Maceration (mas-ēr-ā′shun) *n.* the act of making lean or soft.
Machiavelian (mak-i-a-vēl′yan) *a.* politically cunning; crafty.
Machinate (mak′in-āt) *v.t.* to plot; contrive.
Machination (mak-in-ā′shun) *n.* act or art of scheming or plotting; an artful design.
Machine (ma-shēn′) *n.* an engine; any mechanical contrivance to produce or regulate force; a mere tool.
Machinery (ma-shēn′ēr-i) *n.* works of a machine; machines collectively.
Machinist (ma-shēn′ist) *n.* constructor of machines.
Maculate (mak′ū-lāt) *v.t.* to spot; defile.
Mad (mad) *a.* insane; enraged; furious.
Madam (mad′am) *n.* complimentary address to a woman.
Madden (mad′n) *v.t.* or *i.* to make or become mad.
Made (mād) *pret.* and *pp.* of **Make.**
Madeira (ma-dē′ra) *n.* a wine made in Madeira.
Madly (mad′li) *ad.* furiously; foolishly.
Madman (mad′man) *n.* an insane man.
Madness (mad′nes) *n.* state of being mad; extreme folly.
Madonna (ma-don′na) *n.* the Virgin Mary or her picture.
Madrigal (mad′ri-gal) *n.* a short lyric poem or song; the same vocalised and harmonised.
Magazine (mag′a-zēn) *n.* a store-house; a periodical publication.
Maggot (mag′ut) *n.* grub; worm; egg of the green fly; whim; caprice.
Magi (mā′jī) *n.pl.* eastern philosophers.
Magian (mā′ji-an) *n.* an eastern philosopher.
Magic (maj′ik) *n.* a dealing with spirits; enchantment.
Magic-lantern (maj′ik-lant′ērn) *n.* an optical instrument for magnifying small painted figures on the walls of a dark room.
Magical (maj′ik-al) *a.* produced by magic.
Magically (maj′ik-al-li) *ad.* by magic.
Magician (ma-jish′an) *n.* one skilled in magic.
Magisterial (maj-is-tē′ri-al) *a.* proud; lofty; authoritative.
Magisterially (maj-is-tē′ri-al-li) *ad.* arrogantly.
Magistracy (maj′is-tra-si) *n.* the office of a magistrate; the body of magistrates.
Magistrate (maj′is-trāt) *n.* a civil officer with limited judicial and executive powers.
Magnanimity (mag-na-nim′i-ti) *n.* greatness of mind; generosity.
Magnanimous (mag-nan′i-mus) *a.* great in mind; generous; noble in thought or deed.
Magnanimously (mag-nan′i-mus-li) *ad.* nobly; bravely.
Magnate (mag′nāt) *n.* a person of rank, opulence, and influence.
Magnet (mag′net) *n.* the loadstone, an ore that attracts iron.
Magnetic (mag-net′ik) *a.* having the properties of the magnet; attractive.

Magnetism (mag'net-ism) *n.* properties of the magnet; attraction.
Magnetize (mag'net-īz) *v.t.* or *i.* to impart or receive the properties of the magnet.
Magnific (mag-nif'ik) *a.* great.
Magnificence (mag-nif'i-sens) *n.* grandeur.
Magnificent (mag-nif'i-sent) *a.* splendid.
Magnifier (mag'ni-fī-ẹr) *n.* one that magnifies; a glass that enlarges objects to the sight.
Magnify (mag'ni-fī) *v.t.* to [make great.
Magniloquence (mag-nil'ō-kwens) *n.* high-sounding language.
Magniloquent (mag-nil'ō-kwent) *a.* speaking pompously.
Magnitude (mag'ni-tūd) *n.* greatness of size or importance; bulk.
Magpie (mag'pī) *n.* a chattering bird.
Mahogany (ma-hog'a-ni) *n.* a beautiful hard wood used in making furniture.
Mahometan (ma-hom'et-an). See **Mohammedan.**
Maid (mād) *n.* a young unmarried woman.
Maiden (mād'n) *n.* a young unmarried woman;—*a.* fresh; pure.
Maidenlike (mād'n-līk) *a.* like a maid. [modest.
Maidenly (mād'n-li) *a.*
Mail (māl) *n.* a coat of steel; a bag for conveying letters;—*v.t.* to arm with mail; send by mail; post.
Mail-coach (māl'kōch) *n.* a coach that conveys a mail.
Maim (mām) *v.t.* to disable a limb;—*n.* lameness; injury.
Main (mān) *a.* chief; principal;—*n.* strength; the gross; the ocean; continent; main pipe.
Mainland (mān'land) *n.* a continent.
Mainly (mān'li) *ad.* chiefly; principally.
Mainmast (mān'mast) *n.* the chief or middle mast.
Mainsail (mān'sāl) *n.* the principal sail.
Maintain (mān-tān') *v.t.* to keep; preserve; support with food; uphold.
Maintenance (mān'ten-ans) *n.* sustenance.
Maintop (mān'top) *n.* a platform at the head of the mainmast.
Maize (māz) *n.* Indian corn.
Majestic (ma-jes'tik) *a.* stately; grand.
Majesty (maj'es-ti) *n.* dignity; grandeur; a title.
Major (mā'jẹr) *a.* greater; elder;—*n.* a military officer next above a captain.
Majority (ma-jor'i-ti) *n.* the greater number; full age; rank of a major.
Make (māk) *v.t.* [*pret.* and *pp.* **made**] to compel; cause to be; create;—*n.* form; structure.
Makebate (māk'bāt) *n.* one that stirs up contention.
Makeshift (māk'shift) *n.* a temporary expedient.
Maladministration (mal-ad-min-is-trā'shun) *n.* bad management of affairs.
Malady (mal'a-di) *n.* sickness; disease; bodily ailment. [bold; saucy.
Malapert (mal'a-pẹrt) *a.*
Malaria (ma-lā'ri-a) *n.* noxious exhalation.

Malcontent (mal'kon-tent) *a.* discontented;—*n.* one that is dissatisfied.
Male (māl) *a.* belonging to the male sex;—*n.* one of the sex that begets young.
Malediction (mal-e-dik'shun) *n.* evil speaking; a curse.
Malefactor (mal-e-fak'tẹr) *n.* one guilty of a crime; a felon; convict.
Malevolence (ma-lev'ō-lens) *n.* ill-will.
Malevolent (ma-lev'ō-lent) *a.* ill-disposed.
Malice (mal'is) *n.* extreme enmity.
Malicious (ma-lish'us) *a.* ill-disposed; malignant.
Malign (ma-līn') *v.t.* to slander;—*a.* malicious.
Malignancy (ma-lig'nan-si) *n.* malevolence; virulence.
Malignant (ma-lig'nant) *a.* malicious; dangerous to life.
Malignity (ma-lig'ni-ti) *n.* extreme virulence; deadly evil.
Malingerer (ma-ling'gẹr-ẹr) *n.* a soldier that avoids duty by feigning illness.
Malison (mal'i-zn) *n.* malediction.
Mall (mal, mawl) *n.* a kind of hammer; a public walk;—*v.t.* to beat with something heavy.
Mallard (mal'ard) *n.* a wild drake.
Malleable (mal'ē-a-bl) *a.* that can be extended by beating.
Mallet (mal'et) *n.* a kind of wooden hammer.
Mallow (mal'ō) *n.* an emollient plant.
Malmsey (mȧm'zi) *n.* a sort of grape; a strong, sweet wine.
Malpractice (mal-prak'tis) *n.* evil practice.
Malt (mawlt) *n.* barley steeped and dried;—*v.t.* or *i.* to make or become malt.
Maltster (mawlt'stẹr) *n.* a malt-maker.
Maltreat (mal-trēt') *v.t.* to treat ill.
Maltreatment (mal-trēt'-ment) *n.* ill usage; abuse.
Malversation (mal-vẹr-sā'-shun) *n.* fraudulent or corrupt act or conduct in office.
Mamma (mam-mȧ') *n.* word for mother. Also, **Mama.**
Mammal (mam'mal) *n.* one of the mammalia.
Mammalia (mam-mā'li-a) *n.pl.* animals that suckle their young.
Mammiferous (mam-mif'ẹr-us) *a.* nourishing its young by breasts.
Mammillary (mam'mil-ar-i) *a.* belonging to the breasts. Also, **Mammary.**
Mammon (mam'un) *n.* riches; wealth; the god of riches.
Mammoth (mam'uth) *n.* a huge quadruped now extinct;—*a.* gigantic.
Man (man) *n.* a human being; mankind; an adult male; husband; a piece in playing chess, etc.; *pl.* **Men**;—*v.t.* to furnish with men.
Manacle (man'a-kl) *v.t.* to shackle the hands.
Manacles (man'a-klz) *n.pl.* chains for the hands.
Manage (man'āj) *v.t.* or *i.* to conduct; transact; husband.
Manageable (man'āj-a-bl) *a.* governable; easily managed.
Management (man'āj-ment) *n.* conduct or direction of affairs; managing body.
Manager (man'āj-ẹr) *n.* a conductor; good economist.
Mandarin (man-da-rēn') *n.* a Chinese governor.

Mandate (man′dāt) *n.* an order; command.
Mandatory (man′da-tor-i) *a.* enjoining.
Mandible (man′di-bl) *n.* the jaw.
Mandibular (man-dib′ū-lẹr) *a.* belonging to the jaw.
Mandrel (man′drel) *n.* a turner's instrument.
Manducation (man-dū-kā′shun) *n.* act of chewing.
Mane (mān) *n.* long hair on the neck of a beast.
Manege (ma-nāzh′) *n.* horsemanship; a riding school.
Manes (mā′nẹz) *n.pl.* departed souls.
Manful (man′fool) *a.* bold; brave; having the spirit of a man.
Manfully (man′fool-i) *ad.* like a man.
Manganese (man-ga-nēz′) *n.* a grey metal, hard and brittle.
Mange (mānj) *n.* the itch on cattle.
Manger (mān′jẹr) *n.* an eating trough for cattle.
Mangle (mang′gl) *v.t.* to cut roughly or coarsely; smooth linen;—*n.* a calender for smoothing linen.
Mango (mang′gō) *n.* an East Indian fruit; a pickled musk-melon.
Mangy (mānj′i) *a.* scabby, as a beast.
Man-hater (man′hāt-ẹr) *n.* a misanthrope.
Manhood (man′hood) *n.* full age; manly quality.
Mania (mā′ni-a) *n.* madness; any excessive desire.
Maniac (mān′i-ak) *a.* raving with madness;—*n.* a madman.
Maniacal (ma-nī′ak-al) *a.* affected with madness.
Manifest (man′i-fest) *a.* clearly visible; apparent; evident;—*v.t.* to show plainly; reveal; declare;—*n.* an invoice of a cargo.
Manifestation (man-i-fest-ā′shun) *n.* exhibition; display.
Manifesto (man-i-fest′ō) *n.* a public declaration.
Manifold (man′i-fōld) *a.* many; diverse.
Manikin (man′i-kin) *n.* a little man.
Manipular (ma-nip′ū-lẹr) *a.* pertaining to a hand.
Manipulate (ma-nip′ū-lāt) *v.t.* or *i.* to work with the hands; operate so as to produce a desired result.
Manipulation (ma-nip-ū-lā′shun) *n.* manual operation; skilful treatment.
Mankind (man-kīnd′) *n.* the human race.
Manlike (man′līk) *a.* becoming a man.
Manliness (man′li-nes) *n.* bravery; dignity; qualities of a man.
Manly (man′li) *a.* pertaining to manhood; becoming a man.
Manna (man′na) *n.* the juice of a tree, used as a medicine.
Manner (man′ẹr) *n.* form; mode; air or mien; custom; sort; style; deportment.
Mannerism (man′ẹr-izm) *n.* peculiarity or sameness of manner or literary style.
Mannerly (man′ẹr-li) *a.* civil; decent; well-behaved.
Manœuvre (ma-nȯȯ′vẹr, ma-nū′vẹr) *n.* adroit movement or arrangement;—*v.t.* or *i.* to change the position of ships or troops; manage artfully.
Manor (man′or) *n.* a lord's estate in land.

