mayday

With her gilded ladle, and Jack i' the Green.

Would fain have followed after!

Beadle-like he hushed the shout; But the temple was full "inside and

And a buzz kept buzzing all round about

Like bees when the day is sunny-A buzz universal that interfered

With the rite that ought to have been revered,

As if the couple already were smeared With Wedlock's treacle and honey!

Yet Wedlock's a very awful thing; 'Tis something like that feat in the

Which requires good nerve to do it— When one of a "Grand Equestrian

Troop"

Makes a jump at a gilded hoop, Not certain at all Of what may befall After his getting through it!

But the Count he felt the nervous work

No more than any polygamous Turk, Or bold piratical skipper,

Who, during his buccaneering search, Would as soon engage "a hand" in

As a hand on board his clipper!

And how did the Bride perform her

Like any Bride who is cold at heart, Mere snow with the ice's glitter; What but a life of winter for her! Bright but chilly, alive without stir, So splendidly comfortless,-just like a

When the frost is severe and bitter

Such were the future man and wife! Whose bale or bliss to the end of life A few short words were to settle-

Will you have this woman? I will-and then, Will you have this man? I will, and Amen-

And those Two were one Flesh, in the Angels' ken.

Except one Leg-that was metal.

Then the names were signed - and kissed the kiss:

And the Bride, who came from her coach a Miss,

As a Countess walked to her carriage-Whilst Hymen preened his plumes like

And Cupid fluttered his wings above, In the shape of a fly,—as little a Love As ever looked in at a marriage!

Another crash-and away they dashed. And the gilded carriage and footmen

From the eyes of the gaping people— Who turned to gaze at the toe-and-

Of the Golden Boys beginning a reel To the merry sound of a wedding-peal From St. James's musical steeple.

Those wedding bells! those wedding

How sweetly they sound in pastoral

From a tower in an ivy-green jacket! But town-made joys how dearly they

And after all are tumbled and tost, Like a peal from a London steeple, and

In town-made riot and racket.

The wedding-peal, how sweetly it peals With grass or heather beneath our

For bells are Music's laughter! But a London peal, well mingled, be

With vulgar noises and voices impure, What a harsh and discordant overture To the Harmony meant to come

But hence with Discord-perchance, too

To cloud the face of the honeymoon With a dismal occultation !-

Whatever Fate's concerted trick, The Countess and Count, at the present

Have a chicken, and not a crow, to pick

At a sumptuous Cold Collation.

A Breakfast—no unsubstantial mess, But one in the style of Good Queen Bess,

Who,—hearty as hippocampus,— Broke her fast with ale and beef, Instead of toast and the Chinese leaf, And—in lieu of anchovy—grampus!

A breakfast of fowl, and fish, and flesh,

Whalever was sweet, or salt, or fresh; With wines the most rare and curious—

Wines of the richest flavour and hue; With fruits from the worlds, both Old and New;

And fruits obtained before they were due

At a discount most usurious.

For wealthy palates there be, that scout

What is in season, for what is out, And prefer all precocious sayour: For instance, early green peas, of the

That costs some four or five guineas a quart;

Where the Mint is the principal flavour.

And many a wealthy man was there, Such as the wealthy City could spare, To put in a portly appearance—

Men, whom their fathers had helped to gild;

And men who had their fortunes to build.

And—much to their credit—had richly filled

Their purses by pursy-verance.

Men, by popular rumour at least,
Not the last to enjoy a feast!
And truly they were not idle!
Luckier far than the chestnut tits,
Which, down at the door, stood
champing their bits.

At a different sort of bridal.

For the time was come—and the whiskered Count

Helped his Bride in the carriage to mount,

And fain would the Muse deny it, But the crowd, including two butchers in blue

(The regular killing Whitechapel hue), Of her Precious Calf had as ample a view,

As if they had come to buy it!

Then away! away! with all the speed
That golden spurs can give to the
steed—

Both Yellow Boys and Guineas, indeed, Concurred to urge the cattle— Away they went, with favours white, Yellow jackets, and panels bright, And left the mob, like a mob at night, Agape at the sound of a rattle.

Away! away! they rattled and rolled, The Count, and his Bride, and her Leg of Gold—

That fated charm to the charmer! Away,—through Old Brentford rang the dim.

Of wheels and heels, on their way to

That hill, named after one of her kin, The hill of the Golden Farmer!

Gold, still gold—it flew like dust!
It tipped the post-boy, and paid the trust:

In each open palm it was freely thrust; There was nothing but giving and taking!

And if gold could ensure the future hour,

What hopes attended that Bride to her bower,

But alas! even hearts with a fourhorse power

Of opulence end in breaking!

#### HER HONEYMOON.

The moon—the moon, so silver and cold.

Her fickle temper has oft been told, Now shady—now bright and sunny— But of all the lunar things that change, The one that shows most fickle and strange.

And takes the most eccentric range, Is the moon—so called—of honey! To some a full-grown orb revealed, As big and as round as Norval's shield,

And as bright as a burner Bude-

To others as dull, and dingy, and damp, As any oleaginous lamp,

Of the regular old parochial stamp, In a London fog benighted.

To the loving, a bright and constant sphere.

That makes earth's commonest scenes appear

All poetic, romantic, and tender: Hanging with jewels a cabbage-stump, And investing a common post, or a pump,

A current-bush or a gooseberry clump, With a halo of dreamlike splendour.

A sphere such as shone from Italian

In Juliet's dear, dark, liquid eyes, Tipping trees with its argent

braveries-

And to couples not favoured with Fortune's boons,

One of the most delightful of moons, For it brightens their pewter platters and spoons

Like a silver service of Savory's!

For all is bright, and beauteous, and clear. And the meanest thing most precious

and dear,

When the magic of love is present: Love, that lends a sweetness and grace To the humblest spot and the plainest

That turns Wilderness Row into Para-

And Garlick Hill to Mount Pleasant!

Love that sweetens sugarless tea, And makes contentment and joy agree

With the coarsest boarding and

Love that no golden ties can attach, But nestles under the humblest thatch, And will fly away from an Emperor's

To dance at a Penny Wedding!

Oh, happy, happy, thrice happy state, When such a bright Planet governs

Of a pair of united lovers!

'Tis theirs, in spite of the Serpent's

To enjoy the pure primeval kiss, With as much of the old original bliss As mortality ever recovers!

There's strength in double joints, no

doubt, In double X Ale, and Dublin Stout, That the single sorts know nothing

And a fist is strongest when doubled-And double aqua-fortis, of course, And double soda water, perforce,

Are the strongest that ever bubbled There's double beauty whenever a Swan

Swims on a Lake with her double thereon:

And ask the gardener, Luke or John, Of the beauty of double-blowing-A double dahlia delights the eye:

And it's far the loveliest sight in the

When a double rainbow is glowing! There's warmth in a pair of double

As well as a double allowance of coals-

In a coat that is double-breasted-In double windows and double doors; And a double U wind is blest by scores

For its warmth to the tender-chested. There's a twofold sweetness in double

pipes ;

And a double barrel and double snipes the sportsman a duplicate

There's double safety in double locks; And double letters bring cash for the

And all the world knows that double

Are gentility's double measure.

There's a double sweetness in double

And a double at Whist, and a double

In profit are certainly double-

By doubling, the Hare contrives to escape:

And all seamen delight in a doubled

And a double-reefed topsail in trouble.

There's a double chuck at a double Who had never looked into Nature's

And of course there's a double pleasure

If the parties were brought to telling: And however our Dennises take offence, A double meaning shows double a nse: And if proverbs tell truth,

A double tooth

Is Wisdom's adopted dwelling!

But double wisdom, and pleasure, and sense.

Beauty, respect, strength, comfort and

Through whatever the list discovers. They are all in the double blessedness summed,

Of what was formerly double-drummed, The Marriage of two true Lovers!