Manorial (ma-nō′ri-al) *a.* pertaining to a manor.
Manse (mans) *n.* dwelling-house attached to a church for the clergyman.
Mansion (man′shun) *n.* a large dwelling-house.
Manslaughter (man′slaw-ter) *n.* the killing of a person in passion, without malice.
Mantel (man′tl) *n.* the piece of timber or stone over the fire-place.
Mantelet (man′tel-et) *n.* a small mantle or cloak for women.
Mantle (man′tl) *n.* a loose garment or cloak; a cover; —*v.t.* or *i.* to cloak; cover; disguise; rise and spread; be diffused.
Mantua (man′tū-a) *n.* a woman's gown.
Manual (man′ū-al) *a.* performed by the hand;—*n.* a small book; key-board of an organ.
Manufactory (man-ū-fakt′or-i) *n.* a place where goods are made.
Manufacture (man-ū-fakt′ūr) *n.* anything made by the hand;—*v.t.* to form by the hand or by art.
Manufacturer (man-ū-fakt′ūr-er) *n.* one that manufactures.
Manumission (man-ū-mish′un) *n.* act of freeing slaves.
Manumit (man-ū-mit′) *v.t.* to release from slavery.
Manure (ma-nūr′) *n.* anything that fertilizes land;—*v.t.* to apply fertilizing substances to land.
Manuscript (man′ū-skript) *n.* any writing done by hand; —*a.* written; not printed.
Many (men′i) *a.* numerous; —*n.* a great number; the people.
Map (map) *n.* a delineation on a plane of the surface of the earth or heavens, or a portion thereof; outline; representation;—*v.t.* to draw or describe distinctly.
Maple (mā′pl) *n.* a tree.
Mar (mär) *v.t.* to hurt; impair; disfigure;—*n.* hurt; blemish.
Maraud (ma-rawd′) *v.i.* to rove for plunder.
Marauder (ma-rawd′er) *n.* a plunderer.
Marble (mär′bl) *n.* calcareous stone;—*v.t.* to vein like marble;—*a.* made of marble.
March (märch) *n.* third month of the year; regulated movement of troops; procession; step; distance marched over; a piece of music; border;—*v.t.* to cause to march or go;—*v.i.* to move in military order.
Marches (märch′ez) *n.pl.* borders; confines.
Marchioness (mär′shun-es) *n.* the wife of a marquis.
Mare (mār) *n.* the female of the horse kind.
Margarine (mär′ga-rin) *n.* an imitation of butter made from animal fat; butterine.
Margin (mär′jin) *n.* an edge; border;—*v.t.* to furnish with a margin.
Marginal (mär′jin-al) *a.* placed in the margin.
Marigold (mär′i-gold) *n.* a plant with a yellow flower.
Marine (ma-rēn′) *a.* pertaining to the sea;—*n.* a soldier doing duty in a ship; the navy.
Mariner (mär′i-ner) *n.* a seaman; a sailor.

Marital (mar'i-tal) *a.* pertaining to a husband.
Mar time (mar'i-tīm) *a.* pertaining to the sea.
Mark (mȧrk) *n.* a stroke drawn; impression; trace; proof; distinction; rank; object aimed at; a coin;—*v.t.* or *i.* to draw a mark upon; write on; note.
Market (mȧr'ket) *n.* a place or time of sale; rate of sale; value;—*v.i.* to deal in market.
Marketable (mȧr'ket-a-bl) *a.* fit for market.
Marketing (mȧr'ket-ing) *n.* attendance at a market; articles in market.
Marksman (mȧrks'man) *n.* a man skilful in shooting.
Marl (mȧrl) *n.* a rich clayey earth;—*v.t.* to manure with marl.
Marlaceous (mȧrl-ā'shus) *a.* like marl.
Marline (mȧr'lin) *n.* a small line of two strands.
Marmalade (mȧr'ma-lād) *n.* a preserve or jam of oranges.
Maroon (ma-rȯȯn') *n.* a runaway negro slave, or one of his descendants; a brownish red;—*v.t.* to put on shore on a desolate island.
Marque (mȧrk) *n. letter of marque* is a commission to make reprisal on an enemy.
Marquee (mȧr-kē') *n.* a large field tent.
Marquetry (mȧr'ket-ri) *n.* inlaid work of shells, etc.
Marquis (mȧr'kwis) *n.* a title of nobility.
Marriage (mar'ij) *n.* state or condition of being married.
Marriageable (mar'ij-a-bl) *a.* of a fit age to be married.
Marrow (mar'ō) *n.* a soft substance in bones; essence of a thing.
Marrow-bone (mar'ō-bōn) *n.* a bone containing marrow.
Marrowy (mar'rō-i) *a.* full of marrow.
Marry (mar'i) *v.i.* to be joined in wedlock;—*v.t.* to join in wedlock.
Mars (mȧrz) *n.* the god of war; a planet.
Marsh (mȧrsh) *n.* low wet ground; morass or fen;—*a.* swampy; boggy.
Marshal (mȧr'shal) *n.* chief military commander; a civil officer; one that directs processions, etc.;—*v.t.* to arrange in due order.
Marsupial (mȧr-sū'pi-al) *a.* having a pouch to carry its young, as the kangaroo.
Mart (mȧrt) *n.* a place of public sale.
Martello (mȧr-tel'ō) *n.* a small round fort on the coast.
Marten (mȧr'ten) *n.* a kind of weasel.
Martial (mȧr'shal) *a.* warlike; bold.
Martin (mȧr'tin) *n.* a kind of swallow.
Martinet (mȧr'ti-net) *n.* a strict disciplinarian.
Martinmas (mȧr'tin-mas) *n.* festival of St. Martin, 11th November.
Martyr (mȧr'tẹr) *n.* one that is put to death for the truth;—*v.t.* to make a martyr of.
Martyrdom (mȧr'tẹr-dum) *n.* the death of a martyr.
Martyrology (mȧr-tẹr-ol'o-ji) *n.* history of martyrs.
Marvel (mȧr'vel) *v.i.* to wonder;—*n.* anything astonishing.

Marvellous (mär'vel-us) *a.* wonderful.
Masculine (mas'kū-lin) *a.* male; like a man; not effeminate.
Mash (mash) *n.* a mixture of things; bran and water for cattle; ground malt steeped in hot water for brewing;—*v.t.* to bruise into a soft mass; crush.
Masher (mash'ẹr) *n.* a fop.
Mask (mask) *n.* a cover for the face;—*v.t.* to disguise.
Mason (mā'sn) *n.* an artificer in bricks and stone.
Masonic (ma-son'ik) *a.* pertaining to masonry.
Masonry (mā'sn-ri) *n.* work of a mason; craft of freemasons.
Masquerade (mas-kẹr-ād') *n.* a nocturnal assembly of persons in disguise;—*v.i.* to assemble in masks; go in disguise.
Mass (mas) *n.* a lump; an assemblage; a Roman Catholic service;—*v.t.* to heap together; assemble.
Massacre (mas'a-kẹr) *n.* promiscuous slaughter;—*v.t.* to kill promiscuously or with cruelty.
Massive (mas'iv) *a.* bulky; heavy. Also, **Massy.**
Mast (mast) *n.* the long upright timber of a ship set on the keel for supporting the yards, sails, and rigging; nut of the beech, oak, etc.
Master (mas'tẹr) *n.* a ruler; superior; proprietor; teacher; chief;—*v.t.* to conquer.
Masterly (mas'tẹr-li) *a.* becoming a master.
Masterpiece (mas'tẹr-pēs) *n.* a chief performance.
Mastery (mas'tẹr-i) *n.* superiority over; supremacy; attainment of skill or power.
Masticate (mas'ti-kāt) *v.t.* to chew.
Mastication (mas-ti-kā'shun) *n.* the act of chewing.
Mastiff (mas'tif) *n.* a large dog.
Mat (mat) *n.* a texture of rushes;—*v.t.* to weave into a mat.
Matadore (mat'a-dōr) *n.* a bull-fighter; cards at the game of ombre and quadrille.
Match (mach) *n.* a contest; an equal marriage; something to take fire;—*v.t.* to pair; suit; marry.
Matchless (mach'les) *a.* having no equal.
Matchlock (mach'lok) *n.* a musket fired by a match.
Mate (māt) *n.* a companion; second officer of a vessel.
Material (ma-tē'ri-al) *a.* consisting of matter; corporeal; essential; important;—*n.* the substance of which anything is made.
Materialism (ma-tē'ri-al-ism) *n.* the doctrine of materialists.
Materialist (ma-tē'ri-al-ist) *n.* one that denies the existence of spiritual substances.
Materiality (ma-tē-ri-al'i-ti) *n.* material existence.
Materially (ma-tē'ri-al-li) *ad.* in a state of matter; essentially.
Maternal (ma-tẹr'nal) *a.* motherly.
Maternity (ma-tẹr'ni-ti) *n.* state or relation of a mother.
Mathematical (math-ē-mat'ik-al) *a.* pertaining to mathematics.

Mathematician (math-ē-ma-tish′an) *n.* one versed in mathematics.
Mathematics (math-ē-mat′-iks) *n.* the science of quantities, magnitudes, and numbers.
Matinée (mat′in-ā) *n.* a morning reception; a morning musical performance.
Matins (mat′inz) *n.pl.* morning worship or service.
Matrass (mat′ras) *n.* a chemical vessel.
Matricide (mat′ri-sīd) *n.* the murder or murderer of a mother.
Matriculate (ma-trik′ū-lāt) *v.t.* to admit to membership, as in a college;—*n.* one entered in a college, etc.
Matriculation (ma-trik-ū-lā′-shun) *n.* the act of admitting to membership.
Matrimonial (mat-ri-mō′ni-al) *a.* pertaining to marriage.
Matrimony (mat′ri-mon-i) *n.* marriage; wedlock.
Matron (mā′trun) *n.* a married woman, *especially* an elderly one; female superintendent of an hospital.
Matter (mat′ẹr) *n.* elementary substance of the earth or of living bodies; things treated of; inducing cause; small amount; affair; concern; pus;—*v.i.* to be of importance; signify; form pus.
Mattery (mat′ẹr-i) *a.* forming or rendering pus.
Matting (mat′ing) *n.* a texture of rushes, straw, etc.; materials for mats.
Mattock (mat′uk) *n.* a pick-axe.
Mattress (mat′res) *n.* a quilted [bed.
Maturation (mat-ū-rā′shun) *n.* suppuration; ripeness.
Mature (ma-tūr′) *a.* ripe; full grown; well digested;—*v.t.* to bring to perfection; prepare for use;—*v.i.* to become payable.
Maturity (ma-tūr′i-ti) *n.* a mature state; ripeness; full growth; expiry of the time that a bill has to run.
Maudlin (mawd′lin) *a.* half-drunk; silly; weakly sentimental.
Maul (mawl) *n.* a wooden hammer;—*v.t.* to beat and bruise.
Mausoleum (maw-sō-lē′um) *n.* a magnificent tomb or monument.
Maw (maw) *n.* stomach of a [beast.
Mawkish (mawk′ish) *a.* apt to cause satiety and loathing.
Maxillary (maks′il-la-ri) *a.* pertaining to the jaw-bone.
Maxim (maks′im) *n.* an established principle; adage.
Maximum (maks′i-mum) *n.* the greatest quantity, number, or degree.
May (mā) *n.* the fifth month of the year;—*v.* [*pret.* **might**] to be possible; be able; have license.
May-day (mā′dā) *n.* the first [day of May.
Mayor (mā′ẹr) *n.* chief magistrate of a corporation.
Mayoralty (mā′ẹr-al-ti) *n.* the office of a mayor.
Maze (māz) *n.* a labyrinth; confusion of thought;—*v.t.* to bewilder.
Mazy (māz′i) *a.* intricate; perplexed.
Me (mē) *pron.* objective case [of **I.**
Mead (mēd) *n.* honey and water fermented and spiced; meadow.

Meadow (med′ō) *n.* low or grass land.
Meagre (mē′gẹr) *a.* lean; poor.
Meal (mēl) *n.* grain ground to powder; food taken at one time; act or time of eating.
Mean (mēn) *a.* low; base; middle; moderate;—*n.* the middle point, rate, degree, etc.;—*v.t.* or *i.* [*pret.* and *pp.* **meant**] intend; signify.
Meander (mē-an′dẹr) *n.* a winding course;—*v.i.* to run in windings.
Meaning (mēn′ing) *n.* intention; signification.
Meanly (mēn′li) *ad.* without dignity.
Meanness (mēn′nes) *n.* lowness; sordidness; baseness.
Means (mēnz) *n.pl.* medium; instrument; income.
Meant (ment) *pret.* and *pp.* of **Mean**.
Meantime (mēn′tīm) *ad.* in the intervening time.
Measled (mē′zld) *a.* infected with measles.
Measles (mē′zlz) *n.* an eruptive disease.
Measurable (mezh′ur-a-bl) *a.* that may be measured.
Measure (mezh′ur) *n.* that which measures; extent; time in music; degree; means to an end;—*v.t.* to ascertain extent or quantity of; estimate;—*v.i.* to have a certain extent.
Measurement (mezh′ur-ment) *n.* act of measuring; dimensions.
Meat (mēt) *n.* food in general; flesh for food.
Mechanic (me-kan′ik) *n.* artisan.
Mechanical (me-kan′ik-al) *a.* pertaining to machines; acting by physical power; without thought; pertaining to artisans.
Mechanically (me-kan′ik-al-li) *ad.* by physical force; unconsciously.
Mechanician (mek-a-nish′an) *n.* one skilled in mechanics.
Mechanics (me-kan′iks) *n.* the science that treats of the laws of motion and force.
Mechanism (mek′an-izm) *n.* structure of a machine.
Mechanist (mek′an-ist) *n.* one skilled in machines.
Medal (med′al) *n.* a coin with a device.
Medalist (med′al-ist) *n.* a person skilled in medals; one that has gained a medal.
Meddle (med′l) *v.i.* to interpose; interfere officiously.
Meddler (med′lẹr) *n.* a busybody.
Meddlesome (med′l-sum) *a.* apt to meddle.
Medial (mē′di-al) *a.* middle.
Mediate (mē′di-āt) *v.t.* or *i.* to interpose between two parties as a friend of both; arbitrate;—*a.* middle.
Mediately (mē′di-āt-li) *ad.* by a secondary cause.
Mediation (mē-di-ā′shun) *n.* interposition; intercession.
Mediator (mē′di-āt-ẹr) *n.* an intercessor.
Mediatorial (mē-di-a-tō′ri-al) *a.* belonging to a mediator.
Medicable (med′ik-a-bl) *a.* capable of being cured.
Medical (med′ik-al) *a.* pertaining to the art of healing.
Medicament (med′i-ka-ment) *n.* a healing application.
Medicate (med′i-kāt) *v.t.* to tincture with medicines; treat with medicine.
Medicinal (me-dis′in-al) *a.* healing.
Medicine (med′i-sin, med′sin) *n.* anything that cures.

Medieval (me-di-ē′val) *a.* relating to the middle ages.
Mediocre (mē′di-ō-ker) *a.* of moderate degree.
Mediocrity (mē-di-ok′ri-ti) *n.* middle state; moderateness.
Meditate (med′i-tāt) *v.t.* or *i.* to think; muse.
Meditation (med-i-tā′shun) *n.* contemplation; continued thought.
Meditative (med′i-tāt-iv) *a.* given to contemplation.
Medium (mē′di-um) *a.* middle; —*n.* a means or instrument; middle term; *pl.* **Media** or **Mediums.**
Medley (med′li) *n.* a mixture; a miscellany.
Medullary (me-dul′la-ri) *a.* consisting of marrow, or resembling it.
Meed (mēd) *n.* a reward; recompense. [gentle.
Meek (mēk) *a.* mild; soft;
Meekness (mēk′nes) *n.* mildness of temper; gentleness.
Meerschaum (mēr′shum) *n.* sea-scum; a mineral; a kind of tobacco-pipe.
Meet (mēt) *v.t.* or *i.* [*pret.* and *pp.* **met**] to come together; join; receive; satisfy;—*a.* fit; suitable.
Meeting (mēt′ing) *n.* an assembly; an interview.
Meetly (mēt′li) *ad.* fitly; suitably; duly.
Melancholy (mel′an-kol-i) *a.* dejected;—*n.* dejection of spirits. [make better.
Meliorate (mēl′yor-āt) *v.t.* to
Melioration (mēl-yor-ā′shun) *n.* improvement.
Melliferous (mel-if′er-us) *a.* producing honey.
Mellifluous (mel-if′loo-us) *a.* sweetly flowing.
Mellow (mel′ō) *a.* soft with ripeness;—*v.t.* or *i.* to ripen to softness.
Mellowness (mel′ō-nes) *n.* softness; ripeness.
Melodious (me-lō′di-us) *a.* sounding sweetly; harmonious. [make melodious.
Melodize (mel′ō-dīz) *v.t.* to
Melody (mel′ō-di) *n.* an agreeable succession of sounds; air; tune.
Melt (melt) *v.t.* or *i.* to dissolve; soften; dissipate; become mild.
Meltingly (melt′ing-li) *ad.* so as to melt.
Member (mem′bẹr) *n.* a limb of the body; one of a society or legislature.
Membership (mem′bẹr-ship) *n.* the state of being a member.
Membrane (mem′brān) *n.* a thin animal or vegetable tissue that covers the organs or parts.
Memento (mē-ment′ō) *n.* that which reminds; *pl.* **Mementoes.**
Memoir (mem′oir, mem′wȧr) *n.* a written account of personal recollections or the transactions of a society; short sketch.
Memorabilia (mem-or-a-bil′i-a) *n.pl.* things to be remembered.
Memorable (mem′or-a-bl) *a.* worthy of remembrance.
Memorandum (mem-or-an′dum) *n.* a note to help the memory; *pl.* **Memoranda.**
Memorial (mē-mō′ri-al) *a.* preserving remembrance;—*n.* that which preserves remembrance; statement with petition.

Memorialist (mē-mō′ri-al-ist) *n.* one that presents a memorial.
Memorialize (mē-mō′ri-al-īz) *v.t.* to present a memorial to.
Memorize (mem′or-īz) *v.t.* to cause to be remembered.
Memory (mem′o-ri) *n.* the faculty by which ideas are retained in the mind; recollection.
Men (men) *pl.* of **Man.**
Menace (men′ās) *v.t.* to threaten;—*n.* a threat.
Menacingly (men′ās-ing-li) *ad.* in a threatening way.
Menagerie (men-aj′ẹr-i) *n.* a collection of wild or exotic animals.
Mend (mend) *v.t.* or *i.* to repair; correct; improve.
Mendacious (men-dā′shus) *a.* given to deception; lying; false.
Mendacity (men-das′i-ti) *n.* [falsehood.
Mendicant (men′di-kant) *n.* a beggar.
Mendicity (men-dis′i-ti) *n.* state of beggary; life of a beggar.
Menial (mē′ni-al) *a.* servile; mean;—*n.* an inferior servant; a mean-spirited fellow.
Menstrual (men′stroo-al) *a.* monthly.
Mensurable (mens′ūr-a-bl) *a.* [measurable.
Mensuration (mens-ūr-ā′shun) *n.* act of measuring.
Mental (ment′al) *a.* belonging to the mind.
Mentally (ment′al-li) *ad.* in [mind.
Mention (men′shun) *n.* notice; remark;—*v.t.* to notice briefly; name.
Mentionable (men′shun-a-bl) *a.* that may be mentioned.
Mentor (men′tor) *n.* a wise adviser or monitor.

Mercantile (mẹr′kan-til) *a.* commercial.
Mercenary (mẹr′se-nar-i) *a.* that may be hired; greedy of gain; venal;—*n.* a soldier hired for foreign service.
Mercer (mẹr′sẹr) *n.* one that deals in silks.
Mercery (mẹr′sẹr-i) *n.* the goods of mercers.
Merchandise (mẹr′chan-dīz) *n.* goods for sale; trade.
Merchant (mẹr′chant) *n.* an exporter or importer of goods; a trader on a large scale;—*a.* pertaining to trade; trading.
Merchantable (mẹr′chant-a-bl) *a.* fit for sale.
Merchantman (mẹr′chant-man) *n.* a ship employed in trade.
Merciful (mẹr′si-fool) *a.* compassionate; forgiving; tender.
Mercifully (mẹr′si-fool-li) *ad.* with compassion.
Merciless (mẹr′si-les) *a.* hard-hearted; unfeeling; cruel.
Mercurial (mẹr-kū′ri-al) *a.* composed of quicksilver; spirited; active.
Mercury (mẹr′kū-ri) *n.* quicksilver; the planet nearest the sun.
Mercy (mẹr′si) *n.* tenderness toward an offender; pardon; grace.
Mere (mēr) *a.* pure; unmixed; alone; absolute.
Merely (mēr′li) *ad.* singly; only.
Meretricious (mer-ẹ̄-trish′us) *a.* lewd; gaudy, showy, and deceitful.
Merge (mẹrj) *v.t.* or *i.* to immerse; be lost in.

Meridian (mē-rid′i-an) *n.* a great circle that the sun crosses at noon; noon.
Meridional (mē-rid′i-un-al) *a.* pertaining to the meridian.
Merino (me-rē′nō) *n.* a variety of sheep or their wool; a thin cloth made of the wool.
Merit (mer′it) *n.* desert; worth; reward;—*v.t.* to earn by services; deserve.
Merited (mer′it-ed) *a.* deserved; earned.
Meritorious (mer-i-tō′ri-us) *a.* deserving reward.
Merle (mẹrl) *n.* a blackbird.
Merlin (mẹr′lin) *n.* a kind of hawk.
Mermaid (mẹr′mād) *n.* a fabled sea-woman.
Merriment (mer′i-ment) *n.* gaiety with laughter; noisy sport.
Merry (mer′i) *a.* gay; jovial.
Mesentery (mes′en-ter-i) *n.* a membrane in the intestines.
Mesh (mesh) *n.* a space between threads in a net; —*v.t.* to catch in a net.
Mess (mes) *n.* a dish of food; a company who eat together; medley; confusion;—*v.i.* to join in a mess.
Message (mes′āj) *n.* notice sent; official communication; errand.
Messenger (mes′en-jẹr) *n.* one that bears a message; a harbinger.
Messiah (mes-sī′a) *n.* the anointed; CHRIST.
Messianic (mes-si-an′ik) *a.* relating to the Messiah.
Messmate (mes′māt) *n.* one that eats ordinarily at the same table.
Metal (met′al) *n.* a simple, fixed, opaque substance fusible by heat, as iron, etc.
Metallic (me-tal′ik) *a.* partaking of metal.
Metalliferous (met-al-if′ẹr-us) *a.* producing metals.
Metallist (met′al-ist) *n.* one skilled in metals.
Metallurgy (met′al-ur-ji) *n.* art of separating and refining metals.
Metamorphose (met-a-mōr′fōs) *v.t.* to transform or change the shape of.
Metaphor (met′a-for) *n.* a similitude.
Metaphorical (met-a-for′ik-al) *a.* containing a metaphor; figurative.
Metaphrastic (met-a-fras′tik) *a.* literal; rendered word for word.
Metaphysical (met-a-fiz′ik-al) *a.* according to metaphysics; abstract.
Metaphysician (met-a-fiz-ish′an) *n.* one versed in metaphysics.
Metaphysics (met-a-fiz′iks) *n.* science of the mind.
Mete (mēt) *v.t.* to measure; —*n.* measure; boundary.
Meteor (mē′tē-ẹr) *n.* a luminous body passing in the air; any transient wonder.
Meteoric (mē-tē-or′ik) *a.* pertaining to or proceeding from meteors.
Meteorolite (mē′tē-ẹr-o-līt) *n.* a meteoric stone.
Meteorological (mē-tē-ẹr-o-loj′ik-al) *a.* pertaining to meteorology.
Meteorology (mē-tē-ẹr-ol′o-ji) *n.* the science of the atmosphere.

Meter (mēt′ẹr) *n.* an instrument for measuring.
Methinks (mē-thingks′) *v.imp.* it seems to me.
Method (meth′od) *n.* orderly arrangement; way of doing things; mode; manner.
Methodical (me-thod′ik-al) *a.* exhibiting method; orderly; formal.
Methodism (meth′od-izm) *n.* doctrines and worship of Methodists, founded by Wesley.
Methodist (meth′od-ist) *n.* an adherent to Methodism.
Methodize (meth′od-īz) *v.t.* to reduce to method.
Metre (mēt′ẹr) *n.* verse; harmonic measure.
Metrical (met′rik-al) *a.* pertaining to poetic measure.
Metropolis (me-trop′o-lis) *n.* chief city.
Metropolitan (met-rō-pol′it-an) *a.* pertaining to the chief city;—*n.* an archbishop.
Mettle (met′l) *n.* substance; stuff; spirit; courage.
Mettle-some (met′l-some) *a.* spirited.
Mew (mū) *n.* a sea fowl; a cage or coop; cry of a cat;—*v.t.* or *i.* to cast the feathers; moult; shut up;—*pl.* stables.
Mewl (mūl) *v.i.* to cry as a child.
Miasma (mī-az′ma) *n.* noxious effluvia.
Michaelmas (mik′el-mas) *n.* feast of St. Michael, 29th September.
Microphone (mī′krō-fōn) *n.* an instrument to make faint sounds more audible.
Microscope (mī′krō-skōp) *n.* an optical instrument for magnifying.
Microscopic (mī-krō-skop′ik *a.* very small.
Mid (mid) *a.* middle; intervening.
Midday (mid′dā) *n.* noon.
Middle (mid′l) *a.* equally distant from the ends: intermediate;—*n.* the point equally remote from the extremes.
Middling (mid′ling) *a.* of middle rank, quality, size, etc.; moderate.
Midge (mij) *n.* a small kind of fly.
Midland (mid′land) *a.* being in the interior of a country.
Midnight (mid′nīt) *n.* twelve o'clock at night;—*a.* very dark.
Midriff (mid′rif) *n.* the diaphragm.
Midshipman (mid′ship-man) *n.* a naval cadet or young officer.
Midst (midst) *n.* the middle;—*ad.* in the middle.
Midway (mid′wā) *n.* the middle;—*a.* or *ad.* in the middle.
Midwifery (mid′wīf-ri) *n.* assistance in childbirth.
Mien (mēn) *n.* look; air; manner; bearing.
Miff (mif) *n.* slight resentment.
Might (mīt) *pret.* of **May**;—*n.* power; strength; force.
Mightily (mīt′i-li) *ad.* powerfully.
Mighty (mīt′i) *a.* powerful; vigorous; valiant; huge.
Mignonette (min-yo-net′) *n.* a fragrant plant.
Migrate (mī′grāt) *v.i.* to remove to a distant country.
Migration (mī-grā′shun) *n.* act of migrating.
Migratory (mī′grā-tor-i) *a.* disposed to migrate.