Now the Kilmansegg moon-it must be told-

Though instead of silver it tipped with

Shone rather wan, and distant, and

And before its days were at thirty, Such gloomy clouds began to collect, With an ominous ring of ill effect,

As gave but too much cause to expect Such weather as seamen call dirty!

And yet the moon was the "Young May Moon,"

And the scented hawthorn blossomed soon,

And the thrush and the blackbird were singing-

The snow-white lambs were skipping in play,

And the bee was humming a tune all

To flowers as welcome as flowers in May,

And the trout in the stream was

But what were the hues of the blooming earth,

Its scents-its sounds-or the music and mirth

Of its furred or its feathered creatures,

To a pair in the world's last sordid

And had strange ideas of a Golden Age. Without any Arcadian features?

And what were joys of the pastoral

To a Bride-town-made-with a heart and a mind

With simplicity ever at battle? A bride of an ostentatious race.

Who, thrown in the Golden Farmer's

Would have trimmed her shepherds with golden lace,

And gilt the horns of her cattle.

She could not please the pigs with her whim.

And the sheep wouldn't cast their eyes at a limb

For which she had been such a

The deer in the park, and the colts at grass,

And the cows unheeded let it pass; And the ass on the common was such an ass,

That he wouldn't have swapped The thistle he cropped For her Leg, including the Garter!

She hated lanes, and she hated fields-She hated all that the country yields-

And barely knew turnips from clover; She hated walking in any shape, And a country stile was an awkward

scrape, Without the bribe of a mob to gape At the Leg in clambering over!

O blessed nature, "O rus! O rus!" Who cannot sigh for the country thus, Absorbed in a worldly torpor-

Who does not yearn for its meadowsweet breath,

Untainted by care, and crime, and

And to stand sometimes upon grass or

That soul, spite of gold, is a pauper!

But to hail the pearly advent of morn, And relish the odour fresh from the

She was far too pampered a madam-

Or to joy in the daylight waxing strong, But faults he had that a haughty While, after ages of sorrow and wrong, The scorn of the proud, the misrule of

And all the woes that to man belong,

The lark still carols the self-same song That he did to the uncurst Adam!

The Lark she had given all Leipsic's flocks

For a Vauxhall tune in a musical box; And as for the birds in the thicket, Thrush or ouzel in leafy niche,

The linnet or finch, she was far too rich To care for a Morning Concert to which She was welcome without any ticket.

Gold, still gold, her standard of old, All pastoral joys were tried by gold,

Or by fancies golden and crural-Till ere she had passed one week un-

As her agricultural Uncle's guest, Her mind was made up and fully im-

That felicity could not be rural!

the Count?-to the snow-white lambs at play,

And all the scents and the sights of May, And the birds that warbled their passion,

His ears, and dark eyes, and decided

Were as deaf and as blind and as dull as those

That overlook the Bouquet de Rose, The Huile Antique,

And Parfum Unique,

In a Barber's Temple of Fashion.

To tell, indeed, the true extent Of his rural bias, so far it went As to covet estates in ring fences-

And for rural lore he had learned in town,

That the country was green, turned up with brown,

And garnished with trees that a man might cut down

Instead of his own expenses.

And yet had that fault been his only

The Pair might have had few quarrels or none,

For their tastes thus far were in common;

a Golden Leg could hardly

Faults that would even have roused the pride

Of a far less metalsome woman!

It was early days indeed for a wife. In the very spring of her married life,

To be chilled by its wintry weather-But instead of sitting as Love-Birds do, Or Hymen's turtles that bill and coo, Enjoying their "moon and honey for two."

They were scarcely seen together!

In vain she sat with her Precious Leg A little exposed, a la Kilmansegg,

And rolled her eyes in their sockets: He left her in spite of her tender regards,

And those loving murmurs described by bards.

For the rattling of dice and the shuffling of cards,

And the poking of balls pockets!

Moreover he loved the deepest stake And the heaviest bet that players would make ;

And he drank-the reverse of sparely,-

And he used strange curses that made her fret;

And when he played with herself at piquet,

She found to her cost, For she always lost,

That the Count did not count quite

And then came dark mistrust and

Gathered by worming his secrets out, And slips in his conversations-

Fears, which all her peace destroyed, That his title was null,-his coffers were void-

And his French Château was in Spain,

The most airy of situations.

But still his heart-if he had such a

She—only she—might possess his heart, And hold his affections in fetters-

Alas! that Hope, like a crazy ship, Was forced its anchor and cable to slip

When, seduced by her fears, she took

a dip

In his private papers and letters.

Letters that told of dangerous leagues; And notes that hinted a many intrigues As the Count's in the "Barber of Savilla"—

In short such mysteries came to light, That the Countess-Bride on the thirtieth

might,

Woke and started up in affright,

And kicked and screamed with all her

might.

And finally fainted away outright,

For she dreamt she had married the

Devil!

#### HER MISERY.

Who hath not met with home-made bread,

A heavy compound of putty and lead—And home-made wines that rack the

And home-made liqueurs and waters? Home-made pop that will not feam, And home-made dishes that drive one

> Not to name each mess, For the face or dress.

Home-made by the homely daughters?

Home-made physic, that sickens the sick:

Thick for thin and thin for thick;— In short, each homogeneous trick

For poisoning domesticity?

And since our Parents, called the First,
A little family squabble nurst,

Of all our evils the worst of the worst Is home-made infelicity.

There's a Golden Bird that claps its wings,

And dances for joy on its perch, and sings

With a Persian exultation;
For the Sun is shining into the room,
And brightens up the carpet-bloom,
As if it were new, bran new from the

Or the lone Nun's fabrication.

And thence the glorious radiance flames
On pictures in massy gilded frames—
Enshrining, however, no painted Dames.

But portraits of colts and fillies—Pictures hanging on wall which shine, In spite of the bard's familiar line, With clusters of "gilded lilies."

And still the flooding sunlight shares Its lustre with gilded sofas and chairs, That shine as if freshly hyppiched.

That shine as if freshly burnished—And gilded tables with glittering stocks Of gilded china, and golden clocks, Toy, and trinket, and musical box,

That Peace and Paris have furnished.

And lo! with the brightest gleam of all

The glowing sunbeam is seen to fall
On an object as rare as splendid—
The golden foot of the golden Leg
Of the Countess—once Miss Kilman-

But there all sunshine is ended.

Her cheek is pale, and her eye is dim, And downward cast, yet not at the limb,

Once the centre of all speculation; But downward drooping in comfort's dearth,

As gloomy thoughts are drawn to the earth—

Whence human sorrows derive their birth—

By a moral gravitation.

Her golden hair is out of its braids, And her sighs betray the gloomy shades

That her evil planet revolves in— And tears are falling that catch a gleam

So bright as they drop in the sunny beam,

That tears of aqua regia they seem, The water that gold dissolves in!

Yet, not in filial grief were shed Those tears for a mother's insanity; Nor yet because her father was dead, For the bowing Sir Jacob had bowed

To Death—with his usual urbanity; The waters that down her visage rilled Were drops of unrectified spirit distilled From the limbeck of Pride and

Vanity.

Tears that fell alone and unchecked, Without relief, and without respect, Like the fabled pearls that the pigs neglect,

When pigs have that opportunity—And of all the griefs that mortal

The one that seems the hardest to bear Is the grief without community.

How blessed the heart that has a friend

A sympathizing ear to lend

To troubles too great to smother!

For as ale and porter when flat are restored.

Till a sparkling, bubbling head they afford.

So sorrow is checked by being poured From one vessel into another.

But friend or gossip she had not one To hear the vile deeds that the Count had done,

How night after night he rambled; And how she learned, by sad degrees, That he drank, and smoked, and worse than these.

than these,
That he "swindled, intrigued, and
gambled."

How he kissed the maids, and sparred with John:

And came to bed with his garments on; With other offences as heinous—

And brought strange gentlemen home to dine,

That he said were in the Fancy Line, And they fancied spirits instead of wine,

And called her lap-dog "Wenus."