Milch (milsh) *a.* giving milk.
Mild (mīld) *a.* gentle; calm; soft; moderate; mellow.
Mildew (mil′dū) *n.* a fungus growth or coating on leaves, cloth, paper, etc.;—*v.t.* or *i.* to taint with mildew.
Mile (mīl) *n.* a linear measure of 320 rods, 1760 yards, or 5280 feet.
Mileage (mīl′āj) *n.* fees for travel by the mile.
Militant (mil′i-tant) *a.* engaged in warfare; fighting.
Military (mil′i-tar-i) *a.* suiting a soldier;—*n.* soldiers; the army.
Militate (mil′i-tāt) *v.i.* to contend against; be inconsistent with.
Militia (mi-lish′a) *n.* national military force.
Milk (milk) *n.* a white liquor drawn from the female of certain animals, and from plants;—*v.t.* to draw milk.
Milker (milk′ẹr) *n.* one that milks.
Milkmaid (milk′mād) *n.* a woman employed in a dairy.
Milkman (milk′man) *n.* a man that carries milk to market.
Milksop (milk′sop) *n.* bread steeped in milk; a weak, effeminate person.
Milky (milk′i) *a.* made of or like milk.
Milkway (milk′i-wā) *n.* a white track in the heavens; galaxy.
Mill (mil) *n.* a machine for grinding; a manufactory;—*v.t.* to grind; stamp coin; full, as cloth.
Mill-cog (mil′kog) *n.* the tooth of a wheel.
Mill-dam (mil′dam) *n.* a dam to keep water for a mill. Also, **Mill-pond.**
Milled (mild) *a.* grained and stamped, as coin; fulled, as cloth.
Millenarian (mil-le-nā′ri-an) *n.* one that believes in the millennium.
Millenial (mil-len′i-al) *a.* pertaining to the millennium.
Millennium (mil-len′i-um) *n.* the thousand years of Christ's reign on earth.
Miller (mil′ẹr) *n.* one that attends a mill.
Millet (mil′et) *n.* a kind of grass yielding an edible grain; the grain itself.
Milliner (mil′in-ẹr) *n.* one that makes ladies' caps and hats.
Millinery (mil′in-ẹr-i) *n.* [head-dresses.
Million (mil′yun) *n.* ten hundred thousand.
Millionaire (mil-yun-ār′) *n.* one worth a million of money.
Mill-race (mil′rās) *n.* a canal to convey water to a mill-wheel.
Milt (milt) *n.* the spleen; roe [of fishes.
Mimetic (mī-met′ik) *a.* apt to imitate; imitative.
Mimic (mim′ik) *n.* one that imitates;—*v.t.* to imitate.
Mimicker (mim′ik-ẹr) *n.* one that mimics.
Mimicry (mim′ik-ri) *n.* [imitation.
Mimosa (mī-mō′sa) *n.* a leguminous plant.
Minaret (min′a-ret) *n.* a small spire.
Minatory (min′a-tor-i) *a.* threatening.
Mince (mins) *v.t.* or *i.* to chop into small pieces; clip; suppress; walk with short steps.

Mincingly (mins'ing-li) *ad.* in small parts; affectedly.
Mind (mīnd) *n.* the intelligent power in man; purpose; opinion; inclination; —*v.t.* to heed; regard.
Minded (mīnd'ed) *a.* disposed; inclined.
Mindful (mīnd'fool) *a.* regardful; attentive.
Mine (mīn) *a.* belonging to me;—*n.* a pit where minerals are dug; an excavation;—*v.t.* or *i.* to dig; sap.
Miner (mīn'ẹr) *n.* one that digs mines.
Mineral (min'ẹr-al) *n.* a substance not organic, existing on or in the earth;—*a.* impregnated with mineral substances.
Mineralize (min'ẹr-al-iz) *v.t.* or *i.* to combine with a metal in forming an ore; seek minerals.
Mineralogical (min-ẹr-al-oj'ik-al) *a.* pertaining to mineralogy.
Mineralogist (min-ẹr-al'o-jist) *n.* one versed in minerals.
Mineralogy (min-ẹr-al'o-ji) *n.* the science of minerals.
Mingle (ming'gl) *v.t.* or *i.* to mix; blend.
Miniature (min'i-tūr) *n.* a small likeness;—*a.* on a small scale.
Minim (min'im) *n.* a dwarf; a note in music; a small liquid measure; a drop.
Minimize (min'im-īz) *v.t.* to reduce to the smallest degree.
Minimum (min'i-mum) *n.* the least quantity; *pl.* **Minima.**
Minion (min'yun) *n.* a favourite; a small type.
Minister (min'is-tẹr) *n.* an agent; an ambassador; a pastor;—*v.t.* or *i.* to give; supply; serve.
Ministerial (min-is-tē'ri-al) *a.* pertaining to a minister; acting under authority.
Ministration (min-is-trā'shun) *n.* office of a minister.
Ministry (min'is-tri) *n.* office; service; ecclesiastical function; ministers of state.
Minnow (min'ō) *n.* a small fresh-water fish.
Minor (mī'nor) *a.* less; smaller; lower in tone;—*n.* a person under the age of twenty-one.
Minority (mī-nor'i-ti) *n.* a being under age; smaller number.
Minster (min'stẹr) *n.* a cathedral.
Minstrel (min'strel) *n.* a singer and player on an instrument.
Minstrelsy (min'strel-si) *n.* art or work of a minstrel; a volume of songs; a body of minstrels.
Mint (mint) *n.* place where money is coined; any source of abundant supply; an aromatic plant;—*v.t.* to coin; invent.
Mintage (mint'āj) *n.* that which is coined or stamped; duty paid for coining.
Minuend (min'ū-end) *n.* the number from which another is to be subtracted.
Minuet (min'ū-et) *n.* a graceful dance.
Minus (mī'nus) *n.* the sign of [subtraction.
Minute (min'it) *n.* the sixtieth part of an hour or degree; short note;—*v.t.* to make a note of.

Minute (mī-nūt′) *a.* very small; slender; slight; particular; detailed.
Minute-book (min′it-book) *n.* a book for short notes.
Minute-gun (min′it-gun) *n.* a gun fired every minute.
Minutiæ (mi-nū′shi-ē) *n.pl.* less important details.
Minx (mingks) *n.* a pert, forward girl.
Miracle (mir′a-kl) *n.* a supernatural act or event.
Miraculous (mir-ak′ū-lus) *a.* supernatural; wonderful.
Mirage (mi-rȧzh′) *n.* an optical illusion, presenting an image of water in sandy deserts, or elevating objects in the air.
Mire (mīr) *n.* soft, wet earth; mud;—*v.t.* to fix in mud.
Mirror (mir′ẹr) *n.* a looking-glass; an exemplar;—*v.t.* to reflect.
Mirth (mẹrth) *n.* gaiety; glee.
Mirthful (mẹrth′ fool) *a.* merry; gay.
Miry (mīr′i) *a.* full of mire.
Misadventure (mis-ad-ven′tūr) *n.* a misfortune.
Misalliance (mis-al-lī′ans) *n.* improper association or marriage.
Misanthropic (mis-an-throp′ik) *a.* hating mankind.
Misanthropist (mis-an′thrōp-ist) *n.* a hater of mankind.
Misanthropy (mis-an′thrō-pi) *n.* hatred of mankind.
Misapplication (mis-ap-plikā′shun) *n.* wrong application.
Misapply (mis-ap-plī′) *v.t.* to apply wrongly.
Misapprehend (mis-ap-prē-hend′) *v.t.* to misunderstand.
Misapprehension (mis-ap-prē-hen′shun) *n.* a mistaken idea; misunderstanding.
Misbecome (mis-bē-kum′) *v.t.* to suit ill.
Misbehave (mis-be-hāv′) *v.i.* to behave improperly.
Misbehaviour (mis-bē-hāv′yẹr) *n.* ill conduct.
Misbelief (mis-bē-lēf′) *n.* erroneous belief.
Misbelieve (mis-bē-lēv′) *v.t.* to believe erroneously.
Miscalculate (mis-kal′kū-lāt) *v.t.* to calculate wrongly.
Miscall (mis-kawl′) *v.t.* to call by a wrong name.
Miscarriage (mis-kar′ij) *n.* failure; abortion.
Miscarry (mis-kar′i) *v.i.* to fail of success; have an abortion.
Miscellaneous (mis-sel-lā′nē-us) *a.* mixed; consisting of various kinds.
Miscellany (mis′sel-an-i) *n.* a collection of writings; a mixture.
Mischance (mis-chans′) *n.* ill-luck; mishap.
Mischief (mis′chif) *n.* harm; damage.
Mischievous (mis′chiv-us) *a.* harmful; inclined to mischief.
Miscible (mis′i-bl) *a.* that can be mixed.
Misconceive (mis-kon-sēv′) *v.t.* to misjudge.
Misconception (mis-kon-sep′shun) *n.* wrong conception.
Misconduct (mis-kon′dukt) *n.* bad behaviour or management.
Misconduct (mis-kon-dukt′) *v.t.* to conduct or behave badly.
Misconstruction (mis-kon-struk′shun) *n.* wrong interpretation.

Misconstrue (mis-kon-strȯȯ′) *v.t.* to interpret wrongly.
Miscount (mis-kount′) *v.t.* or *i.* to mistake in counting; —*n.* an error in counting.
Miscreant (mis′krē-ant) *n.* a vile wretch.
Misdate (mis-dāt′) *v.t.* to date erroneously;—*n.* a wrong date.
Misdeal (mis-dēl′) *n.* a wrong [deal in cards.
Misdeed (mis-dēd′) *n.* an evil action; wicked deed.
Misdeem (mis-dēm′) *v.t.* to judge amiss.
Misdemeanour (mis-dē-mēn′-er) *n.* ill-behaviour; any petty indictable offence.
Misdirect (mis-di-rekt′) *v.t.* to direct wrongly.
Misdirection (mis-di-rek′-shun) *n.* addressing wrongly; wrong address; error of a judge in charging a jury.
Misdo (mis′dȯȯ) *v.t.* or *i.* to do wrong; commit crime.
Misdoer (mis-dȯȯ′er) *n.* one that does wrongly.
Misemploy (mis-em-ploy′) *v.t.* to use to a wrong purpose.
Miser (mī′zer) *n.* one covetous to excess; a niggard.
Miserable (miz′er-a-bl) *a.* wretched; unhappy; worthless.
Miserly (mī′zer-li) *a.* very [covetous.
Misery (miz′er-i) *n.* wretchedness; distress; calamity.
Misfortune (mis-fawr′tūn) *n.* ill-luck; an evil accident.
Misgive (mis-giv′) *v.t.* to fill with doubt.
Misgiving (mis-giv′ing) *n.* distrust.
Misgovern (mis-guv′ern) *v.t.* to govern amiss.
Misguide (mis-gīd′) *v.t.* to lead or guide into error.
Mishap (mis-hap′) *n.* ill chance or accident.
Misinform (mis-in-fawrm′) *v.t.* to inform wrongly.
Misinformation (mis-in-fawrm-ā′shun) *n.* wrong information.
Misinterpret (mis-in-ter′-pret) *v.t.* to explain erroneously; misconstrue.
Misinterpretation (mis-in-ter-pret-ā′shun) *n.* interpreting erroneously.
Misjudge (mis-juj′) *v.t.* to judge amiss.
Misjudgment (mis-juj′ment) *n.* a wrong judgment.
Mislay (mis-lā′) *v.t.* to lay in a wrong place, or place not remembered.
Mislead (mis-lēd′) *v.t.* to lead [into error.
Mismanage (mis-man′āj) *v.t.* or *i.* to manage ill.
Mismanagement (mis-man′-āj-ment) *n.* bad management.
Misname (mis-nām′) *v.t.* to call by a wrong name.
Misnomer (mis-nō′mer) *n.* a wrong name.
Misogamist (mi-sog′a-mist) *n.* a hater of marriage.
Misogamy (mi-sog′a-mi) *n.* hatred of marriage.
Misogynist (mi-sog′in-ist) *n.* a woman hater.
Misogyny (mi-sog′in-i) *n.* hatred of woman.
Misplace (mis-plās′) *v.t.* to place wrong.
Misprint (mis-print′) *v.t.* to print wrong;—*n.* an error in printing.
Misprision (mis-prizh′un) *n.* oversight; neglect.
Mispronounce (mis-prō-nouns′) *v.t.* to pronounce incorrectly.