Of "making a book," how he made a stir,

But never had written a line to her, Once his idol and Cara Sposa:

And how he had stormed, and treated her ill,

Because she refused to go down to a mill,

She didn't know where, but remembered

That the Miller's name was Mendoza.

How often he waked her up at night, And oftener still by the morning light, Recling home from his haunts unlawful:

Singing songs that shouldn't be sung, Except by beggars and thieves unhung—

Or volleying oaths that a foreign tongue Made still more horrid and awful!

How oft, instead of otto of rose, With vulgar smells he offended her nose,

From gin, tobacco, and onion!
And then how wildly he used to stare!
And shake his fist at nothing, and

swear,— And pluck by the handful his shaggy

Till he looked like a study of Giant Despair

For a new Edition of Bunyan!

For dice will run the contrary way, As well is known to all who play,

And cards will conspire as in treason: And what with keeping a hunting-box, Following fox—

Friends in flocks,
Burgundies, Hocks,
From London Docks:
Stultz's frocks,
Manton and Nock's
Barrels and locks,
Shooting blue rocks!
Trainers and jocks,
Buskins and socks,
Pugilistical knocks,
And fighting-cocks,

If he found himself short in funds and stocks,

These rhymes will furnish the reason!

His friends, indeed, were falling away— Friends who insist on play or pay— And he feared at no very distant day

To be cut by Lord and by cadger, As one who was gone or going to smash.

For his cheques no longer drew the cash.

Because, as his comrades explained in flash,

"He had everdrawn his badger."

Gold, gold—alas! for the gold

Spent where souls are bought and sold,

In Vice's Woldburgis revel!

In Vice's Walpurgis revel!
Alas! for muffles, and buildogs, and

The leg that walks, and the leg that

All real evils, though fancy ones, When they lead to debt, dishonour, and duns.

duns, Nay, to death, and perchance the Devil!

Alas! for the last of a Golden race! Had she cried her wrongs in the market-place.

She had warrant for all her clamour— For the worst of rogues, and brutes, and rakes,

Was breaking her heart by constant aches,

With as little remorse as the pauper who breaks

A flint with a parish hammer!

#### HER LAST WILL.

Now the Precious Leg, while cash was flush.

Or the Count's acceptance worth a rush,
Had never excited dissension;
But no scoper the stocks began to fall

But no sooner the stocks began to fall, Than, without any ossification at all, The limb became what people call

A perfect bone of contention.

For altered days brought altered ways, And instead of the complimentary

So current before her bridal—

The Countess heard, in language low, That her Precious Leg was precious slow,

A good 'un to look at, but bad to go, And kept quite a sum lying idle.

That instead of playing musical airs,
Like Colin's foot in going up-stairs—
As the wife in the Scottish ballad
declares—

It made an infernal stumping,
Whereas a member of cork, or wood,
Would be lighter and cheaper, and
quite as good,

Without the unbearable thumping.

P'rhaps she thought it a decent thing,
To show her calf to cobbler and king,

But nothing could be absurder—
While none but the crazy would
advertise

Their gold before their servants' eyes, Who of course some night would make it a prize,

By a Shocking and Barbarous Murder.

But spite of hint, and threat, and scoff, The Leg kept its situation: For legs are not to be taken off

By a verbal amputation.

And mortals when they take a whim, The greater the folly the stiffer the

That stands upon it-or by it—
So the Countess, then Miss Kilmansegg,
At her marriage refused to stir a peg,
Till the Lawyers had fastened on her
Leg.

As fast as the Law could tie it.

Firmly then—and more firmly yet— With scorn for scorn, and with threat for threat,

The Proud One confronted the Cruel: And loud and bitter the quarrel arose, Fierce and merciless—one of those, With spoken daggers, and looks like

blows,

In all but the bloodshed a duel!

Rash, and wild, and wretched, and wrong.

Were the words that came from Weak and Strong,

Till maddened for desperate matters, Fierce as tigress escaped from her den, She flew to her desk—'twas opened and then,

In the time it takes to try a pen, Or the clerk to utter his slow Amen, Her Will was in fifty tatters!

But the Count, instead of curses wild, Only nodded his head and smiled,

As if at the spleen of an angry child;
But the calm was deceitful and
sinister!

A lull like those of the treacherous sea-

For Hate in that moment had sworn to be

The Golden Leg's sole Legatee, And that very night to administer!

#### HER DEATH.

'Tis a stern and startling thing to think

How often mortality stands on the brink
Of its grave without any misgiving:

And yet in this slippery world of strife, | That her day was done-and merged In the stir of human bustle so rife, There are daily sounds to tell us that

Is dying, and Death is living!

Av. Beauty the Girl, and Love the Boy, Bright as they are with hope and joy, How their souls would sadden in-

To remember that one of those wedding-

bells.

That ring so merrily through the dells, Is the same that knells Our last farewells,

Only broken into a canter!

But breath and blood set doom at

How the wretched Countess thought,

When at night she unloosed her

That the Fates had woven her burialcloth,

And that Death, in the shape of a Death's Head Moth,

Was fluttering round her candle!

As she looked at her clock of or-molu, For the hours she had gone so wearily

At the end of a day of trial-How little she saw in her pride of

The Dart of Death in the Hand of

That hand which moved on the dial!

As she went with her taper up the stair, How little her swollen eye was aware That the Shadow which followed was double!

Or when she closed her chamber door, It was shutting out, and for evermore, The world-and its worldly trouble.

Little she dreamt, as she laid aside Her jewels-after one glance of pride-They were solemn bequests to Vanity-

Or when her robes she began to doff, That she stood so near to the putting

Of the flesh that clothes humanity.

And when she quenched the taper's light, How little she thought as the smoke took flight,

in a night

Of dreams and duration uncertain-Or, along with her own, That a hand of bone

Was closing mortality's curtain!

But life is sweet, and mortality blind, And youth is hopeful, and Fate is kind

In concealing the day of sorrow; And enough is the present tense of

For this world is, to all, a stiffish soil-And the mind flies back with a glad recoil From the debts not due till to-morrow.

Wherefore else does the Spirit fly And bid its daily cares good-bye, Along with its daily clothing?

Just as the Felon condemned to die-With a very natural loathing-

Leaving the Sheriff to dream of ropes, From his gloomy cell in a vision elopes,

To caper on sunny greens and slopes, Instead of the dance upon nothing.

Thus, even thus, the Countess slept, While Death still nearer and nearer

Like the Thane who smote the sleeping-

But her mind was busy with early joys, Her golden treasures and golden toys, That flashed a bright

And golden light

Under lids still red with weeping.

The golden doll that she used to hug! Her coral of gold, and the golden mug! Her godfather's golden presents!

The golden service she had at her

The golden watch, and chain, and seals, Her golden scissors, and thread and reels, And her golden fishes and pheasants!

The golden guineas in silken purse-And the Golden Legends she heard from her nurse,

Of the Mayor in his gilded carriage-And London streets that were paved with gold-

And the Golden Eggs that were laid

With each golden thing

At her own auriferous Marriage!

And still the golden light of the sun Through her golden dream appeared to

Though the night that roared without was one

To terrify seamen or gipsies— While the moon, as if in malicious

mirth,
Kept peeping down at the ruffled earth,
As though she enjoyed the tempest's
hirth.

In revenge of her old eclipses.

But vainly, vainly, the thunder fell, For the soul of the sleeper was under

a spell
That Time had lately embittered—
The Count, as once at her foot he
kneit—

That foot which now he wanted to melt! But—kush!—'twas a stir at her pillow she felt—

And some object before her glittered.
"Twas the Golden Leg!—She knew its gleam!

And up she started, and tried to

But ev'n in the moment she started— Down came the limb with a frightful

And, lost in the universal flash

That her eyeballs made at so mortal a

The Spark, called Vital, departed!
Gold, still gold! hard, yellow, and cold,
For gold she had lived, and she died
for gold—

By a golden weapon—not oaken; In the morning they found her all

Stiff, and bloody, and cold as stone— But her Leg, the Golden Leg, was gone, And the "Golden Bowl was broken!"

Gold, still gold! it haunted her yet— At the Golden Lion the Inquest met— Its foreman a carver and gilder—

And the jary debated from twelve till three

What the verdict ought to be,
And they brought it in as Felo de Se,
"Because her own Leg had killed
her!"

HER MORAL.

Gold! Gold! Gold! Gold! Bright and yellow, hard and cold, Molten, graven, hammered, and rolled; Heavy to get, and light to hold; Hoarded, bartered, bought, and sold, Stolen, borrowed, squandered, doled: Spurned by the young, but hugged by the old

To the very verge of the churchyard mould;

Price of many a crime untold; Gold! Gold! Gold! Gold! Good or bad a thousand-fold!

How widely its agencies vary—
To save—to ruin—to curse—to bless—
As even its minted coins express,
Now stamped with the image of Good
Queen Bess,

And now of a Bloody Mary!

DOMESTIC ASIDES; OR, TRUTH IN PARENTHESES.

"I REALLY take it very kind,
This visit, Mrs. Skinner!
I have not seen you such an age—
(The wretch has come to dinner!)

"Your daughters, too, what loves of girls-

What heads for painters' easels!
Come here and kiss the infant, dears—
(And give it p'rhaps the measles!)
"Your charming boys I see are home
From Reverend Mr. Russell's;
"Twas very kind to bring them both—
(What boots for my new Brussels!)
"What! little Clara left at home?
Well now I call that shabby:
I should have loved to kiss her so—
(A flabby, dabby, babby!)

"And Mr. S., I hope he's well, Ah! though he lives so handy, He never now drops in to sup— (The better for our brandy!)

"Come, take a seat—I long to hear About Matilda's marriage; You're come of course to spend the day! (Thank Heaven I hear the carriage!) "What, must you go? next time I hope You'll give me longer measure; Nay—I shall see you down the stairs—(With most uncommon pleasure!) "Good-bye! good-bye! remember all, Next time you'll take your dinners! (Now, David, mind I'm not at home

In future to the Skinners!")

## DEATH'S RAMBLE.

One day the dreary old King of Death Inclined for some sport with the carnal,

So he tied a pack of darts on his back, And quietly stole from his charnel.

His head was bald of flesh and of hair, His body was lean and lank,

His joints at each stir made a crack, and the cur

Took a gnaw, by the way, at his shank.

And what did he do with his deadly darts,

This goblin of grisly bone?

He dabbled and spilled man's blood, and he killed

Like a butcher that kills his own.

The first he slaughtered it made him laugh

(For the man was a coffin-maker), To think how the mutes, and men in black suits,

Would mourn for an undertaker.

Death saw two Quakers sitting at church:

Quoth he, "We shall not differ."

And he let them alone, like figures of stone,

For he could not make them stiffer.

He saw two duellists going to fight, In fear they could not smother; And he shot one through at once—for he knew

They never would shoot each other.

He saw a watchman fast in his box, And he gave a snore infernal; Said Death, "He may keep his breath,

for his sleep Can never be more eternal."

He met a coachman driving his coach, So slow, that his fare grew sick; But he let him stray on his tedious way, For Death only wars on the quick.

Death saw a toll-man taking a toll, In the spirit of his fraternity; But he knew that sort of man would

Though summoned to all eternity.

He found an author writing his life, But he let him write no further; For Death, who strikes whenever he

likes,

Is jealous of all self-murther!

Death saw a patient that pulled out his purse,

And a doctor that took the sum; But he let them be—for he knew that the "fee"

Was a prelude to "faw" and "fum."

He met a dustman ringing a bell,
And he gave him a mortal thrust;
For himself by law, since Adam's flaw,
Is contractor for all our dust.

He saw a sailor mixing his grog,
And he marked him out for slaughter,
For on water he scarcely had cared for
Death,

And never on rum-and-water.

Death saw two players playing at cards, But the game wasn't worth a dump, For he quickly laid them flat with a spade.

To wait for the final trump.

## FAITHLESS SALLY BROWN.

AN OLD BALLAD.

Young Ben he was a nice young man, A carpenter by trade; And he fell in love with Sally Brown, That was a lady's maid.

But as they fetched a walk one day,
They met a press-gang crew;
And Sally she did faint away,
Whilst Ben he was brought to.

The Boatswain swore with wicked words,

Enough to shock a saint, That though she did seem in a fit, 'Twas nothing but a feint.

"Come, girl," said he, "hold up your head,

He'll be as good as me;
For when your swain is in our boat,
A boatswain he will be."

So when they'd made their game of her,
And taken off her elf,
She roused and found she only was

She roused, and found she only was A coming to herself.

"And is he gone, and is he gone?"
She cried, and wept outright:

"Then I will to the water side, And see him out of sight."

A waterman came up to her,
"Now, young woman," said he,
"If you weep on so, you will make
Eye-water in the sea."

"Alas! they've taken my beau Ben To sail with old Benbow;" And her woe began to run afresh, As if she'd said Gee woe!

Says he, "They've only taken him To the Tender ship, you see;" "The Tender ship," cried Sally Brown, "What a hard-ship that must be!

"Oh! would I were a mermaid now,
For then I'd follow him;
But oh!—I'm not a fish-woman,
And so I cannot swim.

"Alas! I was not born beneath The Virgin and the Scales, So I must curse my cruel stars, And walk about in Wales."

Now Ben had sailed to many a place That's underneath the world; But in two years the ship came home, And all her sails were furled.

But when he called on Sally Brown,
To see how she went on,
He found she'd got another Ben,
Whose Christian name was John.

"O Sally Brown, O Sally Brown, How could you serve me so? Twe met with many a breeze before, But never such a blow."

Then reading on his 'bacco box,
He heaved a bitter sigh,
And then began to eye his pipe,
And then to pipe his eye.

And then he tried to sing "All's Well,"
But could not though he tried;
His head was turned, and so he chewed
His pigtail till he died.

His death, which happened in his berth, At forty-odd befell: They went and told the sexton, and The sexton toll'd the bell.

## FAITHLESS NELLIE GRAY.

A PATHETIC BALLAD.

BEN BATTLE was a soldier bold,
And used to war's alarms:
But a cannon-ball took off his legs,
So he laid down his arms!

Now as they bore him off the field, Said he, "Let others shoot, For here I leave my second leg, And the Forty-second Foot!"

The army-surgeons made him limbs: Said he,—"They're only pegs: But there's as wooden members quita As represent my legs!"

Now Ben he loved a pretty maid, Her name was Nellie Gray; So he went to pay her his devours When he'd devoured his pay!

But when he called on Nellie Gray, She made him quite a scoff; And when she saw his wooden legs, Began to take them off!

"O Nelly Gray! O Nelly Gray!
Is this your love so warm?
The love that loves a scarlet coat,
Should be more uniform!"

Said she, "I loved a soldier once, For he was blithe and brave; But I will never have a man With both legs in the grave!

"Before you had those timber toes, Your love I did allow, But then, you know, you stand upon Another footing now!"

"O Nelly Gray! O Nelly Gray!
For all your jeering speeches,
At duty's call I left my legs
In Badajos's breaches!"

"Why, then," said she, "you've lost the feet

Of legs in war's alarms,
And now you cannot wear your shees
Upon your feats of arms!"

"O false and fickle Nelly Gray;
I know why you refuse:—
Though I've no feet—some other man
Is standing in my shoes!

"I wish I ne'er had seen your face;
But, now, a long farewell!
For you will be my death;—alas!
You will not be my Nell!"

Now when he went from Nelly Gray, His heart so heavy got— And life was such a burthen grown, It made him take a knot!

So round his melancholy neck
A rope he did entwine,
And, for his second time in life,
Enlisted in the Line!

One end he tied around a beam,
And then removed his pegs,
And, as his legs were off,—of course,
He soon was off his legs!