Mispronunciation (mis-prō-nun-si-ā′shun) *n.* improper pronunciation.
Misquotation (mis-kwō-tā′-shun) *n.* act of quoting wrongly. [quote incorrectly.
Misquote (mis-kwōt′) *v.t.* to
Misreport (mis-rē-pōrt′) *v.t.* to report erroneously;—*n.* a false report.
Misrepresent (mis-rep-rē-zent′) *v.t.* to represent incorrectly.
Misrepresentation (mis-rep-rē-zent-ā′shun) *n.* untrue or unfair account.
Misrule (mis-rōōl′) *n.* confusion; unjust domination.
Miss (mis) *n.* a young unmarried female;—*v.t.* to err; not to hit.
Missal (mis′al) *n.* the Roman Catholic mass-book.
Misshape (mis-shāp′) *v.t.* [*pp.* or *a.* **misshapen**] to shape ill.
Missile (mis′il) *n.* a weapon to be thrown. [sent.
Missing (mis′ing) *a.* lost; ab-
Mission (mish′un) *n.* act of sending; persons sent; duty on which one is sent.
Missionary (mish′un-ar-i) *n.* one sent to spread religion; —*a.* pertaining to missions.
Missive (mis′iv) *a.* sent, or that may be sent;—*n.* a message or letter sent.
Misspell (mis-spel′) *v.t.* [*pp.* **misspelled; misspelt**] to spell erroneously.
Misspend (mis-spend′) *v.t.* [*pret.* and *pp.* **misspent**] to waste or spend ill.
Misstate (mis-stāt′) *v.t.* to state inaccurately.
Mist (mist) *n.* rain in very fine drops;—*v.i.* to rain in fine drops.
Mistake (mis-tāk′) *n.* unintentional error;—*v.t.* or *i.* to understand wrongly; err.
Mistaken (mis-tāk′n) *pp.* or *a. used of things*, misunderstood; *used of persons*, wrong; being in error.
Mister (mis′ter) *n.* master.
Mistily (mist′i-li) *ad.* obscurely; vaguely.
Mistiness (mist′i-nes) *n.* state of being misty; obscurity.
Mistletoe (miz′l-tō, mis′l-tō) *n.* a plant that grows on trees.
Mistranslate (mis-trans-lāt′) *v.t.* to translate erroneously.
Mistranslation (mis-trans-lā′-shun) *n.* erroneous translation.
Mistress (mis′tres) *n.* a woman that governs; a term of address.
Mistrust (mis-trust′) *n.* want of confidence; suspicion;—*v.t.* to regard with suspicion; doubt.
Mistrustful (mis-trust′fool) *a.* suspicious.
Misty (mist′i) *a.* overspread with mist.
Misunderstand (mis-un-der-stand′) *v.t.* to misconceive.
Misunderstanding (mis-un-der-stand′ing) *n.* misconception; disagreement.
Misuse (mis-ūz′) *v.t.* to abuse; treat ill.
Misuse (mis-ūs′) *n.* bad use.
Mite (mit) *n.* a small insect; small coin.
Mitigable (mit′i-ga-bl) *a.* capable of mitigation.
Mitigate (mit′i-gāt) *v.t.* to lessen; alleviate.
Mitigation (mit-i-gā′shun) *n.* alleviation; relief.
Mitre (mī′ter) *n.* a bishop's cap.

Mitten (mit′n) *n.* a cover for the hand.
Mittimus (mit′i-mus) *n.* a warrant of commitment to prison.
Mix (miks) *v.t.* [*pret.* and *pp.* **mixed** or **mixt**] to blend;—*v.i.* to mingle.
Mixed (mikst) *a.* not pure.
Mixedly (miks′ed-li) *ad.* in a confused manner.
Mixture (miks′tūr) *n.* a mingled mass.
Mizzenmast (miz′n-mast) *n.* the mast nearest the stern.
Mizzle (miz′l) *n.* small rain; —*v.i.* to rain in fine drops.
Mnemonic (nē-mon′ik) *a.* assisting the memory.
Mnemonics (nē-mon′iks) *n.* the art of memory.
Moan (mōn) *n.* a low sound expressing pain or grief;—*v.t.* or *i.* to groan; lament.
Moat (mōt) *n.* a ditch round a castle, etc.;—*v.t.* to surround with a moat.
Mob (mob) *n.* a tumultuous crowd;—*v.t.* to attack as a crowd. [moved or excited.
Mobile (mō′bil) *a.* easily
Mobility (mō-bil′i-ti) *n.* activity; fickleness.
Mobilize (mob′il-īz) *v.t.* to get ready, as troops.
Moccasin (mok′a-sin) *n.* a shoe of soft leather.
Mock (mok) *v.t.* or *i.* to deride; mimic; disappoint; —*n.* ridicule;—*a.* unreal.
Mocker (mok′er) *n.* scorner.
Mockery (mok′ẹr-i) *n.* derision; scorn.
Mocking-bird (mok′ing-bẹrd) *n.* an American singing bird. [mode.
Modal (mōd′al) *a.* relating to
Mode (mōd) *n.* form; fashion.
Model (mod′el) *n.* a copy; standard;—*v.t.* to plan.
Moderate (mod′ẹr-āt) *a.* not extreme; temperate;—*v.t.* to restrain;—*v.i.* to become less violent; preside.
Moderately (mod′ẹr-āt-li) *ad.* temperately.
Moderation (mod-ẹr-ā′shun) *n.* state of being moderate.
Moderatism (mod′ẹr-āt-izm) *n.* moderate opinions or spirit.
Moderator (mod′ẹr-āt-ẹr) *n.* one that moderates.
Modern (mod′ẹrn) *a.* of the present time; not ancient.
Modernism (mod′ẹrn-izm) *n.* recent practice, manners, etc. [to make modern.
Modernize (mod′ẹrn-īz) *v.t.*
Modest (mod′est) *a.* not forward; moderate; chaste.
Modestly (mod′est-li) *ad.* with diffidence.
Modesty (mod′est-i) *n.* absence of conceit; chastity.
Modicum (mod′i-kum) *n.* a small portion.
Modification (mod-i-fi-kā′-shun) *n.* act of modifying.
Modifier (mod′i-fī-ẹr) *n.* he that or that which modifies.
Modify (mod′i-fi) *v.t.* to change the form; qualify.
Modillion (mō-dil′yun) *n.* a kind of bracket. [able.
Modish (mō′dish) *a.* fashion-
Modiste (mō-dēst′) *n.* a female artiste in dress.
Modulate (mod′ū-lāt) *v.t.* to vary sounds; inflect;—*v.i.* to pass from one key to another.
Modulation (mod-ū-lā′shun) *n.* the act of modulating.
Modulator (mod′ū-lāt-ẹr) *n.* that which varies sounds.

Module (mod′ūl) *n.* a model.
Mogul (mō-gul′) *n.* a Mongolian; formerly emperor of the Moguls in Asia.
Mohair (mō′hār) *n.* a stuff of goat's hair.
Mohammedan (mō-ham′-ed-an) *a.* pertaining to Mohammed;—*n.* a follower of Mohammed.
Moiety (moi′e-ti) *n.* half.
Moil (moil) *v.i.* to work with painful effort; drudge.
Moire (mwȧr) *n.* a fine kind of watered silk.
Moist (moist) *a.* damp.
Moisten (mois′n) *v.t.* to damp.
Moistness (moist′nes) *n.* dampness.
Moisture (moist′ūr) *n.* moistness.
Molar (mō′lęr) *a.* adapted to grind;—*n.* a grinding tooth.
Molasses (mō-las′ēz) *n.* the syrup that drains from sugar; treacle.
Mole (mōl) *n.* a natural spot on the skin; a pier; a mound; a little animal.
Molecular (mō-lek′ū-lęr) *a.* pertaining to molecules.
Molecule (mōl′e-kūl) *n.* a very minute particle of matter.
Mole-hill (mōl′hil) *n.* a hillock raised by a mole.
Moleskin (mōl′skin) *n.* a strong twilled fustian.
Molest (mō-lest′) *v.t.* to render uneasy; annoy.
Molestation (mō-lest-ā′shun) *n.* annoyance.
Mollifier (mol′i-fī-er) *n.* that which softens.
Mollify (mol′i-fī) *v.t.* to soften; assuage.
Mollusc (mol′usk) *n.* an animal with a fleshy, inarticulate body, as the snail, oyster, etc.
Molten (mōlt′n) *a.* melted, or made of melted metal.
Moment (mō′ment) *n.* a portion of time; importance.
Momentarily (mō′ment-ar-i-li) *ad.* every moment.
Momentary (mō′ment-ar-i) *a.* lasting a moment only.
Momentous (mō-ment′us) *a.* important; weighty.
Momentum (mō-ment′um) *n.* force of a moving body; *pl.* **Momenta.**
Monachism (mon′ak-ism) *n.* monastic life.
Monad (mon′ad) *n.* an atom.
Monadic (mon-ad′ik) *a.* having the nature of a monad.
Monarch (mon′ȧrk) *n.* a sole supreme ruler; the chief of its kind.
Monarchical (mon-ȧrk′ik-al) *a.* pertaining to a monarch.
Monarchy (mon′ȧrk-i) *n.* government vested in one man; a kingdom.
Monastery (mon′as-tęr′i) *n.* a house of religious retirement; convent; nunnery.
Monastic (mon-as′tic) *a.* pertaining to monks; recluse.
Monasticism (mon-as′ti-sizm) *n.* monastic life.
Monday (mun′dā) *n.* second day of the week.
Monetary (mun′e-tar-i) *a.* relating to or consisting of money.
Money (mun′i) *n.* coin for current use in trade, or a substitute for it; *pl.* **Moneys.**
Money-broker (mun′i-brōk-er) *n.* a dealer in money.
Moneyed (mun′id) *a.* rich. Also written **Monied.**
Monger (mung′gęr) *n.* a trader.

Mongrel (mung'grel) *a.* of a mixed breed;—*n.* an animal of a mixed breed.
Monition (mō-nish'un) *n.* a warning; instruction.
Monitive (mon'i-tiv) *a.* conveying warning.
Monitor (mon'i-tẹr) *n.* one that warns; a subordinate instructor; an ironclad ship of war.
Monitorial (mon-i-tō'ri-al) *a.* pertaining to a monitor.
Monitory (mon'i-tor-i) *a.* giving warning.
Monitress (mon'i-tres) *n.* a female monitor.
Monk (mungk) *n.* one that lives in a monastery.
Monkey (mungk'i) *n.* an animal like the ape; *pl.* **Monkeys.**
Monkey-jacket (mungk'i-jak-et) *n.* a thick, close-fitting woollen jacket.
Monkish (mungk'ish) *a.* like a monk; monastic.
Monodist (mon'ōd-ist) *n.* a writer of monodies.
Monody (mon'ō-di) *n.* a mournful song by one person.
Monogamy (mon-og'a-mi) *n.* marriage to one.
Monogram (mon'ō-gram) *n.* a cipher composed of letters interwoven.
Monograph (mon'ō-graf) *n.* an account of a single thing.
Monographic (mon-ō-graf'ik) *a.* pertaining to a monograph.
Monolyth (mon'ō-lith) *n.* a column of a single stone.
Monologue (mon'ō-log) *n.* a speech by one person.
Monomania (mon-ō-mā'ni-a) *n.* derangement of the mind on one subject only.
Monomaniac (mon-ō-mā'ni-ak) *n.* a person affected by monomania.
Monopolist (mon-op'ol-ist) *n.* one that monopolizes.
Monopolize (mon-op'ol-īz) *v.t.* to engross the whole.
Monopoly (mon-op'o-li) *n.* entire control or appropriation.
Monosyllabic (mon-ō-sil-lab'ik) *a.* of one syllable only.
Monosyllable (mon'ō-sil'la-bl) *n.* a word of one syllable.
Monotheism (mon'ō-thē-izm) *n.* the belief in one God only.
Monotone (mon'ō-tōn) *n.* a sound or succession of sounds in the same pitch or key.
Monotonous (mon-ot'on-us) *a.* in the same tone; without variety.
Monotony (mon-ot'o-ni) *n.* uniformity of tone; want of variety.
Monsoon (mon'sȯȯn) *n.* a periodical wind.
Monster (mon'stẹr) *n.* something horrid or unnatural.
Monstrosity (mon-stros'i-ti) *n.* state of being monstrous.
Monstrous (mon'strus) *a.* unnatural; shocking; enormous.
Month (munth) *n.* one revolution of the moon; the twelfth part of the year.
Monthly (munth'li) *a.* happening every month;—*n.* a periodical published once a month;—*ad.* once a month.
Monument (mon'ū-ment) *n.* a memorial; a tomb.
Monumental (mon-ū-ment'al) *a.* preserving memory.