And there he hung till he was dead As any nail in town,— For though distress had cut him up, It could not cut him down!

A dozen men sat on his corpse,
To find out why he died—
And they buried Ben in four crossroads,
With a stake in his inside!

# TIM TURPIN.

A PATHETIC BALLAD.

I.

TIM TURPIN he was gravel-blind, And ne'er had seen the skies: For Nature, when his head was made, Forgot to dot his eyes.

Ι.

So, like a Christmas pedagogue,
Poor Tim was forced to do—
Look out for pupils: for he had
A vacancy for two.

III.

There's some have specs to help their sight
Of objects dim and small:
But Tim had specks within his eyes,
And could not see at all.

IV

Now Tim he woodd a servant maid, And took her to his arms; For he, like Pyramus, had cast A wall-eye on her charms,

V

By day she led him up and down,
Where'er he wished to jog,
A happy wife, altho' she led
The life of any dog.

VI.

But just when Tim had lived a month In honey with his wife, A surgeon ope'd his Milton eyes, Like oysters, with a knife.

VII

But when his eyes were opened thus, He wished them dark again: For when he looked upon his wife, He saw her very plain.

VIII

Her face was bad, her figure worse, He couldn't bear to eat: For she was anything but like A grace before his meat.

IX.

Now Tim he was a feeling man:
For when his sight was thick
It made him feel for everything—
But that was with a stick.

X.

So, with a cudgel in his hand,
It was not light or slim—
He knocked at his wife's head until
It opened unto him.

XI.

And when the corpse was stiff and cold, He took his slaughtered spouse, And laid her in a heap with all The ashes of her house,

XII.

But like a wicked murderer,
He lived in constant fear
From day to day, and so he cut
His throat from ear to ear.

XIII

The neighbours fetched a doctor in:
Said he, "This wound I dread
Can hardly be sewed up—his life
Is hanging on a thread."

XIV.

But when another week was gone, He gave him stronger hope— Instead of banging on a thread, Of hanging on a rope.

XV.

Ah! when he hid his bloody work In ashes round about, How little he supposed the truth Would soon be sifted out.

XVI.

But when the parish dustman came,
His rubbish to withdraw,
He found more dust within the heap
Than he contracted for!

XVII.

A dozen men to try the fact
Were sworn that very day;
But though they all were jurors, yet
No conjurors were they.

XVIII.

Said Tim unto those jurymen,
"You need not waste your breath,
For I confess myself at once
The author of her death.

XIX.

"And, oh! when I reflect upon The blood that I have spilt, Just like a button is my soul, Inscribed with double guilt!"

XX.

Then turning round his head again, He saw before his eyes A great judge, and a little judge, The judges of a-size!

XXI.

The great judge took his judgment cap, And put it on his head, And sentenced Tim by law to hang Till he was three times dead. XXII

So he was tried, and he was hung (Fit punishment for such) On Horsham-drop, and none can say It was a drop too much.

#### JOHN TROT.

A BALLAD.

I.

John Trot he was as tall a lad As York did ever rear— As his dear Granny used to say, He'd make a grenadier.

II.

A sergeant soon came down to York, With ribbons and a frill; "My lads," said he, "let broadcast be, And come away to drill."

TIT.

But when he wanted John to list, In war he saw no fun, Where what is called a raw recruit Gets often over-done.

IV.

"Let others carry guns," said he,
"And go to war's alarms,
But I have got a shoulder-knot
Imposed upon my arms."

V.

For John he had a footman's place
To wait on Lady Wye—
She was a dumpy weman, tho'
Her family was high.

VI.

Now when two years had passed away Her lord took very ill, And left her to her widowhood, Of course more dumpy still.

VII.

Said John, "I am a proper man,
And very tall to see;
Who knows, but now her lord is low,
She may look up to me?

VIII.

"A cunning woman told me once, Such fortune would turn up; She was a kind of sorceress, But studied in a cup!" IX.

So he walked up to Lady Wye, And took her quite amazed,— She thought, tho' John was ta enough,

He wanted to be raised.

X.

But John—for why? she was a dame
Of such a dwarfish sort—
Had only come to bid her make
Her mourning very short.

XI.

Said he, "Your lord is dead and cold, You only cry in vain; Not all the cries of London now Could call him back again!

XII

"You'll soon have many a noble beau,
To dry your noble tears—
But just consider this, that I
Have followed you for years.

XIII

"And tho' you are above me far,
What matters high degree,
When you are only four foot nine,
And I am six foot three!

XIV.

"For tho' you are of lofty race,
And I'm a low-born elf;
Yet none among your friends could say
You matched beneath yourself."

XV.

Said she, "Such insolence as this Can be no common case; Tho' you are in my service, sir, Your love is out of place."

XVI.

"O Lady Wye! O Lady Wye!

Consider what you do;

How can you be so short with me,

I am not so with you!"

XVII.

Then ringing for her serving men,
They showed him to the door:
Said they, "You turn out better now,
Why didn't you before?"

XVIII.

They stripped his coat, and gave him kicks

For all his wages due;
And off, instead of green and gold,
He went in black and blue.

XIX.

No family would take him in, Because of his discharge; So he made up his mind to serve The country all at large.

XX.

"Huzza!" the sergeant cried, and put The money in his hand, And with a shilling cut him off From his paternal land.

XXI.

For when his regiment went to fight At Saragossa town, A Frenchman thought he looked too tall, And so he cut him down

#### THE DUEL.

A SERIOUS BALLAD.

"Like the two Kings of Brentford smelling at one nosegay."

In Brentford town, of old renown, There lived a Mister Bray, Who fell in love with Lucy Bell, And so did Mr. Clay.

To see her ride from Hammersmith, By all it was allowed, Such fair outsides are seldom seen, Such Angels on a Cloud.

Said Mr. Bray to Mr. Clay,
"You choose to rival me,
And court Miss Bell, but there your
court

No thoroughfare shall be.

"Unless you now give up your suit,
You may repent your love;
I who have shot a pigeon match,
Can shoot a turtle dove.

"So pray, before you woo her more, Consider what you do; If you pop aught to Lucy Bell—

I'll pop it into you."

Said Mr. Clay to Mr. Bray,
"Your threats I quite explode;
One who has been a volunteer
Knows how to prime and load.

"And so I say to you unless
Your passion quiet keeps,
I who have shot and hit bulls' eyes,
May chance to hit a sheep's."

Now gold is oft for silver changed, And that for copper red; But these two went away to give Each other change for lead.

But first they sought a friend apiece,
This pleasant thought to give—
When they were dead, they thus should
have

Two seconds still to live.

To measure out the ground not long
The seconds then forebore,
And having taken one rash step,
They took a dozen more.

They next prepared each pistol-pan Against the deadly strife, By putting in the prime of death Against the prime of life.

Now all was ready for the foes, But when they took their stands, Fear made them tremble so they found They both were shaking hands.

Said Mr. C. to Mr. B.,

"Here one of us may fall,
And like St. Paul's Cathedral now,
Be doomed to have a ball.

"I do confess I did attach
Misconduct to your name;
If I withdraw the charge, will then
Your ramrod do the same?"

Said Mr. B., "I do agree— But think of Honour's Courts! If we go off without a shot, There will be strange reports.

"But look, the morning now is bright,
Though cloudy it begun;
Why can't we aim above, as if
We had called out the sun?"

So up into the harmless air Their bullets they did send; And may all other duels have That upshot in the end! 232 MORAL REFLECTIONS ON THE CROSS OF ST. PAUL'S.

I.

THE man that pays his pence, and goes
Up to thy lofty cross, St. Paul,
Looks over London's naked nose,
Women and men:

The world is all beneath his ken, He sits above the Ball.

He seems on Mount Olympus' top. Among the Gods, by Jupiter! and lets drop

His eyes from the empyreal clouds On mortal crowds.