Mood (mo͝od) *n.* temper of mind; humour; variation in inflection of a verb; form of a syllogism.
Moodiness (mo͝od'i-nes) *n.* peevishness.
Moody (mo͝od'i) *a.* peevish.
Moon (mo͞on) *n.* a satellite of this earth, and revolving round it; a month.
Moonlight (mo͞on'līt) *n.* light of the moon.
Moor (mo͝or) *n.* a black man; a marsh;—*v.t.* to secure a vessel by cables and anchors.
Moorage (mo͝or'āj) *n.* a place for mooring ships.
Moorings (mo͝or'ingz) *n.pl.* anchors, chains, etc., to hold a ship.
Moorish (mo͝or'ish) *a.* marshy; fenny.
Moorland (mo͝or'land) *n.* marshy land. [fenny.
Moory (mo͝or'i) *a.* marshy;
Moose (mo͝os) *n.* the largest animal of the deer kind.
Moot (mo͝ot) *v.t.* or *i.* to discuss or debate;—*a.* disputable.
Mop (mop) *n.* a cloth or collection of thrums for cleaning floors, etc.;—*v.t.* to wipe with a mop.
Mope (mōp) *v.i.* to be dull or spiritless;—*n.* a stupid person. [made of cloth.
Mopet (mop'et) *n.* a puppet
Mopish (mōp'ish) *a.* dull.
Moral (mor'al) *a.* pertaining to right or wrong in a man's manners, duties, and conduct; virtuous; responsible.
Morale (mō-ral') *n.* the moral condition.
Moralist (mor'al-ist) *n.* one that teaches or practises morality.
Morality (mō-ral'i-ti) *n.* system or practice of moral duties.
Moralize (mor'al-īz) *v.t.* or *i.* to discourse on moral subjects; apply to moral purposes.
Morally (mor'al-li) *ad.* in a moral sense or manner; certainly. [fen.
Morass (mō-ras') *n.* a marsh;
Morbid (mawr'bid) *a.* not sound or healthy; diseased.
Morbific (mawr-bif'ik) *a.* causing disease.
Mordacious (mawr-dā'shus) *a.* biting; sarcastic.
Mordacity (mawr-das'i-ti) *n.* the quality of biting.
Mordant (mawr'dant) *n.* a substance to fix colours in cloth.
More (mōr) *a.* greater in quantity or number;—*ad.* to a greater degree.
Moreover (mōr-ō'vẹr) *ad.* further; besides.
Moresque (mō-resk') *a.* done after the manner of the Moors, as paintings.
Moribund (mor'i-bund) *a.* dying; at the point of death.
Mormon (mawr'mon) *n.* one of a religious sect that advocates polygamy, etc.
Morning (mawrn'ing) *n.* the first part of the day.
Morocco (mō-rok'ō) *n.* leather of goat or sheep-skin dressed.
Morose (mō-rōs') *a.* sour; severe; sullen.
Morphia (mawr'fi-a) *n.* an alkali extracted from opium; a powerful anodyne.
Morrow (mor'rō) *n.* next day after the present.
Morsel (mawr'sel) *n.* a bite; small piece.

Mortal (mawr'tal) *a.* subject to death; deadly; human; —*n.* a human being.
Mortality (mawr-tal'i-ti) *n.* subjection to death; frequent death; death-rate.
Mortally (mawr'tal-li) *ad.* so as to cause death; fatally.
Mortar (mawr'tăr) *n.* cement for building; a vessel for pounding substances with a pestle; a piece of ordnance for throwing bombs.
Mortgage (mawr'gāj) *n.* a pledge of real estate;—*v.t.* to pledge or convey for securing a debt.
Mortgagee (mawr-gā-jē') *n.* one to whom a mortgage is given.
Mortgager (mawr'gāj-ẹr) *n.* one that executes a mortgage.
Mortification (mawr-ti-fi-kā'-shun) *n.* dying, or death of a part of the body; subjection by bodily severities; vexation; chagrin.
Mortify (mawr'ti-fī) *v.i.* or *t.* to destroy or lose vitality; subdue by discipline; humiliate.
Mortifying (mawr'ti-fī-ing) *a.* tending to humble; humiliating.
Mortise (mawr'tis) *n.* an opening or cut to receive a tenon;—*v.t.* to form with a mortise.
Mortmain (mawrt'mān) *n.* an inalienable estate.
Mosaic (mō-zā'ik) *n.* work variegated by shells and stones of various colours;—*a.* composed of mosaic; pertaining to Moses.
Mosque (mosk) *n.* a Mohammedan house of worship.
Mosquito (mos-kē'tō) *n.* a stinging gnat or fly, common in tropical countries.
Moss (mos) *n.* a small herb; ground covered with moss; a bog;—*v.t.* to cover with moss. [with moss.
Mossy (mos'i) *a.* overgrown
Mostly (mōst'li) *ad.* for the greatest part.
Mote (mōt) *n.* a very small particle; speck. [insect.
Moth (moth) *n.* a winged
Mother (muтн'ẹr) *n.* a female parent; a slimy substance in vinegar; — *a.* natural; native;—*v.i.* to concrete;—*v.t.* to adopt as a child.
Motherhood (muтн'ẹr-hood) *n.* the state of a mother.
Motherly (muтн'ẹr-li) *a.* like a mother.
Mothery (muтн'ẹr-i) *a.* concreted; slimy.
Motherwit (muтн'ẹr-wit) *n.* native wit.
Motion (mō'shun) *n.* act of changing place; a proposal made. [quiescent.
Motionless (mō'shun-les) *a.*
Motive (mō'tiv) *a.* causing to move;—*n.* that which incites to volition or action.
Motivity (mō-tiv'i-ti) *n.* power of motion.
Motley (mot'li) *a.* variegated in colour.
Motor (mō'tẹr) *n.* moving power.
Motto (mot'ō) *n.* a sentence prefixed to an essay; an inscription; *pl.* **Mottoes, Mottos.**
Mould (mōld) *n.* soft earth; decayed soil; a hollow form for casting; shape;—*v.t.* to cast or shape; cover with soil;—*v.i.* to become mouldy.

Moulder (mōld′ẹr) *v.i.* to decay;—*n.* a caster of metal.
Mouldy (mōld′i) *a.* covered with mould.
Moult (mōlt) *v.i.* to shed hair, feathers, horns, etc.
Moulting (mōlt′ing) *n.* act of shedding feathers, hair, etc.
Mound (mound) *n.* a natural or artificial elevation for defence;—*v.t.* to fortify with a mound.
Mount (mount) *n.* a hill; mountain; heap;—*v.i.* to rise; soar;—*v.t.* to climb; get or put on horseback, etc.; set; embellish.
Mountain (mount′in) *n.* ground higher than the country around;—*a.* pertaining to mountains.
Mountaineer (mount-in-ēr′) *n.* dweller on a mountain.
Mountainous (mount′in-us) *a.* abounding with mountains.
Mountebank (mount′i-bangk) *n.* a pretender; quack.
Mounted (mount′ed) *a.* raised; embellished.
Mounting (mount′ing) *n.* an ascent; setting; frame in which a thing is set.
Mourn (mōrn) *v.t.* or *i.* to grieve; lament; wear mourning.
Mourner (mōrn′ẹr) *n.* one that laments.
Mournful (mōrn′fool) *a.* sorrowful; lamentable.
Mourning (mōrn′ing) *n.* act of sorrowing; dress of mourners.
Mouse (mous) *n.* a small rodent quadruped that infests houses and fields; *pl.* **Mice**;—*v.t.* to watch and catch mice.
Mouser (mouz′ẹr) *n.* a cat good at catching mice.
Moustache (moos-tash′) *n.* See **Mustache.**
Mouth (mouth) *n.* the aperture for eating and speaking; an opening; speech; boasting; grimace.
Mouth (mouth) *v.t.* or *i.* to speak with affected emphasis.
Mouthpiece (mouth′pēs) *n.* part of an instrument for the mouth; one that speaks for another.
Movable (mȯȯv′a-bl) *a.* that can be moved.
Movables (mȯȯv′a-blz) *n.pl.* goods, furniture, etc.
Move (mȯȯv) *v.t.* or *i.* to put in motion; excite; change place; propose.
Movement (mȯȯv′ment) *n.* the act of moving; change of place; excitement.
Moving (mȯȯv′ing) *a.* changing place; pathetic.
Movingly (mȯȯv′ing-li) *ad.* with feeling.
Mow (mō, mou) *n.* a pile of hay in a barn; a wry face;—*v.t.* to heap up in a barn; make mouths.
Mow (mō) *v.t.* or *i.* [*pret.* **mowed**; *pp.* **mowed, mown**] to cut down with a scythe; cut grass; cut down in great numbers. [mows.
Mower (mō′ẹr) *n.* one that
Mowing (mō′ing) *n.* act of cutting with a scythe.
Much (much) *a.* great in quantity, amount, or time;—*n.* a great quantity;—*ad.* in a great degree.
Mucilage (mū′si-lāj) *n.* a slimy or viscous solution of gum.

Mucilaginous (mū-si-laj'in-us) *a.* slimy; ropy.
Muck (muk) *n.* a mass of moist dung; anything filthy;—*v.t.* to manure with muck. [a miser.
Muckwurm (muk'wurm) *n.*
Mucous (mū'kus) *a.* slimy; viscous. [fluid.
Mucus (mū'kus) *n.* a slimy
Mud (mud) *n.* wet earth; slime; mire;—*v.t.* to make foul with mud; bespatter.
Muddle (mud'l) *v.t.* to make muddy or confused;—*n.* a confused state; mess.
Muddy (mud'i) *a.* foul; dirty; turbid;—*v.t.* to make foul.
Muff (muf) *n.* a warm fur cover for the hands; a soft useless fellow. [cake.
Muffin (muf'in) *n.* a light
Muffle (muf'l) *v.t.* to cover close. [to drink from.
Mug (mug) *n.* a cup or vessel
Muggy (mug'i) *a.* damp and close.
Mulatto (mū-lat'ō) *n.* the child of a black and a white person.
Mulberry (mul'ber-i) *n.* a tree and its fruit.
Mulch (mulsh) *n.* half-rotten straw.
Mulct (mulkt) *n.* pecuniary penalty;—*v.t.* to punish by a fine.
Mule (mūl) *n.* an animal or plant of a mongrel kind.
Muleteer (mūl-et-ēr') *n.* a driver of mules.
Mulish (mūl'ish) *a.* like a mule; stubborn; perverse.
Mull (mul) *v.t.* to spice and sweeten wine; deaden;—*n.* a headland; promontory.
Mullion (mul'yun) *n.* a bar in a window frame.
Multifarious (mul-ti-fā'ri-us) *a.* having great variety.
Multiform (mul'ti-fawrm) *a.* having various forms.
Multiformity (mul-ti-fawrm'i-ti) *n.* diversity of forms.
Multiped (mul'ti-ped) *n.* an insect with many feet.
Multiple (mul'ti-pl) *n.* a number exactly divisible by another. [many-fold.
Multiplex (mul'ti-pleks) *a.*
Multiplicand (mul-ti-pli-kand') *n.* a number to be multiplied.
Multiplication (mul-ti-pli-kā'shun) *n.* act of multiplying.
Multiplicity (mul-ti-plis'i-ti) *n.* a great number or variety.
Multiplier (mul'ti-plī-er) *n.* one that multiplies.
Multiply (mul'ti-plī) *v.t.* or *i.* to increase in numbers.
Multitude (mul'ti-tūd) *n.* a great number; the populace.
Multitudinous (mul-ti-tūd'in-us) *a.* very numerous.
Multivalve (mul'ti-valv) *a.* having many valves.
Mum (mum) *n.* a kind of beer;—*a.* silent;—*interj.* be silent. [mutter.
Mumble (mum'bl) *v.i.* or *t.* to
Mummer (mum'er) *n.* a masker; buffoon.
Mummery (mum'er-i) *n.* sport in masks; foolery.
Mummy (mum'i) *n.* a dead human body embalmed.
Mumpish (mump'ish) *a.* grum; sullen.
Mumps (mumps) *n.* a disease of the neck; sullenness.
Munch (munsh) *v.t.* or *i.* to chew eagerly.
Mundane (mun'dān) *a.* belonging to this world.