TT

Seen from these skies,
How small those emmets in our eyes!
Some carry little sticks—and one
His eggs—to warm them in the sun:
Dear! what a hustle,

And bustle!
And there's my aunt. I know her by
her waist,
So long and thin,

And so pinched in, Just in the pismire taste.

ш.

Oh! what are men?—Beings so small,
That, should I fall
Upon their little heads, I must

Upon their little heads, I must Crush them by hundreds into dust!

IV.

And what is life? and all its ages—
There's seven stages!
Turnham Green! Chelsca! Putney!

Brentford! and Kew!
And Tooting, too!

And oh! what very little nags to pull

Yet each would seem a horse indeed, If here at Paul's tip-top we'd got 'em; Although, like Cinderella's breed,

They're mice at bottom.

Then let me not despise a horse.

Though he looks small from Paul's

high cross! Since he would be,—as near the sky,

-Fourteen hands high.

What is this world with London in its lap?

Mogg's Map.

The Thames that ebbs and flows in its broad channel? A tidy kennel.

The bridges stretching from its banks? Stone planks.

Oh me! hence could I read an ad-

To mad Ambition!

But that he would not listen to my call, Though I should stand upon the cross, and ball!

# A LAY OF REAL LIFE.

"Some are born with a wooden spoon in their mouths, and some with a golden ladle."

"Some are born with tin rings in their noses, and some with silver ones."—Silversmith.

Wно ruined me, ere I was born, Sold every acre, grass or corn, And left the next heir all forlorn My Grandfather.

Who said my mother was no nurse, And physicked me and made me worse, Till infancy became a curse?

My Grandmother.

Who left me in my seventh year, A comfort to my mother dear, And Mr. Pope, the overseer? My Father.

Who let me starve, to buy her gin, Till all my bones came through my skin, Then called me "ugly little sin"? My Mother.

Who said my mother was a Turk? And took me home—and made me work, But managed half my meals to shirk? My Aunt.

Who "of all earthly things" would boast, "He hated others' brats the most," And therefore made me feel my post?

My Uncle.

Who got in scrapes an endless score, And always laid them at my door, Till many a bitter bang I bore? My Cousin.

Who took me home when mother died, Again with father to reside, Black shoes, clean knives, run far and

My Stepmother.

Who marred my stealthy urchin joys, And when I played cried, "What a noise!"

Girls always hector over boys-My Sister.

Who used to share in what was mine, Or took it all, did he incline, 'Cause I was eight, and he was nine? My Brother.

Who stroked my head, and said "Good

And gave me sixpence, "all he had?" But at the stall the coin was bad? My Godfather.

Who, gratis, shared my social glass, But when misfortune came to pass, Referred me to the pump? Alas! My Friend.

Through all this weary world, in brief, Who ever sympathised with grief, Or shared my joy-my sole relief? Myself.

## A LAMENT FOR THE DECLINE OF CHIVALRY.

Well hast thou cried, departed Burke, All chivalrous romantic work

Is ended now and past!-That iron age - which some have

Of metal rather overwrought Is now all overcast.

Ay,-where are those heroic knights Of old-those armadillo wights

Who wore the plated vest,— Great Charlemagne, and all his peers Are cold-enjoying with their spears An everlasting rest!

bold King Arthur sleepeth | The curtal-axe is out of date! The sound,

So sleep his knights who gave that

Old Table such éclat!

Oh Time has plucked that plumy

And none engage at turneys now But those who go to law.

Grim John o' Gaunt is quite gone by, And Guy is nothing but a Guy, Orlando lies forlorn !-Bold Sidney, and his kidney-nay, Those "early Champions"-what are

But Knights without a morn!

No Percy branch now perseveres Like those of old in breaking spears-The name is now a lie. Surgeons, alone, by any chance, Are all that ever couch a kince To couch a body's eye!

Alas for Lion-hearted Dick, That cut the Moslem to the quick, His weapon lies in piece,-Oh, it would warm them in a trice, If they could only have a spice Of his old mace in Greece!

The famed Rinaldo lies a-cold, And Tancred too, and Godfrey bold, That scaled the holy wall! No Saracen meets Paladin, We hear of no great Saladin, But only grow the small.

Our Cressys too have dwindled since To penny things-at our Black Prince Historic pens would scoff-The only one we moderns had Was nothing but a Sandwich lad, And measles took him off.

Where are those old and feudal Their pikes, and bills, and partizans, Their hauberks—jerkins—buffs?

A battle was a battle then, A breathing piece of work-but men Fight now with powder puffs!

good old cross-bow bends to The 'Tis gone-the archer's craft! No tough arm bends the springing

And jolly draymen ride, in lieu Of Death, upon the shaft.

The spear—the gallant tilter's pride— The rusty spear is laid aside, Oh spits now domineer! The coat of mail is left alone-And where is all chain armour Go ask at Brighton Pier.

We fight in ropes and not in Bestowing hand-cuffs with our fists,

A low and yulgar art! No mounted man is overthrown-A tilt-it is a thing unknown, Except upon a cart:

Methinks I see the bounding bard Clad like his chief in steely garb. For warding steel's appliance! Methinks I hear the trumpet stir, 'Tis but the guard to Exeter That bugles the "Defiance."

In cavils when will cavaliers Set ringing helmets by the ears And scatter plumes about? Or blood-if they are in the vein-That tap will never run again, Alas the Casque is out.

No iron-crackling now is scored By dint of battle-axe or sword To find a vital place-Though certain doctors still pretend Awhile, before they kill a friend, To labour through his case.

ancient men of Farewell, then, Crusader, errant squire, and knight! Our coats and customs soften.

To rise would only make ye weep-Sleep on, in rusty iron sleep,

As in a safety coffin.

# THE. PENNY POETS.



The Masterpieces of English, Scottish, Irish, and American and Colonial Poetry.

Read the following Testimonies with reference to their Popularity and Usefulness.

By Mr. C. J. STEEL, M.A., of Rugby.

At an important Educational Conference at Liverpool, in January, Mr. C. J. Steel, M.A., Assistant Master and House Master at Rugby School, spoke on the teaching of English in Secondary and Primary Schools, and warmly commended the Series of PENNY POETS. In naming books used for class reading at Rugby, he said:—

"The boys at Rugby have read, most delightful of all, two courses selected from Mr. W. T. Stead's invaluable Penny Poets, one extending from Cowper to Wordsworth, and the other comprising many of the American and English Poets of the first half of the Nineteenth Century. . . The evil, that of the cost of books, has been lessened of recent years by the multiplication of good and cheap editions of English Classics; but above all I am grateful for the Penny Poets, which have made it possible to cover ground which, without them, it would have been impossible to reach in teaching."

## By A SOLDIER.

A Staff-Sergt, in the Royal Canadian Field Artillery sent to the Publishers the following interesting and suggestive letter:—

"I purchased the Penny Poets complete a few years ago, and I can truthfully say it was the best investment in anything I ever made. I had little or no knowledge of the beauties of poetry until I made the purchase—except, perhaps, 'Gray's Elegy,' and a few others. Now I do not know how I could manage without the Penny Poets. Such poems as Shelley's 'Adonis' and 'To'a Skylark,' and numberless others, of which I had not even heard before, are to me now a source of the greatest pleasure and consolation. The great good you must have accomplished already by such publications is beyond estimation. At any rate, I thank you most heartily for the blessings they have conferred on the writer, and for the pleasure I have yet to derive from their perusal." from their perusal.

The Best Poems of the BEST Poets in the English Language, in little volumes, will be forwarded post free to your Address if you will send Postal Order for 6/- (or 8/- if you live outside the United Kingdom) to—

THE PUBLISHER, THE "PENNY POETS," 39, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON, E.C.

"In all Schools, National and Patriotic Songs—English, Scottish, Irish, and Welsh—should be taught and practised daily."

Vide the new "Suggestions to Teachers in Primary Schools."

# FAMOUS NATIONAL SONGS

FOR THE

# SCHOOL AND THE HOME.

(39 Songs-English, Scotch, Irish, and Welsh.)
WORDS AND MUSIC (Tonic Sol-fa).

Edited by R. S. WOOD,

Author of Macmillan's "Word-Building and Composition," and Editor of "Poems for the Schoolroom and the Scholar."

FORTY-EIGHT PAGES OF MUSIC FOR A PENNY, IN COLOURED COVER.

A WELCOME SEQUEL TO

# Poems for the Schoolroom and the Scholar.

(Nos. 49, 54, 56, and 60 of "The Penny Poets.")

"Famous National Songs" may be had through any Newsagent, or the book will be supplied to Schools at 6s. per 100 (7s. carriage paid), on application to the Manager, "Review of Reviews" Office, Mowbray House, Norfolk Street, London, W.C.

# RED RIDING HOOD.

A Musical Play.

The Libretto, by GLADYS DAVIDSON, is unusually bright and sparkling,

And the Twelve Original Songs, by LOUISE EGERTON, are set to very graceful music by

# STEPHEN R. PHILPOT.

WORDS AND MUSIC (Staff Notation), Music Size, PRICE ONE SHILLING. By Post 1/1.

London: EGERTON & CO., Savoy House, 115, Strand, W.C.

# Books for the Bairns

No School should be without at least some of the Numbers of this most popular series of Children's Books.

# THEY ARE THE CLASSICS OF THE SCHOOLROOM.

# Selections from the List :-

- 1 & 26. Æsop's Fables. 2. The Tales and Wonders of Jesus.
- 5. Reynard the Fox
- 8 & 21. Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress."

  9. The Story of the Robins.

  11 & 15. Gulliver's Travels.
- 14. Eyes and no Eyes, and the Three Giants.
- 23. Travels of Baron Munchausen. 24. Tale of a Donkey's Life. 25. Sinbad the Sailor.
- 27. Labours of Hercules
- 28 & 29. Robinson Crusoe
- 30. Perseus the Gorgon Slayer. 31. Famous Stories from English
- 35. Hymns with Pictures.
- 36. Great Events in British History
- 38. Seven Champions of Christen-

- 41. Fairy Tales from Flowerland 43. King Arthur and his Knights.
- 47. From Jan. to Dec. (Nature
- Studies).
  51. Tales of Long Ago.
  53 & 54. The Red Cross Knight.
  55. A Story Book of Country
- Scenes.
- 60. The Wonder Book. 62 & 63. Pictures from England's Story. 64. Stories from Ancient Rome.

- 64. Stories from Ancient Notice.
  65 & 66. Uncle Tom's Cabin.
  67. King Alfred the Great.
  71 & 73. Don Quixote.
  74. The Kings and Queens of England. (Double Number). Twopence. 82. John Gilpin. 83. Stories from Chaucer.

- 84. Illustrated Recitations for the School and the Home.

# Letters from School Teachers.

"John Gilpin is one of the very cleverest things yet done in this Series. The artist has excelled himself. It will do more to introduce Cowper's ever-green Masterpiece to the school public than anything else I am acquainted with."

"The Chaucer is remarkable! Who would have thought that children would be able to sample Chaucer in a guise so fair and pleasing !"

# An Educationist's Tribute to Books for the Bairns.



In a newly published volume, the "Reform of Moral and Biblical Education," by Mr. Frank H. Hayward, the Author says:—

"I cannot refrain from calling attention, before I leave the present problem, to the contribution of Mr. W. T. Stead to its solution. His splendid series of penny books, over seventy in number, is quite a unique production. Even the illustrations, despite the cheapness of the series, are marvellously good. Several of the books are specially interesting in the above connection.

"Two numbers are devoted to Æsop; two to the Arabian Nights; three to Hans Christian Andersen (they include the splendid stories of The Ugly Duckling and The Snow Queen); one to Grimm; one contains Cinderella, Beauty and the Beast, and other stories of established reputation and great moral value; one is devoted to Indian and another to Chinese stories; two others to Persian and Japanese tales respectively. Where, it may be asked, lies the value of Chinese and Indian stories for British children? The value lies here; such stories convince a child that human nature is the same the world over, and thus they awaken sympathies which otherwise would remain dormant. A Hindu story does for a child's thoughts about the Hindu world what one of the Grimm's stories does for his thoughts about the animal world.

"This wonderful series also includes stories from Hauff and Mark Lemon; Wonder Tales (about Midas, Pandora, and Pegasus) from the pen of Hawthorne; and works by recognised lady writers of children's stories. Then the independent parts of Sandford and Merton are brought into contribution, as are also Arthurian and other legends, Roman and Greek stories (such as the average poor child will never otherwise hear in his life), English historical incidents, the life of Alfred the Great, and so forth.

"Such a Series of 'Books for the Bairns' is precisely what English education has been yearning for. If used extensively and wisely, alike in school and at home, they are bound to effect the great end which must always be kept in view, namely, the creation of interesting reading. The books are a liberal education for the young, and the child who is familiar with a dozen of them possesses more than the rudiments of culture.

"I repeat, moral education must almost certainly begin with the culture of the imagination. Then will come the passing of the simpler moral judgments. Then reflection upon these judgments, and the definition and formulation of moral principles. Any other order than this may be 'religious,' but it is not psychological or scientific. For infant schools we shall therefore probably be compelled to use some such material as that above indicated." (Pp. 202—3).

A Sample Copy will be sent to any address on receipt of Three halfpence in stamps. A Set of 80 books will be sent to any address for 10/-, or to addresses in the United Kingdom for 7/6.

"Books for the Bairns" Office, 39-40, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.

外を外が入り。そのや外を外

# THE PENNY POETS FOR SCHOOL AND HOME.

Edited by W. T. STEAD.

# The following are always in Stock :-

1. Macaulay's "Lays of Ancient Rome."

and other Poems.
2. Scott's "Marmion."
3. Byron's "Childe Harold." Cantos I.

- 3. Byron's "Childe Harold." Cantos I. and II., &c.
  4. Lowell's Poems. Selections.
  5. Burns' Poems. Selections.
  6. Shakespeare's "Romeo and Jullet."
  7. Longfellow's "Evangeline," &c.
  8. Selections from Mrs. Elizabeth
  Barrett Browning's Poems.
  9. Selections from Thomas Campbell.
  10. Milton's "Paradise Lost."
  11. Stories from "The Earthly Paradise,"
  By William Morris

  By Wi
- By William Morris.

  12. Byron's "Childe Harold." Part 2.

- 13. Whittier, the Quaker Poet.
  14. Tales from Chaucer in Prose and Verse.

  15. Milton's "Paradise Lost." Part 2.

  16. Moore's Irish Melodies.

- 15. Moore's First medicies.
  17. Selections' from William Cullen
  Bryant's Poems.
  18. The Story of St. George and the
  Dragon. From Spenser's "Faerie
  Queene."

- 19. Poems by Keats.
  20. Scott's "Lady of the Lake."
  21. Whittier's Poems. Part 2.
  22. Shakespeare's "Julius Cæsar."
  23. Pope's "Essay on Man," &c.
  24. Tom Hood's Poems.
  25. Coleridge's "Ancient Mariner," and other Poems.
- 26. Matthew Arnold: His Poetry and Message. 27. Walt Whitman: "Song of Myself,"
- and other Poems.
- 28. Poems of Shelley.

- 31. Scott's "Lay of the Last Minstret."
  32. Poems of Wordsworth, Part 1.
  33. Poems of Cowper.
  34. Poems of Dryden.

85. Poems of Southey.

- 35. Poems or Soutney.
  36. Legends and Ballads.
  37. Wordsworth's Poems. Part 2.
  38. Poems of Mrs. Hemans & Eliza Cook.
  39. Milton's "Paradise Regained."
  40. Poems of Gray and Goldsmith.
- 41. Irish Ballads.