Municipal (mū-nis′i-pal) *a.* belonging to a city.
Municipality (mū-nis-i-pal′i-ti) *n.* a municipal district.
Munificence (mū-nif′i-sens) *n.* liberality.
Munificent (mū-nif′i-sent) *a.* generous; very liberal.
Muniment (mū′ni-ment) *n.* fortification; charter; title deed.
Munition (mū-nish′un) *n.* materials for war.
Mural (mū′ral) *a.* pertaining to a wall.
Murder (mur′dẹr) *n.* the act of killing a human being with premeditated malice; —*v.t.* to kill; destroy.
Murderer (mur′dẹr-ẹr) *n.* one guilty of murder.
Murderous (mur′dẹr-us) *a.* guilty of murder.
Muricated (mū′ri-kāt-ed) *a.* armed with sharp points.
Murk (murk) *n.* darkness.
Murky (murk′i) *a.* dark.
Murmur (mur′mur) *v.i.* to mutter; purl; complain; —*n.* continued complaint; a purling sound.
Murrain (mur′rān) *n.* an infectious disease among cattle.
Muscatel (mus′ka-tel) *n.* a rich kind of grape; wine made from it; a raisin; a pear. Also, **Muscadel** and **Muscadine.**
Muscle (mus′l) *n.* the fleshy fibre in animals.
Muscovado (mus-kō-vā′dō) *n.* unrefined sugar.
Muscular (mus′kū-lẹr) *a.* relating to the muscles.
Muscularity (mus-kū-lar′i-ti) *n.* state of being muscular.
Muse (mūz) *n.* a fit of meditation; deep thought;—*pl.* the nine goddesses presiding over the arts;—*v.t.* or *i.* to think deeply; wonder at; be absent in mind.
Museum (mū-zē′um) *n.* a repository or collection of curiosities in nature or art.
Mush (mush) *n.* food of maize meal.
Mushroom (mush′ṙòòm) *n.* an edible fungus; an upstart;—*a.* from mushrooms; short-lived.
Music (mū′zik) *n.* science of harmonical sounds; melody or harmony.
Musical (mū′zik-al) *a.* melodious.
Musically (mū′zik-al-li) *ad.* in a harmonious manner.
Musician (mū-zish′an) *n.* one skilled in music.
Musk (musk) *n.* an animal, and a strong-scented substance procured from it.
Musket (mus′ket) *n.* a species of firearms.
Musketry (mus′ket-ri) *n.* muskets in general; practice in discharging muskets.
Musky (musk′i) *a.* having odour of the musk.
Muslin (muz′lin) *n.* a fine cotton cloth.
Muslinet (muz-li-net′) *n.* a coarse kind of muslin.
Musrole (muz′rōl) *n.* the noseband of a horse's bridle.
Mussulman (mus′ul-man) *n.* a believer in the Koran; *pl.* **Mussulmans.**
Must (must) *v.i.* to be obliged; be morally fit; — *v.t.* to grow mouldy;—*n.* new wine unfermented.

Mustache (mush-tash′) *n.* long hair on the upper lip; *pl.* **Mustaches.**
Mustard (mus′terd) *n.* a plant and its seed.
Muster (mus′ter) *v.t.* or *i.* to assemble; collect; meet in one place;—*n.* a review of troops; register of forces.
Muster-roll (mus′ter-rōl) *n.* a list of forces.
Mustiness (must′i-nes) *n.* mouldiness.
Musty (must′i) *a.* affected with mould; spoiled by damp or age.
Mutability (mū-ta-bil′i-ti) *n.* change of mind; instability.
Mutable (mū′ta-bl) *a.* inconstant; variable.
Mutchkin (much′kin) *n.* a liquid measure of four gills.
Mute (mūt) *a.* silent; speechless; not sounded;—*n.* one that is silent or dumb; an undertaker's attendant.
Mutely (mūt′li) *ad.* silently.
Mutilate (mū′ti-lāt) *v.t.* to cut off a limb, or part.
Mutilation (mū-ti-lā′shun) *n.* act of mutilating.
Mutineer (mū-ti-nēr′) *n.* one that joins in a mutiny.
Mutinous (mū′ti-nus) *a.* seditious; disorderly.
Mutiny (mū′ti-ni) *n.* an insurrection of soldiers or seamen;—*v.i.* to rise against lawful authority.
Mutter (mut′er) *v.i.* or *t.* to speak low or indistinctly; grumble;—*n.* obscure utterance; murmur.
Mutterer (mut′er-er) *n.* a grumbler.
Muttering (mut′er-ing) *n.* a [grumbling.
Mutton (mut′n) *n.* flesh of sheep.
Muttonchop (mut′n-chop) *n.* a rib or slice of mutton for broiling.
Mutual (mū′tū-al) *a.* pertaining to both sides; reciprocal; given or received by each party.
Mutuality (mū-tū-al′i-ti) *n.* state of being mutual.
Mutually (mū′tū-al-li) *ad.* reciprocally.
Muzzle (muz′l) *v.t.* to fasten the mouth of an animal;—*n.* a mouth; a fastening for the mouth.
Muzzy (muz′i) *a.* tipsy; bewildered.
My (mī) *a.* belonging to me.
Myology (mī-ol′o-ji) *n.* science or description of the muscles.
Myopy (mī′o-pi) *n.* [sightedness. short-
Myriad (mir′i-ad) *n.* the number of ten thousand; a large number.
Myrmidon (mer′mi-don) *n.* a rough soldier; ruffian.
Myrrh (mer) *n.* an inspissated aromatic gum resin.
Myrtle (mer′tl) *n.* an evergreen shrub.
Myself (mī-self′) *pron.* I; not [another.
Mysterious (mis-tē′ri-us) *a.* full of mystery; obscure; incomprehensible.
Mystery (mis′ter-i) *n.* a deep secret; an enigma; a truth known by revelation only; a truth not revealed.
Mystic (mis′tik) *n.* one that professes to have direct intercourse with God.
Mystical (mis′tik-al) *a.* obscure; involving a secret meaning; emblematical.
Mysticism (mist′i-sizm) *n.* obscurity of doctrine; the doctrines of mystics.

Mystify (mis′ti-fī) *v.t.* to render obscure or complex.
Myth (mith) *n.* a fable; moral or religious legend.
Mythic (mith′ik) *a.* fabulous.
Mythological (mith-o-loj′ik-al) *a.* pertaining to mythology.
Mythologist (mith-ol′o-jist) *n.* one versed in mythology.
Mythology (mith-ol′o-ji) *n.* a science of or treatise on myths.

N.

NAB (nab) *v.t.* to catch; seize.
Nabob (nā′bob) *n.* a prince in India; a very rich man.
Nacre (nā′kr) *n.* mother of pearl.
Nadir (nā′dir) *n.* point directly opposite the zenith.
Nag (nag) *n.* a small horse; —*v.i.* to find fault constantly; carp at.
Naiad (nā′ad) *n.* a water nymph; *pl.* **Naiades.**
Nail (nāl) *n.* a claw; a horny substance on the ends of the fingers; an iron pin; a boss; two inches and a quarter;—*v.t.* to fasten or stud with nails.
Naive (nȧ-ēv′) *a.* simple; frank; ingenuous.
Naivete (nȧ-ēv′tā) *n.* native simplicity.
Naked (nā′ked) *a.* having no covering; unprotected; bare; plain or evident; simple.
Nakedly (nā′ked-li) *ad.* openly; plainly; barely.
Nakedness (nā′ked-nes) *n.* want of covering; bareness.
Name (nām) *n.* designation; title; reputation; remembrance; appearance; behalf; race or family;—*v.t.* to mention by name; denominate.
Nameless (nām′les) *a.* having no name.
Namely (nām′li) *ad.* that is [to say.
Namesake (nām′sāk) *n.* a person of the same name.
Nankeen, Nankin (nan-kēn′) *n.* a buff-coloured cotton cloth.
Nap (nap) *n.* a short sleep; woolly substance on cloth; —*v.i.* to sleep a short time.
Nape (nāp) *n.* the joint of the neck behind.
Naphtha (nap′tha, naf′tha) *n.* a bituminous and inflammable liquid that exudes from the earth.
Napkin (nap′kin) *n.* a handkerchief; a cloth to wipe the hands.
Narcotic (nȧr-kot′ik) *a.* inducing sleep.
Nard (nȧrd) *n.* an aromatic plant; an ointment.
Narrate (na-rāt′) *v.t.* to tell.
Narration (na-rā′shun) *n.* relation; rehearsal.
Narrative (nar′a-tiv) *n.* recital of particulars; a story; —*a.* relating particulars.
Narrator (na-rāt′ẹr) *n.* one that narrates.
Narrow (nar′ō) *a.* having little width; close; covetous;—*v.t.* to contract;—*v.i.* to become less broad.
Narrowly (nar′ō-li) *ad.* closely; nearly; hardly.
Narrowness (nar′ō-nes) *n.* want of breadth; meanness.
Nasal (nāz′al) *a.* pertaining to the nose;—*n.* a sound uttered through the nose.

Nascent (nas'ent) *a.* beginning to exist.
Nasty (nas'ti) *a.* dirty; filthy.
Natal (nā'tal) *a.* relating to nativity.
Natant (nā'tant) *a.* floating.
Nation (nā'shun) *n.* a people living under one government; race; great number.
National (nash'un-al) *a.* pertaining to a nation.
Nationality (nash-un-al'i-ti) *n.* love of one's nation; national character or bias.
Native (nā'tiv) *a.* produced by nature; pertaining to the place of one's birth; —*n.* one born in a place or country.
Nativity (na-tiv'i-ti) *n.* birth; time, place, or manner of birth.
Natural (nat'ūr-al) *a.* pertaining to nature; inborn; normal; not revealed; not artificial; illegitimate; —*n.* an idiot; a fool.
Naturalism (nat'ūr-al-izm) *n.* mere state of nature; natural religion; denial of supernatural agency.
Naturalist (nat'ūr-al-ist) *n.* one versed in natural history.
Naturalization (nat-ūr-al-iz-ā'shun) *n.* admission to native privileges.
Naturalize (nat'ūr-al-īz) *v.t.* to confer the rights of citizenship.
Naturally (nat'ūr-al-li) *ad.* according to nature.
Naturalness (nat'ūr-al-nes) *n.* state of being produced by nature.
Nature (nā'tūr) *n.* whatever is made; essential qualities; constitution; regular course; natural affection; sort; kind.
Naught (nawt) *n* nothing.
Naughtiness (nawt'i-nes) *n.* slight wickedness; bad behaviour.
Naughty (nawt'i) *a.* wicked; mischievous; perverse.
Nausea (naw'sha) *n.* sickness at the stomach; loathing.
Nauseate (naw'shē-āt) *v.t.* or *i.* to affect with disgust; loathe.
Nauseous (naw'shus) *a.* loathsome; disgusting.
Nautical (naw'tik-al) *a.* pertaining to seamen or navigation.
Naval (nā'val) *a.* belonging [to ships.
Nave (nāv) *n.* middle or centre of a church and of a wheel.
Navel (nāv'l) *n.* the middle of the abdomen.
Navigable (nav'ig-a-bl) *a.* passable for ships.
Navigate (nav'i-gāt) *v.i.* or *t.* to sail ships on water.
Navigation (nav-i-gā'shun) *n.* the act or art of navigating.
Navigator (nav'i-gāt-er) *n.* one that navigates.
Navvy (nav'i) *n.* a labourer employed in cutting canals, etc.
Navy (nā'vi) *n.* a fleet of [ships.
Nay (nā) *ad.* no; not only so; but also; —*n.* denial; refusal.
Nazarite (naz'ar-īt) *n.* a Jew that professed extraordinary purity of life.
Nea-tide (nēp'tīd) *n.* a low [tide.
Near (nēr) *a.* not distant; close; intimate; dear; covetous; —*v.t.* to approach; —*ad.* within a little.
Nearly (nēr'li) *ad.* at hand; closely; almost; stingily.
Nearness (nēr'nes) *n.* closeness; intimacy; stinginess.
Neat (nēt) *a.* trim; tidy; clean.