- Irish Ballads.
   Shakespeare's "As You Like It."
   Poems by Edgar Allan Poe, Oliver Wendell Holmes, and Emerson.
   Thomson's "Seasons."
   Keble's "Christian Year."
   Longfeilow's Poems. Part 2.
   Spenser's "Faerie Queene." Part 3.
   Poems for the Schoolroom and the Scholar. Part 1.
   "Hymns that have Helped." (Double Number). Price Twopence.
   Poems by Robert Broweins.

- 52. Poems by Robert Browning.
  63. The Poets' Christmas.
  64. Poems for the Schoolroom and the

- Scholar, Part 2.

  56. Poems for the Schoolroom. Part 3.

  58. Victorian Verse. Part 1.

  60. Poems for the Schoolroom and the Scholar. Part 4.
- 61. Scottish Poems
- 62. Lady Lindsay's Poems. 63. Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare. 64. The Merchant of Venice.
- 65. National Songs (with Words and Music—Tonic Sol-Fa).
  66. Tennyson's "In Memoriam," and other Poems.

N.B.—With very few exceptions the above volumes are being constantly supplied for School use. They are largely used in Home Reading Circles, Pupil Teachers' Centre Classes, Literary Societies, and Evening Continuation Schools.

SINGLE NUMBERS FOR THREE-HALFPENCE, POST FREE.

They are supplied (in large quantities) to Schools from the Office of "Review of Reviews," at 6s. per 100 (prepaid), or 7s. Carriage Paid.

ADDRESS-

# BOOKS FOR THE BAIRNS.

Illustrated. Published Monthly. One Penny; by Post, 11d.

The following is a detailed list of the Books already issued in this popular Series:

1. Æsop's Fables. Part 1. The Tales and Wonders of Jesus.

8. Nursery Rhymes. 4. Nursery Tales. 5. Reynard the Fox.

6. Brer Rabbit.

7. Cinderella, and other Fairy Tales. 8. "Pilgrim's Progress." Part 1. 9. The Story of the Robins.

10. The Christmas Stocking. 11. Gulliver's Travels in Lilliput.

12. Stories from Hans Andersen.
13. Stories from "Grimm's Fairy Tales." 14. Eyes and No Eyes, etc.

15. Gulliver among the Giants. 18. Twice One are Two.

19. More Nursery Rhymes.
20. More Stories about Brer Rabbit.
21. "Pilgrim's Progress." Part 2.
22. The Christmas Tree, and other Fairy

Tales. 23. Travels of Baron Munchausen.

24. Tale of a Donkey's Life. 25. Sindbad the Sailor. 26. Æsop's Fables. Part 2.

27. Labours of Hercules. 28. Robinson Crusoe. Part 1. 29. Robinson Crusoe. Part 2.

30. Perseus the Gorgon Slayer. 31. Famous Stories from English History

32. Coal-Munk-Peter 83. Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp. 85. Hymns with Pictures.

86. Great Events in British History.

The Stolen Princess. 88. Seven Champions of Christendom. 39. Tom Thumb's Adventures. 40. The Trotty Book.

41. Fairy Tales from Flowerland.

42. Punch and Judy.
43. King Arthur and his Knights.
44. Stories from Sandford and Merton.

46. The Sleeping Beauty. 47. From Jan. to Dec. (Nature Studies)

49. The Enchanted Doll.

50. The First Birdie Book.
51. Tales of Long Ago.
52. Fairy Tales from China.

53. The Red Cross Knight. Part 1. 54. The Red Cross Knight. Part 2.

55. A Story Book of Country Scenes. 56. Indian Fairy Tales. 58. The Snow Queen. By Hans Andersen.

59. Bairn's Bible (Introduction).

60. The Wonder Book.

61. Brer Fox's Adventures. 64. Stories from Ancient Rome.

65. Uncle Tom's Cabin. Part 1. 68. Uncle Tom's Cabin. Part 2 67. King Alfred the Great.

68 Shock-Headed Peter. 69. Cinderella. A Musical Play.

70. Father Christmas. 71. Don Quixote. Part 1. 73. Don Quixote. Part 2.

74. The Kings and Queens of England. 78. Fairy Tales from Japan. 79. Fairy Tales from Africa.

81. Dick Whittington. A Musical Play.

82. John Gilpin. 83, Stories from Chaucer.

84. Illustrated School Recitations.

85. The Babes in the Wood, etc. 86. Animal Stories.

87. The Pied Piper of Hamelin, 88. Little Snow White.

89. A Seaside Story.

90. Life's Little Ones. 92. Tales from Shakespeare. 93. Beauty and the Beast. 95. Fairy Tales from New Zealand.

96. Joseph and His Brethren. 97. Coleridge's "Ancient Mariner."

98. Pictures to Paint

99. Greek Fairy Tales. 100. Budge & Toddie.

101. The Quest of the Golden Fleece. 102. The Jolly Family at the Seaside. 103. A Picture Book for the Bairns.

104. Recitations for Schools. Par 105. Blue Beard (a Fairy Play). 106. The Fairy of the Snowflakes. 107. Sunday's Bairn.

107. Sundays Barrn.
108. The King and the Woodcutter,
109. Thor and the Giants.
110. The Wishing Carpet.
111. The Water-Babies. Part 1.
112. The Water-Babies. Part 2.
113. The Story of Hiawatha.
114. Songs and Games.

115. Holiday Stories. 116. Prince Want-to-Know.

The Slave of the Lamp.

117. The Slave of the Lamp. 118. By the Christmas Firelight. 119. Ivanhoe.

120. Robin Hood.

121. Parables for Little People. 122. Rambles of a Rat. By A.L.O.E.

Music (Vocal Score) for Nos. 46, 69, 81, 93 and 117, price Is. each.

A parcel of 100 of these books will be sent to any address post free for 12/6, or to addresses in the United Kingdom for 9/6. A parcel of 100 Books bound in stiff covers can be supplied for 16/6, carriage extra.

STEAD'S PUBLISHING 39-40, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON,

# The Review of

A MAGAZINE FOR THE ENGLISH-SPEAKING RACE.

# Reviews

The Editorial Survey of the "Progress of the World " is copiously illustrated: the "History of the Month in Caricature" is a popular feature; the Character Sketch is a Biographical Study by the Editor, specially illustrated; the Loading Articles in the Magazines zines of the World; and the Book of the Month sup lies the reader with a painstaking Review of some one book which has been issued during the

THE BEST TRAVELLING COMPANION.

No busy man or woman can affird to do without the

"Review of Reviews."

Edited by W. T. STEAD.

PUBLISHED ASOUT THE 10th OF THE MONTH.

# Price Sixpence

(Annual Subscription, Post Free, 8s. 6d., to any Part of the World).

# A Compendium of the Periodical Literature of the World.

Its great object is to make the world more vivid, more real, more interesting to the people who live in it; to keep people in touch with the great movements which stir mankind. It will enable the dweller in the remotest countryside to feel something of the glow and rushing life of the great world from which he is seeluded, and at the same time help those who are in the midst of the rush and whirl of everyday events to form some idea of the drift and tendency of the great drama of contemporary history.

It circulates in all Parts of the World.

Intending Subscribers should send 8s. 6d., with full postal address, to-

The Manager, "Review of Reviews" Office,

Mowbray House, Norfolk St., London, W.C.

REFRESHING | SUSTAINING! INVICORATING !

# Cadbury's Cocoa 45 Absolutely Pure-therefore Best

Health says: "Cadbury's Cocoa has in a remarkable degree those natural elements of sustenance which give the system endurance and hardihood, building up muscle and bodily vigour with a steady action that renders it a most acceptable and reliable beverage."

The Medical Annual says:

"Cadbury's is a perfectly Pure Cocoa of the Highest Quality."

Dr. Andrew Wilson says: "The practice of adding to Cocoa foreign substances should be condemned. . . . Cocoa in itself is an excellent and nutritious food, and it should be used in a perfectly pure state."

The Lancet says: "Cocoa alone is an excellent food as well as a stimulant, having a salutary action upon the nerve centres . . .

Cadbury's is the Standard of Highest Purity."