Neb (neb) *n.* a nose; beak of a bird.
Nebula (neb′ū-la) *n.* a light gauzy cloud; cluster of stars forming a misty cloud; film in the eye; *pl.* **Nebulæ.**
Nebulous (neb′ū-lus) *a.* resembling a collection of vapours.
Necessarily (nes′es-sar-i-li) *ad.* from necessity.
Necessary (nes′es-sa-ri) *a.* that must be; inevitable.
Necessitate (nē-ses′si-tāt) *v.t.* to compel.
Necessitous (nē-ses′sit-us) *a.* very needy.
Necessity (nē-ses′si-ti) *n.* that which must be; compulsion; requisite; indigence.
Neck (nek) *n.* the part between the head and body; a narrow tract of land.
Neckcloth (nek′kloth) *n.* a cloth for men's necks.
Neckerchief (nek′ẹr-chif) *n.* a cloth for the neck.
Necklace (nek′lās) *n.* a string of beads, etc., for the neck.
Necrology (nek-rol′o-ji) *n.* a register of the dead or of deaths.
Necromancer (nek′rō-man-sẹr) *n.* a conjurer.
Necromancy (nek′rō-man-si) *n.* conjuration.
Nectar (nek′tar) *n.* the fabled drink of the gods; any pleasant beverage; honey of flowers.
Nectarean (nek-tā′rē-an) *a.* like nectar.
Nectarial (nek-tā′rē-al) *a.* pertaining to the nectary of a plant.
Nectarine (nek′ta-rīn) *n.* a fruit of the peach kind.
Nectary (nek′tar-i) *n.* the honey cup of a flower.
Need (nēd) *n.* occasion for something; want; pressing necessity; poverty;—*v t.* to want;—*v.i.* to be wanted.
Needful (nēd′fool) *a.* necessary; requisite.
Needle (nē′dl) *n.* a pointed instrument for sewing, and for the mariner's compass;—*v.i.* to form into crystals.
Needless (nēd′les) *a.* unnecessary.
Needs (nēdz) *ad.* of necessity.
Needy (nēd′i) *a.* poor.
Nefarious (nē-fā′ri-us) *a.* abominably wicked; villainous; impious.
Negation (nē-gā′shun) *n.* denial.
Negative (neg′a-tiv) *a.* implying denial; prohibitory; vetoing;—*n.* a word or proposition that denies;—*v.t.* to disprove; reject by vote.
Negatively (neg′a-tiv-li) *ad.* with or by denial.
Neglect (neg-lekt′) *v.t.* to omit by carelessness; disregard; slight;—*n.* omission to do; inattention.
Neglectful (neg-lekt′fool) *a.* heedless.
Negligence (neg′li-jens) *n.* habitual neglect.
Negligent (neg′li-jent) *a.* heedless; inattentive.
Negotiable (nē-gō′shi-a-bl) *a.* that may be negotiated.
Negotiate (nē-gō′shi-āt) *v.t.* or *i.* to transact business; treat with; procure or sell; transfer for value.
Negotiation (nē-gō-shi-ā′shun) *n.* a treaty of business.
Negotiator (nē-gō′shi-āt-ẹr) *n.* one that negotiates.
Negress (nē′gres) *n.* a female of the black African race.

Negro (nē′grō) *n.* an African by birth, or a descendant of one.
Negus (nē′gus) *n.* wine, water, sugar, and lemon-juice mixed.
Neigh (nā) *v.i.* to whinny;—*n.* voice of a horse.
Neighbour (nā′bẹr) *n.* one that lives near;—*v.t.* or *i.* to adjoin; be or live near to.
Neighbourhood (nā′bẹr-hood) *n.* state of being near; adjoining district; the people that live in it. [near.
Neighbouring (nā′bẹr-ing) *a.*
Neighbourly (nā′bẹr-li) *a.* kind; sociable.
Neither (nē′thẹr, nī′thẹr) *pron.* not either;—*con.* nor.
Neologist (nē-ol′o-jist) *n.* one that holds to neology.
Neology (nē-ol′o-ji) *n.* rationalistic views in theology.
Neophyte (nē′ō-fīt) *n.* a new convert; a novice.
Nephew (nev′ū) *n.* son of a brother or sister.
Nephritic (ne-frit′ik) *a.* pertaining to the kidneys.
Nepotism (nēp′o-tizm) *n.* favouritism to relations.
Neptunian (nep-tū′ni-an) *a.* pertaining to Neptune or the ocean. [nymph.
Nereid (nē′rē-id) *n.* a sea-
Nerve (nẹrv) *n.* an organ of sensation and motion in animals; firmness; strength;—*v.t.* to give vigour to.
Nerveless (nẹrv′les) *a.* without strength.
Nervous (nẹrv′us) *a.* strong; robust; forcible; weak in the nerves.
Nervousness (nẹrv′us-nes) *n.* strength; vigour; weakness of the nerves.
Nest (nest) *n.* a bed for birds or insects; a number of boxes inserted one into another;—*v.i.* to build or live in a nest.
Nestle (nes′l) *v.i.* to lie close; move restlessly.
Nestling (nest′ling) *n.* a bird just hatched.
Net (net) *n.* an instrument for catching fish and fowls;—*v.t.* to make net-work; take with a net.
Net (net) *a.* pure; clear of all charges and reductions;—*v.t.* to gain in clear profit.
Nether (neth′ẹr) *a.* lower; infernal. [lowest.
Nethermost (neth′ẹr-mōst) *a.*
Nettle (net′l) *n.* a prickly plant;—*v.t.* to sting; vex.
Net-work (net′wurk) *n.* work wrought for or like a net.
Neuralgia (nū-ral′ji-a) *n.* a pain in the nerves.
Neuralgic (nū-ral′jik) *a.* pertaining to neuralgia.
Neurology (nū-rol′o-ji) *n.* a description of the nerves.
Neuter (nū′tẹr) *a.* of neither party; of neither gender.
Neutral (nū′tral) *a.* not of either party; indifferent;—*n.* one that takes no part.
Neutrality (nū-tral′i-ti) *n.* state of being neutral.
Neutralization (nū-tral-iz-ā′shun) *n.* the act of rendering neutral. [render neutral.
Neutralize (nū′tral-īz) *v.t.* to
Never (nev′ẹr) *ad.* at no time; in no degree.
Nevertheless (nev-ẹr-thē-les′) *ad.* notwithstanding.
New (nū) *a.* fresh; recent.
Newfangled (nū-fang′gld) *a.* newly formed; fond of new things.

Newly (nū′li) *ad.* freshly; lately.
News (nūz) *n.* fresh informa- [tion.
Newsmonger (nūz′mung-ger) *n.* a dealer in news.
Newspaper (nūz′pā-per) *n.* a periodical paper to circulate news.
Next (nekst) *a.* nearest in place, time, or rank;—*ad.* at the time or turn nearest.
Nib (nib) *n.* point of a pen; end of a beak;—*v.t.* to point; cut off the point.
Nibble (nib′l) *n.* a little bite; —*v.i.* or *t.* to bite at; bite slowly; find fault in trifles.
Nice (nīs) *a.* exact; fine; delicate; fastidious.
Nicely (nīs′li) *ad.* accurately; delicately.
Nicety (nīs′e-ti) *n.* accuracy; minuteness; delicacy.
Niche (nich) *n.* a small recess in the side of a wall for a statue.
Nick (nik) *n.* a notch; score; exact point;—*v.t.* to cut in notches.
Nick-nacks (nik′naks) *n.pl.* small wares; trifles.
Nickname (nik′nām) *n.* a name in sport or contempt; —*v.t.* to name in contempt.
Nictate (nik′tāt) *v.i.* to wink.
Nictation (nik-tā′shun) *n.* the act of winking.
Nidification (nid-i-fi-kā′shun) *n.* act of forming nests and hatching and feeding the young.
Niece (nēs) *n.* a daughter of a brother or sister.
Niggard (nig′erd) *n.* a stingy person.
Niggardly (nig′erd-li) *a.* or *ad.* miserly; meanly saving.
Nigh (nī) *a.* near; allied closely;—*ad.* nearly; closely;—*prep.* near to.
Night (nīt) *n.* time when the sun is beneath the horizon; darkness; adversity; death.
Nightfall (nīt′fawl) *n.* close of day.
Nightingale (nīt′in-gāl) *n.* a small bird that sings at night.
Nightly (nīt′li) *a.* done by night;—*ad.* every night.
Nightmare (nīt′mār) *n.* sensation of weight about the breast in sleep.
Nightshade (nīt′shād) *n.* a family of narcotic or poisonous plants.
Night-watch (nīt′woch) *n.* guard at night.
Nigrescent (nī-gres′ent) *a.* becoming black.
Nihilism (nī′hil-izm) *n.* absolute scepticism; revolutionary communism.
Nimble (nim′bl) *a.* brisk; light and quick in motion.
Nimbleness (nim′bl-nes) *n.* briskness.
Nimbly (nim′bli) *ad.* with agility.
Nimbus (nim′bus) *n.* a rain cloud; a circle of rays round the head.
Nincompoop (nin′kom-pòòp) *n.* a silly fellow.
Nine (nīn) *a.* eight and one added. [times.
Nine-fold (nīn′fold) *a.* nine
Nineteen (nīn′tēn) *a.* nine and ten.
Ninetieth (nīn′ti-eth) *a.* ordinal of 90. [ten.
Ninety (nīn′ti) *a.* nine times
Ninny (nin′i) *n.* a simpleton.
Ninth (nīnth) *n.* the ordinal of nine.

Nip (nip) *v.t.* to pinch or bite off; blast; destroy;—*n.* a pinch; a cutting off; small glassful. [pincers.
Nippers (nip'ẹrz) *n.pl.* small
Nipple (nip'l) *n.* a teat.
Nit (nit) *n.* the egg of insects.
Nitrate (nī'trāt) *n.* a salt of nitric acid. [potash.
Nitre (nī'tẹr) *n.* nitrate of
Nitric (nī'trik) *a.* containing nitre.
Nitrogen (nī'tro-jen) *n.* an inodorous gas, the chief ingredient in common air.
Nitrous (nī'trus) *a.* pertaining to nitre. Also **Nitry.**
No (nō) *ad.* a word of denial or refusal;—*a.* not any; none.
Nobility (nō-bil'i-ti) *n.* dignity of mind; distinction of family or rank; body of nobles.
Noble (nō'bl) *a.* dignified from rank, intellect, or character; stately; generous;—*n.* a person of rank; peer.
Nobleman (nō'bl-man) *n.* a man of rank; a peer.
Nobleness (nō'bl-nes) *n.* greatness of mind; dignity; worth; splendour. [nobles.
Noblesse (nō-bles') *n.* body of
Nobly (nō'bli) *ad.* with greatness of soul; splendidly.
Nobody (nō'bod-i) *n.* not any person; a person of no importance.
Noctambulist (nok-tam'bū-list) *n.* one that walks in sleep.
Nocturn (nok'turn) *n.* a religious song for worship by night. [nightly.
Nocturnal (nok-tur'nal) *a.*
Nocturne (nok'tẹrn) *n.* a picture or a piece of music descriptive of a night scene.

Nod (nod) *v.t.* or *i.* to bend the head quickly, or in assent; be drowsy;—*n.* a quick inclination of the head. [knotted.
Nodated (nōd'āt-ed) *a.*
Noddle (nod'l) *n.* the head.
Noddy (nod'i) *n.* a simpleton; a sea-fowl easily taken.
Node (nōd) *n.* point where the orbit of a planet intersects the ecliptic.
Nodose (nōd'ōs) *a.* knotty.
Nodular (nod'ū-lẹr) *a.* in the form of a knot.
Nodule (nod'ūl) *n.* a small knot or lump. [cup.
Noggin (nog'in) *n.* a wooden
Noise (noiz) *n.* sound of any kind;—*v.i.* or *t.* to sound; spread by report.
Noiseless (noiz'les) *a.* making no noise.
Noisily (noiz'i-li) *ad.* with noise.
Noisome (noi'sum) *a.* offensive; injurious.
Noisy (noiz'i) *a.* clamorous; turbulent.
Nomad (nō'mad) *n.* one that leads a wandering and pastoral life.
Nomadic (nō-mad'ik) *a.* pastoral; wandering for pasturage; roving.
Nomenclature (nō'men-klā-tūr) *n.* the names appropriated to any art or science.
Nominal (nom'in-al) *a.* existing in name only; not real.
Nominally (nom'in-al-li) *ad.* in name only.
Nominate (nom'in-āt) *v.t.* to name, designate, or propose for office.
Nomination (nom-in-ā'shun) *n.* act of nominating; state of being nominated.